

HOLD A LONG SESSION

Council Meets, Officers Report and Much Talk Indulged In—Considerable Business Transacted.

The council met in regular monthly meeting last evening, all members being present except Ald. Altenburg. The following budget of estimated expenses of the city for the coming year, was read and upon motion of Ald. Atwell was referred to the finance committee to report upon at the next meeting, two weeks hence, a typewritten copy to be sent to each alderman within four days:

Gen. Fund—Salaries.....	4,600.00
Lighting.....	6,600.00
Rents.....	550.00
Band.....	300.00
Telephone.....	600.00
Hydrant rental.....	6,200.00
Printing.....	600.00
Registry and election.....	500.00
Insurance.....	100.00
Assessment and Bd. of Review.....	500.00
Miscellaneous.....	1,000.00
Poor fund.....	3,000.00
Street fund.....	8,000.00
Police fund.....	4,000.00
Fire fund.....	8,000.00
Bonds and interest.....	6,455.00
Library fund.....	2,000.00
Sinking fund.....	8,000.00

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS

Liquor licenses.....	\$ 9,640.00
Rent, fines and dog licenses.....	550.00
Telephone tax and tax collection fees.....	750.00
Pauper aid.....	100.00
Sidewalk repairs.....	250.00
Street improvement.....	800.00
Amount to be raised for ensuing year.....	48,865.00

\$ 60,955.00

The controller's report for the month of September showed that \$130.50 had been paid for pauper aid. Chief Hafsos presented his quarterly report, showing that \$90 had been collected from dog taxes and \$36.96 from fines for arrests made by the police. Municipal Judge Murat's quarterly report, accompanied by a check for \$165 for fines collected, was also read, and all were placed on file.

The treasurer's report shows that the general fund was overdrawn to the amount of \$2,674.23 on Oct. 1st, but that there was \$2,299.34 on hand in special funds.

The communication from the Industrial Board of Education, read at the last meeting, was again brought up. City Atty. Owen recommended that the communication be held over until it is put in proper shape, and said that the demand is mandatory upon the council, which must provide the funds, one-half of which will be paid back by the state. The one-half mill tax would amount to about \$1,800. Action was deferred until the next meeting.

An opinion from the city attorney relative to increasing the salary of the chief of the fire department and having him stationed at one of the fire houses, was opposed to such action. Ald. Wallace spoke in favor of hiring an extra man for the department, and Ald. Abb was still of the opinion that the chief should be on duty at all times. Ald. Wallace moved that another fireman be secured, his services to begin Jan. 1st, 1913. There was a tie vote on this motion, 5 to 5, and Mayor Walters voted in favor, declaring the motion carried.

In the schedule of claims was a bill of Chief of Police Hafsos for expenses at Madison, while taking the Pasteur cure after being bitten by a mad dog, amounting to \$49.71. A communication from Dr. von Neupert, Sr., city health officer, recommended that the bill be disallowed, but his motion received no second, neither did his motion to have the claim laid over. A bill from the Red Wing Sewer Pipe Co. for piping furnished the city, also brought a protest from Ald. Abb, and Ald. Leahy said that he had found some defective piping. An engineer from Marshfield had been brought here by the city to examine the piping, and about 90 feet had been rejected. The bill was for the balance of the piping furnished. The schedule of bills was then allowed, all voting in favor except Ald. Abb.

A bill from the Water Co. for \$113.18 for water furnished St. Stephen's school and for \$66.86 for St. Peter's school, was presented. It was explained that these bills are four times as high as when water was furnished on the flat rate and the matter was referred to the city attorney.

The school board budget, wherein \$100,000 is asked for a new high school, or \$40,000 for a ward building, drew forth a long discussion, L. R. Anderson and F. J. Blood presenting facts relative to the overcrowded condition of the schools, and Abb, Wallace and others entered into the discussion. Upon motion of Ald. Atwell the request was referred to the finance committee to report at the next meeting.

The resignation of J. C. Corcoran as weed commissioner, couched in language original with him, was read and accepted. The matter of presenting bills for the gutters and curbing recently built on Main street, was deferred until the next meeting.

The mayor spoke of the overdraft that has been made on the city treasury, and said that \$8,000 or \$10,000 extra should be placed in the budget for a couple of years to wipe out the deficit. Also that the amount recommended for street improvements can be reduced by one-half. Ald. Abb said he was opposed to making any reduction and wants the city's financial condition "placed on a cash basis."

The latter asked the mayor "What about a city clerk?" to which Mayor Walters replied that he had made an

appointment, which the council had refused to confirm, and he would "stand pat" upon his action. This also produced discussion, a reference to the statutes, etc., and the matter was finally referred to the city attorney for his opinion.

Controller Rogers said there was an error in the report previously made by him relative to the city finances, which would materially change the situation, but he would have a complete and corrected report at the next meeting. An adjournment was taken for two weeks.

CRUSHED BY TIMBER

Young Resident of North Side Fatally Hurt While at Work on Soo Line—Body Brought Here.

While unloading timbers from a car at Gilman, a station on the Duluth branch of the Soo near Owen, last Sunday morning at about 9 o'clock, a heavy block of wood fell on Felix Dojak of this city, crushing his hip and injuring him internally. He was taken to Ladysmith for medical attendance and later conveyed to the hospital at Marshfield, but his hurts were so severe that he died Monday.

The body was brought to Stevens Point on a limited train Tuesday morning and is now at the home of his parents, 322 Wadleigh street, North Side. Felix was 20 years of age the 16th of last May. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Dojak, lived on a farm in Hull township until a few weeks ago, when they sold their property and bought the place on Wadleigh street. Two sisters, Mrs. Aug. Baker and Miss Helen Dojak, are residents of this city. Funeral services will be held at St. Peter's church at 8 o'clock Thursday morning, with interment in the parish cemetery. The young man had been employed with the steam shovel crew since last spring.

Canned Goods Explode.

Residents on Mill street between Strong's avenue and Water street were startled at an early hour the other morning by a report as if made by a cannon. Enquiries were made later in the day and upon investigation it was found that the noise emanated from the basement of C. F. Haertel's home. Mrs. Haertel had "put up" a number of cans of tomatoes, one or more of which had got to "working" during the night and when sufficient gas or acid had accumulated, an explosion followed. A considerable quantity of fruit and vegetables was destroyed and the basement floor was a sight to behold.

DISCUSS PORTAGE BRANCH

Pass. Agent Pond Meets Local People Friday Evening—May Put Coach on Freight.

A recommendation to the Soo general office at Minneapolis that a passenger coach be put on the Portage branch was the direct result of a meeting of local business and professional men with Assistant Gen. Pass. Agent Jas. C. Pond and Supt. C. E. Urbahn at the council chambers last Friday evening. The meeting was called primarily to discuss with Mr. Pond the matter of an additional passenger train for the branch and many reasons were given as to the advisability of better service. The Soo officials argued, however, that the train now in commission was earning an average of only 75 cents per mile and they doubted whether another train would boost the traffic sufficiently to make both trains pay a margin above operating expenses. This would be especially true during the winter months, when passenger travel drops off considerably, and Mr. Pond suggested that action be deferred until next March, when the request might be renewed with a possibility of its being granted and the experiment tried during the summer months at least.

It will be remembered that citizens of Portage recently appealed to the state railroad commission on account of the alleged inadequate service and asked that the railroad company be compelled to put on another train. A member of the commission has made one or more trips over the line and gathered data concerning the business done, but their conclusions have not been announced as yet.

Mayor Walters, Judge Park and several other leading local citizens discussed the question informally and concluded that because of our people's friendly feeling towards the Soo, no drastic action should be taken, but, instead, a letter was prepared and forwarded to the company officials at Minneapolis.

Another train arriving here in the morning and leaving for the south at 5:30 or 6 o'clock p. m. would unquestionably prove a boon to our business interests and many also believe that it would initiate enough additional travel to well pay the railroad company.

Was in Bitter Root Valley.

Fred Campbell, for several years a rural mail carrier, his territory being north and west from this city, but who went to Montana in May, 1909, returned last week and will remain indefinitely at his old home in the town of Carson. Fred spent most of his time in the much advertised Bitter Root valley, where fruit of all kinds is grown in abundance. The climate there is as near perfect as can be found anywhere under the stars and stripes, but if one expected to make a fortune at fruit raising he is doomed to disappointment. The nearest market being 500 miles or more away, it costs nearly as much to transport the products as can be realized for them.

THE WISCONSIN SYNOD

Three Days Session of Presbyterians to be Held in This City Next Week, Commencing Tuesday.

The sixty-first annual gathering of the Wisconsin Synod of the Presbyterian church will convene in this city on Tuesday next and hold a three days' session. The meetings will be held at the Frame Memorial Presbyterian church and the program for each day is given in full as follows:

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1912.
7:30 p. m. Sermon, "The Sufficiency of our Salvation," by the retiring moderator, Rev. S. L. McKee, West Salem. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, the Moderator presiding, assisted by Rev. J. A. Melrose, Rice Lake, and Ernest C. Henke, Baraboo. The Synod constituted with prayer. Organization of Synod; roll call; election of officers. Report of the committee on arrangements. Recess.

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1912.
Morning Session—8:30 a. m. Business; reading of minutes of yesterday; completion of the roll; appointment of temporary committees by the Moderator; reception and reference of communications; records of the Presbyteries presented for review; reading and reference of the treasurer's report. The General Assembly minutes, report by Rev. Louis P. Peeke, Fond du Lac. The Narrative and Necrology, report by Rev. J. L. Marquis, Neenah.

9:30 a. m. The University Pastor, report by Rev. Geo. E. Hunt, D. D., Madison. 10:35 a. m. Devotional Exercises, conducted by Rev. Paul B. Jenkins, D. D., Milwaukee. 10:20 a. m. The College Board, Rev. W. O. Carrier, D. D., chairman, Waukesha. 11:00 a. m. Education, Rev. W. A. Ganfield, D. D., chairman, Waukesha. 11:30 a. m. Wisconsin Home Missions, Rev. R. S. Donaldson, chairman, Milwaukee. 12:10 p. m. Recess.

Afternoon Session—1:30 p. m. Presbyterial meetings. 2:30 p. m. Business resumed; "Home Mission Efficiency," a discussion conducted by the chairman of the Home Mission Committee and others. 4:00 p. m. Devotional Exercises, conducted by Rev. Paul B. Jenkins, D. D. 4:15 p. m. The Laymen's Hour: Addresses to be given by the following named: "The Economy of Inter-Church Cooperation in Boys' Work," Ruling Elder S. F. Shattuck, Neenah; "The Church and Civic Problems," Mr. Ray N. Van Doren, Merrill; "Church Finance," Ruling Elder Wm. M. Post, Nat. Exchange Bank, Milwaukee; "Smoothing Things for the Minister," Ruling Elder Frank R. Upham, Marshfield. 5:45 p. m. Recess.

Evening Session—7:30 p. m. Popular meeting, addressed by Rev. Clair S. Adams, Monmouth, Ill., "The Church and Country Life."

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1912.

Morning Session—8:30 a. m. Resumption of business. Reading the minutes of yesterday. Report of committees on bills and overtures; finance; judicial; re-arrangement of Presbyterial boundaries; uniform character for the incorporation of churches. 9:00 a. m. Young People's societies, Rev. R. J. McLandress, chm. 9:15 a. m. Publication and Sunday School Work, Rev. R. J. McLandress, chm. 9:55 a. m. Devotions, Rev. Paul B. Jenkins, D. D. 10:10 a. m. Evangelistic Work, Rev. Paul B. Jenkins, D. D. 10:30 a. m. Temperance and Sabbath Observance, Rev. Leonard Calvert, chm., Westfield. 11:00 a. m. Foreign Missions, Rev. S. N. Wilson, D. D., chm., Reedsburg. 12:00 p. m. Recess.

Afternoon Session—1:30 p. m. Presbyterial meetings. 2:30 p. m. Resumption of business; reading of forenoon's minutes; fixing place of next meeting; election of trustee in place of Judge Elbert O. Hand, Racine, whose term expires. 3:00 p. m. Report of any regular or special committee that may not have been docketed. Report of the delegates to the Federation of Churches. 3:30 p. m. Address, "Foreign Missions," by Rev. William R. King, D. D., Monmouth, Ill. Addresses are to be given by representatives of the temperance committee, executive commission and other agencies of the Assembly. Final reading of the minutes. Adjournment.

Evening Session—7:30 p. m. Popular meeting, addressed by Rev. Cleland B. McAfee, D. D., Chicago, subject, "Some Present Needs of Christ."

Eighteen Were Arrested.

During the month of September eighteen arrests were made by the local police department. Of these twelve paid their fines, three were committed to jail at hard labor, one was ordered to leave the city, and one, arrested for violating his parole, was sentenced by Judge Park to the Green Bay reformatory for one year. Fines collected by the chief of police during the month amounted to \$15.85.

WILL RUN INDEPENDENT

D. I. Sickelsteel Will Make the Race for District Attorney in the Independent Column.

D. I. Sickelsteel, who was a candidate in the primaries for district attorney on the Republican ticket, has determined to become a candidate for that office at the election in November and his name will appear in the independent column—the last column of the ticket containing the names of state, congressional, legislative and county candidates. At the primary Mr. Sickelsteel received a sufficient number of votes to place his name in that column, and has decided to allow it to be printed on the official ballot.

A SAD DEATH IN ALMOND

Little Twelve Year Old Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Burns Meets With Fatal Accident.

There was a most shocking accident at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Burns, in the town of Almond, at about 9:30 o'clock last Thursday evening, resulting in the death of their daughter, Anna Martina, who was 12 years of age on the 2d of September. Little "Nannie," as she was always called, occupied a room on the second floor with her younger brother, and at the time above mentioned it is supposed that he awakened her for a drink, the family having retired early. She arose to grant his request and struck a match with which to light a lamp that stood on a dresser. The lighted match or a spark from the same dropped to the floor; and instantly the little girl's night dress was aflame. With a cry of "fire," which she repeated several times, Nannie ran through the hallway to an adjoining room occupied by two older sisters, and about this time Mr. Burns, who had heard the alarm, dashed up the stairway with a pail of water and put out the flames, which Jas. Keegan, who has been a member of the family for the past three years, had previously quite successfully smothered with blankets.

The little girl was quickly carried down stairs by her father, home remedies being applied, and Dr. Rock of Bancroft and Dr. Cooper of Almond summoned by telephone. The former arrived within an hour and everything possible was done. Strange to say the patient did not complain of pain, talked freely with the other members of the family and others about her, and when Mr. Burns left in the early morning for this city to secure a trained nurse, she assured him that she would be better when he returned. Her assurance proved too true, as a sudden change followed and the little soul took its flight to its Maker.

The upper part of the child's body was burned by the flames, her arms and across the center of the back, but her face, feet and hands escaped. Her long hair had been put into two braids when she retired for the night, and this was also partially burned off. When Mr. Burns threw the water to quench the fire, the charred remnants of her outing flannel, nightgown fell to the floor with the water. Later the carpet was found on fire, as were also the two blankets used by young Keegan in putting out the fire. Little Nannie was an exceptionally bright child, loved by all for her kindness and goodness of heart, and her sad death is sincerely mourned by her fond parents, two sisters and one brother, Stella, Alice and John, aged 14, 10 and 8 years respectively.

The funeral took place from the Catholic church in the town of Almond at 10 o'clock Monday morning, Rev. J. E. Meagher officiating, and was very largely attended by sympathizing friends. The pallbearers were Russell Phillips, Gordon Russell, Mathew Brady, Frank Smith, Harold Patterson and Jas. Keegan. The honorary bearers were Ruth Brady, Helen Burns, Agnes Niebalski, Clara and Mildred Russell, Gertrude Patterson.

To write the obituary of a good child in the way it should be written, would require the services of an angel. The death of this one was the most sorrowful and distressing that has occurred in the community for many years. Language and words of sympathy are unable to express the gloom of sorrow that came to her many friends, old and young, when the news of this sudden death was heard.

Floral offerings were made as follows: Gates ajar and cross, family; wreath, Mr. and Mrs. Nick Burns and Mrs. Margaret Anderson; lilies and carnations, Mrs. John Dorsha; asters and roses, Helen, Rachael and May Burns; carnations and ferns, catechism class; chrysanthemums and daisies, Catherine Turish; carnations and ferns, Jay Tice; carnations and ferns, Dr. and Mrs. C. F. Campbell; carnations and ferns, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Abb; asters, Mrs. A. A. Rock; glad-olias, Mrs. G. G. and Lauretta Schilling; carnations and ferns, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Schilling; daisies, Mrs. S. Kollack; asters and sweet peas, Garrie Webster; roses, Mr. and Mrs. Matt. Fisher; asters, Mrs. John Hetzel; geraniums, Marie Russell; carnations and ferns, Mrs. J. E. Phillips and Dr. E. F. Burns.

Has Returned to Seattle.

Miss Tina Johnston, a former teacher in the public schools of this city and a member of the Old White School Association, but who is now the editor of the Catholic Northwest Progress, at Seattle, Wash., has returned to her home after visiting with relatives at Rochester and Buffalo, N. Y., and with her sister, Mrs. M. C. Quinn, in Chicago. The latter is now 81 years of age and in the enjoyment of excellent health. While in Chicago Miss Johnston had the pleasure of meeting a number of old acquaintances and former Stevens Pointers, including Mrs. Duncan McGregor and son, Dr. John D. McGregor, Henry L. Green, Miss Jennie Dignum, Clay C. Cooper and Ignatius Ennis, the latter being one of the legal lights of the "windy city." She promises to come east again next year and will visit Stevens Point.

Married at Schofield.

Nicholas McClosky of this city and Miss Harriet McPhail of Schofield were married at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. McPhail, last Thursday, Rev. Wm. Gould officiating. A number of friends of the young couple from Wausau, Merrill, Nekosia and other places were present.

Married in Minneapolis.

Miss Ida Halverson of this city and Roy McKinney of Minneapolis were married in the latter city on Saturday evening, Sept. 14th, at 8 o'clock, Rev. G. L. Solberg officiating. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ole Halverson, who resides on St. Louis avenue, West Side, and a sister of Mrs. Robt. Rowe, and spent most of her life in this city. The groom is a substantial young resident of Minneapolis, where they will continue to make their home, with well wishes from many friends of the bride here and elsewhere.

Captures a Chicago Bride.

William Johnston Leonard and Miss Elizabeth Katherine Weber were married in Chicago at 4 o'clock last Wednesday afternoon, Sept. 25th, by Father Morrison of the Church of the Nativity. The ceremony was private on account of the recent death of the bride's mother, and a wedding dinner followed at the home of Mrs. M. C. Quinn, grandmother of the groom, 3538 Lexington street, where the young man has resided for the past twelve years.

The groom is the elder son of Mrs. W. J. Leonard of this city and is now a division chief of the Western Union Telegraph Co. in Chicago. He is an exceptionally bright and capable young man, a fact that is recognized by all who know him in Stevens Point, and has been most successful in Chicago. The bride is the only daughter of the late Joseph and Katherine Weber and is no doubt an excellent young lady. They will reside in Congress Park, a suburb of the city, where the groom recently purchased and furnished a modern home.

YOUNG LIFE SUMMONED

Bessie Bakens Dies Unexpectedly at Her Home on Strong's Avenue—Funeral Tuesday.

When Death claims for its victim one who is in the spring time of life, general sympathy is aroused, and when that victim is a favorite with her friends and acquaintances, the loss is especially deeply felt. This proved to be the case when announcement of the death of Miss Bessie Bakens was made last Friday morning. The young lady had suffered for the past couple of years with diabetes, but was able to be about all of the time, in fact feeling well enough to assume a position as saleslady in the Home Stores Co., when it opened up in August, and worked there up to last Wednesday evening. However, when getting ready to go to her work Thursday morning, she became so ill that she was obliged to return to bed, her sudden attack being brought on by a cold which she had contracted. Miss Bakens continued to grow worse during the day and at about two o'clock in the afternoon became unconscious, in which condition she remained to the end. She passed away at 1:50 o'clock Friday morning.

Bessie Marie Bakens was the younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Bakens, 718 Strong's avenue, and was born in this city January 30, 1891, being therefore nearly twenty-two years of age. She attended the public school and the high school until about two years ago, when she withdrew. The young lady was a petite and charming young person and made and retained friends easily, and her taking away will be deeply regretted by all. Besides her parents, she is survived by one sister, Mrs. Chas. Winkler of this city.

The funeral was held from the residence at 3 o'clock Monday afternoon, Rev. James Blake of the Baptist church officiating, followed by interment in Forest cemetery. There were many beautiful floral offerings and many friends, both from home and out of the city, were present to pay their last respects. Those who came from away were Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Johnson and daughter, Miss Evelyn, Chippewa Falls; Mr. and Mrs. C. Beedie and son, Lowell, Knowlton; Mrs. Florence Laybourn, Three Forks, Mont.; Miss Jessie Marshall, Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Edward Peltier, Grand Rapids, and the Misses Elizabeth and Hilda Meckler, Marshfield. The pallbearers were Myron Emmons, Alfred Menzel, Ward Sawyer, Chas. Miller, Everett Smith and John Beedie, the latter of Eau Claire.

Handsome North Side House.

Within the past few years a number of handsome homes have been erected on the North Side, or what is more generally known as the Fourth ward. What promises to be the equal of any, and may surpass them in many respects, is now being constructed by John J. Bukolt, the automatic cradle manufacturer. It is located at the corner of N. Second street and Fourth avenue, diagonally across from St. Peter's church. The basement walls are of cement, blocks being used for that portion which will be exposed to the streets and the balance was poured directly into molds. The basement is 7½ feet in height, covering ground space 30x40 feet, and above this will be erected a two story frame residence to contain thirteen rooms, besides closets and halls. Heat will be supplied from a hot air furnace. Water, gas, electric light and other modern features will be installed.

The cement work is now nearly finished and with favorable weather the building will be enclosed this fall. Mr. Bukolt is superintending the construction and employees of his factory will do most of the carpenter work.

His present home was moved to the rear of the lot and as soon as the new house is completed the older structure will be moved a block north and west to Fifth avenue. Mr. Bukolt sold the building to Frank Jazbowski.

SELLS FARM OF 456 ACRES

A. E. Dafeo Closes Deal Involving \$32,000—Returns Here With Family.

As noted in our Dancy correspondence last week, A. E. Dafeo has sold his big farm just south of that station and is again a resident of Stevens Point. He and his family returned here the first of the week and they are now getting located in a modern house owned by R. K. McDonald on Brawley street, just east of Pine street. Mr. Dafeo will purchase a home here if he can find desirable property.

The Dafeo farm was bought by Chas. Milward, a former resident of Dane county and a brother of Prof. Milward, who delivered a talk on potato culture before the Business Men's meeting last spring. The purchase includes 456 acres of land, a good house, barns and numerous other buildings, growing crops, 54 head of cattle and six horses. Consideration was \$32,000. Mr. Dafeo takes in exchange a 107 acre farm formerly owned and occupied by Mr. Milward and located eight miles south of Madison.

There are six children in the Milward family and as the head of the household is an exceptionally progressive farmer, his removal to this section will prove a valuable addition to Portage county.

Mr. Dafeo still owns two hundred or more acres of land north of here, much of which will be developed into first-class farming soil.

To Retire on Pension.

Thos. Combs, for many years section foreman on the Soo line, with headquarters in this city, was 70 years of age Sept. 20th and according to the rules of the railroad company he will be retired on a pension. As soon as the necessary formalities are completed with Wm. Manthey, who has been in charge of the Plover section, which includes the paper mill tracks. Mr. Manthey makes his home here. His successor at Plover may be Mike Hoerter, now located at Westfield but also a former Stevens Pointer.

IS HE SANE OR INSANE

This Is the Question to Be Decided in the Case of H. A. Schumacher of Marshfield.

As stated in The Gazette last Wednesday, the coroner's jury selected to enquire into the death of Miss Aurella Faber, the Amherst school teacher, visited the village that afternoon, but since then have never been in session nor heard testimony, although they adjourned until last Saturday forenoon at 9 o'clock. The reason for this is that on Friday Dr. Adin Sherman, superintendent of the Northern Hospital at Oshkosh, came here and together with Dr. E. H. Rogers of this city, examined H. A. Schumacher, or Schumacher, who is charged with the crime of abortion, or being accessory thereto, as to his sanity.

The examining physicians gave their opinion that Schumacher is insane, as he appeared to be at that time, but since then the man has recovered materially from his nervous condition and Dist. Atty. Nelson has decided to hold another examination, the date of which has not been determined, owing to the approaching term of circuit court. If at this time Schumacher is found sane, he will be vigorously prosecuted under the statutes. In the meantime the man from Marshfield is one of Sheriff Guyant's star boarders.

Has Gone to Brooklyn.

Rev. E. M. Thompson boarded Tuesday afternoon's train for Brooklyn, N. Y., where he will become pastor of St. James' congregation. The departure of Father Thompson is keenly regretted but the blessings of all are wished him in his new and larger field of labor. A successor as pastor of the local Episcopal church has not as yet been secured. Miss Ella Thompson, the reverend gentleman's sister, will leave here in a few days for Indianapolis, Ind.

HAL. R. MARTIN MARRIED

Former Stevens Point Young Man is Joined in Wedlock to Miss Lillian Butler at Madison.

Harold R. Martin, son of Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Martin, formerly of Stevens Point, but who now reside at Madison, and Miss Lillian Butler of that city, were quietly married at the home of the bride's parents at 6 o'clock last Saturday evening, only the immediate relatives being present on account of the illness of the bride's father.

The groom spent all of his life in this city prior to a few years ago, when the family moved to Madison, and is a graduate of our Normal, class of 1907, and last June graduated from the law department of the state university, being now engaged in the practice of his profession. "Hal," by which name he is best known in this community, is an exceptionally bright young man, and during his school life here and at Madison was a leader in debates and oratory, being an eloquent speaker, having a rich, powerful voice and a fine command of language. He is destined to prove a success in his chosen profession. The bride has always resided in the Capitol city, is a bright, estimable young lady and for some time has been employed as a stenographer there. The young couple are enjoying their honeymoon with friends at different points in Illinois, leaving soon after their marriage, but will make Madison their future home.

Are You a Progressive?

Do you want a President of the United States who will be obligated to no other interest than that of the people, and who will place the welfare of the country before that of the exploiters?

If you do, you should freely contribute your share toward the success of Woodrow Wilson, who is depending on you and not upon your enemies to finance the cause he represents—which is YOUR CAUSE!

Fill out the following blank and send it to The Gazette with your contribution:

To the Editor of The Gazette:

As a believer in the progressive ideals of government represented in the candidacy of Woodrow Wilson for President of the United States, and to the end that he may take the office free-handed, untrammelled, and obligated to none but the people of the country, I wish to contribute through you, to be forwarded to Governor Wilson, the sum of \$..... toward the expenses of his campaign.

Name.....

Address.....

The Gazette will publish the names of all subscribers to the fund as the money is received, unless they instruct not to do so. It will be transmitted to National Treasurer Rolla Wells, who will send each contributor a handsomely lithographed receipt.

Address all subscriptions to the "Wilson Campaign Fund," care of this paper. Make cheques payable to that fund. Send in your subscription at once, no matter if it be \$1.00, \$100 or \$1,000.

Here Next Saturday.

Dr. Lee, the well known specialist, who will be in Stevens Point, Saturday, Oct. 5th, at Hotel Jacobs, is gaining for himself a great reputation. His practice is strictly limited to chronic diseases and he is careful to accept for treatment only such cases as he knows he can reasonably cure. The doctor has back of him an experience of over thirty years and is noted for his honesty in dealing with his patients. If you suffer from any disease that is slowly undermining your health, it will not be amiss to consult him.

Dr. Lee is well and favorably known throughout the state and will make regular trips to this city in order that he may give his best service to his many patients. Advertisement.

Gave Them a Surprise.

A very pleasant surprise was given the ladies of Plover W. R. C. by Plover Post in their hall, a few evenings ago. After the corps had been called to order and business taken up, a committee from the Post was ushered in, saying that the presence of the ladies was requested in their room, to answer a question which would come up.

Forming in a line of march, the Corps followed the Post members to their quarters. Words fail to express the surprise on every face when the ladies saw two long tables loaded with a bountiful spread. After all were seated and getting busy, President Etta Gilman rose to her feet and remarked that the ladies were to answer a "question" and asked what it was. The chairman of the committee, Mr. Blaisdell, replied "It is simply this, ladies, 'How do you like it?'" The ladies responded with cheers and fitting remarks. The meal was then finished with a feeling of thankfulness and appreciation to the boys, assuring them that all similar invitations would be thankfully accepted.



Keeps Your Stove "Always Ready for Company"

A bright, clean, glossy stove is the joy and pride of every housekeeper. But it is hard to keep a stove nice and shiny—unless Black Silk Stove Polish is used.

Here is the reason: Black Silk Stove Polish sticks right to the iron. It doesn't rub off or dust off. Its shine lasts four times longer than the shine of any other polish. You only need to polish one-fourth as often, yet your stove will be cleaner, brighter and better looking than it has been since you first bought it. Use

BLACK SILK STOVE POLISH

on your parlor stove, kitchen stove or range. Get a can from your hardware dealer. If you do not, read it better than any other stove polish you have ever used before. Your dealer is authorized to refund your money. But we feel sure you will agree with the thousands of other happy-stove women who are now using Black Silk Stove Polish and who say it is the "best stove polish ever made."

LIQUID OR PASTE ONE QUALITY

Be sure to get the genuine. Black Silk Stove Polish costs you no more than the ordinary kind. Keep your grates, registers, fenders and stove doors bright and free from soot by using BLACK SILK AIR-DRYING ENAMEL. Brush free with each can of enamel only.

Use BLACK SILK METAL POLISH for silverware, nickel, tinware or brass. It works quickly, easily, and leaves a brilliant surface. It has no equal for use on automobiles.

Black Silk Stove Polish Works

STERLING, ILLINOIS



THEY BECOME RECONCILED

Man Charged With Abandonment, Again in Family Circle—Other Cases in Justice Court.

Rudolph Krueger, who was brought back from Minneapolis the first of last week on the charge of abandonment, was arraigned before Justice Park, Thursday morning, and was allowed to return to the "bosom of his family" on his own recognizance, as recommended by Dist. Atty. Nelson. In the meantime the husband and wife had become reconciled. Although the case was adjourned to Dec. 27th, it is expected there will be no further prosecution, providing Krueger remains at home and cares for his family.

The man who was brought back from Chicago, where he was arrested on the charge of passing a forged check for \$35 on Leo Boyanowski, and whose alias is Albert Miller, was arraigned before Justice Frydrychowicz Thursday morning, where he entered a plea of not guilty and was bound over for trial to the circuit court. Bail was fixed at the sum of \$1,000, which he was unable to furnish, and was remanded to the county jail.

Mrs. Henry Blood of the town of Plover was the complainant in a case against her husband, whom she charged with assault and battery. Henry professed to be innocent of so dastardly an offense when arraigned before Justice Frydrychowicz, and his examination was adjourned until next Saturday morning.

Coupons in Every Sack.

Try a sack of Pagel's Best fancy patent flour, made from hard spring wheat. Coupons in every sack which will apply on silverware, white and blue enamel ware, also crockery. We have just received a large barrel of fancy decorated scallops. If the flour is not satisfactory money will be refunded. Advertisement.

More Tariff Facts.

Why do protectionists never point to Italy as an illustration of how excessive tariff rates "protect" the common people?

Italy is one of the most highly protected countries of Europe. It is famous as a country "flowing with milk and honey."

Yet they never talk about Italy, do the upward revisionists.

While in Italy three years ago, the writer learned at first hand some of the reasons why our protectionists never say, "Look at Italy."

Italy puts heavy duties on both agricultural and manufactured imports. She pays her people exceedingly low wages. She charges them very high prices for the necessities of life. They emigrate in large numbers.

To understand the situation clearly we must go back to 1887. About that time a violent revolution in the system of Italian custom was brought about. A powerful political group of textile manufacturers joined forces for their own ends with a powerful political group of large landowners. Tariffs were heavily increased. But not on everything. That powerful band of textile manufacturers took good care that lesser manufacturers, who made articles needed in the textile factories, were not enabled to put up their prices.

Hand in hand with the powerful manufacturers the big landowners came out "for a slice of the tariff pie." In order that they should be sufficiently compensated for being in politics, the landowners had a heavy tax placed on wheat. In Italy it is only the big landowners who grow wheat. Three out of every four landowners in Italy are possessors of small properties, cultivating fruit for wine. They have to buy a considerable part of the wheat they eat. So it happened that where one large wheat farmer got bigger profits, three small fruit farmers got hit. That is the way protection invariably works out. What is one man's protection is another man's poison.

Hark, however, this further result of the Italian tax on wheat: Millions of Italians never eat wheat bread, except in cases of illness or on special festivals. They make a bread maize. In this and in other respects the standard of living of the Italian people is very low, because prices are too high.

An enormous fiscal and protective tax was also put upon sugar. The prices rose so high that Italian farmers watched their "oranges, peaches, lemons and other products of a warm and generous sun rot on their trees in order that the 33 manufacturers of the sugar syndicate might levy upon consumers a yearly tribute."

Far and away the chief of the Italian industries are silk reeling and silk growing. These industries have been seriously hampered by protection. And Italy is the home of the silk worm.

One of the chief troubles of Italy is that the general rise in prices has so greatly lessened the purchasing power of the wages of the people that the great mass of the small dealers and the workmen and women suffer bitterly.

It is calculated that while ten Italians lose by protection, only one stands any chance of gaining. He does not always gain for the country does not progress. The interests of Italy are sacrificed to the one in ten.

In other words, excessive tariffs increased the cost of living to the Italian people just as the Payne-Aldrich law is increasing the cost of living in the United States.

Is it any wonder that the protectionists never ask us to "look at Italy?"

Both are Right.

Theodore Roosevelt, candidate for a third term as president, said recently: "Taft now represents the bosses, and the Republican party is composed of them and the vested interests of the country."

And President Taft said: "Roosevelt is not a Republican, but represents a one-man party whose chief advisers are the harvester and steel trust magnates."

Senator LaFollette of Wisconsin, also a Republican, says both Taft and Roosevelt are telling the truth about each other. And LaFollette has had enough experience with both Messrs. Taft and Roosevelt to know what he is talking about.

The answer is: "Win With Wilson."

More Local.

Use IVORY Wall Plaster.

Walter Beach, one of Plainfield's business men, spent a couple of days in this city the last of the week.

Eugene Hein left for Chicago last Thursday morning to again take up his studies at the Northwestern Dental College.

Miss Rose Britz of Stockton returned home the last of the week after spending several days with friends at Knowlton and Mosinee.

Miss Merle Raymond entertained the young lady members of the Stick-tite club at her home on Water street, last Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Sam Feldman of Plainfield visited her sister, Miss Ida Glover, on Thursday last, while on her way for a short stay at Weyauwega.

Miss Evelyn Glennon left for Salisbury, Mo., last Thursday morning, to visit among relatives there and other points for two or three weeks.

Ladies, when wanting embroidery silks of any kind, D. M. C. cotton for Irish crochet, etc., call at Langenberg's art store, 145 Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. John Huno, who had been visiting at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs. G. W. Hein, returned to Chicago on Thursday last.

Miss Rose Weltman, who teaches at Wautoma, spent the latter half of last week at her home in this city, her school being closed on account of the fair.

Miss Rose Tovrog of this city, a graduate of the Normal, succeeds the late Miss Faber of Marshfield as teacher of German and English in the Amherst High school.

Harry Powell left for Manitowoc last Friday to visit for a week or more with former base ball associates in that city, he having played in the Lake Shore league at one time.

Lyman Coppes has resumed his studies at Rush Medical College, Chicago, and was accompanied to the big city on Friday by his mother, Mrs. E. M. Coppes, who visited there a few days.

Miss Ella Mullen left for Marshall, Minn., last Saturday morning, to accept a position as stenographer in the law offices of Davis & Michel at that place. Miss Mullen had been in the offices of Fisher, Hanna & Cashin for the past couple of years.

Mrs. Ellen Carpenter and son, Byron, left last Friday morning, the former to visit for a couple of days with her sister, Mrs. Wm. McMullin, and at Fond du Lac, and the latter to proceed to Ann Arbor, Mich., where he has enrolled in the law department of the University of Michigan.

Miss Elfrida Pagel attained the sixteenth anniversary of her birth last Thursday, and that evening her mother, Mrs. H. H. Pagel, entertained ten of her girl friends. They first attended the theatre and thereafter games were played and refreshments served at the residence on Clark street.

H. J. Finch, A. E. Larson, Wm. Moll and Andy Klug drove down to Wautoma in the Finch car, last Thursday, and spent a few hours at the fair. The day was raw and chilly, the attendance was small and it was noticeable that the great Wausara county fair is not what it was a few years ago.

Unlike the several entertainments that had been given at the Grand this fall, "The Kissing Princess" was not what it was advertised to be. The company was only about one-half as large as promised and most of them acted as though they had but recently been released from the kindergarten.

Harold J. Week, who had been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. A. Week, left for Lake Geneva on Thursday last for a short stay with his wife and little daughter before leaving for his home at San Benito, Texas, to be joined later by his family. His brother-in-law, Dwight Allen of Lake Geneva, will accompany him.

Popular Hotel Man.

Wm. E. Ross, head clerk at Hotel Sellers since the first of this year, has gone to Fond du Lac, where he took possession of the Forest Avenue Hotel on Monday, having purchased the furnishings and leased the property for five years. The hotel is operated on the American plan. Mr. Ross is a first-class hotel man, well known to the traveling public, popular with all and at one time managed the Palmer House in the same city. He will be joined by his family, who reside at Oconto.

McDill Residence Burned.

The residence of Earl Smart, at McDill, was destroyed by fire last Friday night, together with nearly all the contents. The family, which consisted of Mr. Smart, wife and four children, all of whom were sleeping on the first floor, were awakened at about 11:30 by noises from the rooms above, the entire upper portion of the building being ablaze, and although all had time to escape in safety, they were able to save but little in addition to the clothing that had been placed in the rooms occupied. Mr. Smart carried an insurance of \$850 on house and contents, which will partially pay the loss.

Study Cost of Living.

A course on prices and the cost of living will be given at the University of Wisconsin this year. The new course, which will be in charge of Prof. R. H. Hess, will be concerned with a detailed study of price and marketing conditions in the United States during the last twenty years. How the middleman takes the profit from the producer will be one of the interesting facts brought out.

As a study of all products can not be undertaken in a course of this kind, attention will be given to the three great products, wheat, cotton and meat, which tipify market and price changes in general. The reasons why the price of meat has advanced about four per cent, a year during the last twenty years, and how systems of marketing influence the price of products are two important topics that will be treated.

If our protective system is not the "substantial" explanation of the abnormal increase in the cost of living in the United States, how does it come that British prices, under free trade, increased but 7.7 per cent. in ten years, while American prices, under protection, increased 34.3 per cent?

ASK FOR A LARGE SUM

School Board Wants \$100,000 for New High School, or in Lieu Thereof \$40,000 for Ward School.

The board of education held a meeting last Wednesday evening, nine members being present, the absentees being Martin, Pasternacki and Todd.

A letter from H. L. Terry, state High school inspector, relative to the unsanitary condition of the old church building at the corner of Church and Clark streets, used for school purposes, was read. A similar but much milder report was before the board at a recent meeting, being in the form of a recommendation from the state health department. Mr. Terry's letter, however, is to the effect that the building must not be used for school purposes after Sept. 1, 1913, otherwise the state aid to the city schools, amounting to from \$7,000 to \$9,000 annually, will be withheld until its use is discontinued. The law gives the inspector the power to act as he says will be done, and it is now up to the council to make provisions for better school accommodations for the several score of pupils who are compelled to go to the old quarters.

The committee on finance then made the following report, the same being signed by R. A. Cook, who was the only member of the committee present, but the other members, Martin and Pasternacki, signed later:

Your committee on finance recommend the following amounts necessary to be raised for school purposes the coming year:

Supt. and teachers' salaries	\$31,000.00
Janitors' salaries	3,500.00
Clerk, treasurer and chm. of teachers' com. salaries	275.00
Repairs and supplies	6,100.00
Fuel	2,550.00
Telephones	170.00
Light and power	575.00
Insurance	300.00
New High school	100,000.00
Less state aid	9,000.00
	\$185,470.00

The report also recommended an appropriation of \$40,000 for a ward school on the Second ward grounds, in lieu of the \$100,000 for a High school.

There was a free expression of opinion from the members present, all of whom realize the need of more school room at the present time and know the crowded condition of most of the departments and wards. Mr. Dittman said he would rather favor the appropriation of \$100,000 for a High school than \$40,000 for a ward building. Upon motion of Mr. Anderson, the communication of Mr. Terry was referred to the finance committee, to make such use of as they see fit, and the recommendations made in their budget referred to the council.

Mr. Anderson, as chairman of the teachers' committee, recommended that Frank J. Steckel of Menomonie be engaged for the manual training department at \$100 per month and Ruth Hamilton as assistant domestic science teacher at \$40. Mr. Simonson objected to the latter salary, but soon withdrew his objections and the report was adopted unanimously.

Supt. Roberts reported that the second grade had been discontinued in the Third ward school, as there were but three pupils and these had been sent to other buildings. A bill for \$188 for tuition sent to the town of Plover, had been returned, as part of it is chargeable to the village, and it has been corrected by Clerk Blood.

A request from the superintendent for another supply of pencils for the grades, more reference books in civics and a uniform size of examination paper for the High school, was granted, after which the board adjourned.

School Report.

District No. 5, towns of Plover and Buena Vista, for month ending September 13, 1912. Average daily attendance, 11; number of visitors, 8; those not absent during the month, Nellie Taylor and Mary Whittaker; those absent one day or less, Bessie and Kenneth Hale, Florence and Willis Prain. Bessie Sawyer, Teacher.

THEY WANT DAMAGES

Testimony in Cases Under New Law Was Taken in Judge Murat's Court Last Week.

Testimony in two cases, under the discovery act or statute, was heard before Judge Murat last Friday, the firm of Fisher, Hanna & Cashin being attorneys for the defendants in both, while A. L. Smongeski represented the plaintiffs. The first was that of John Woloszek vs. the Green Bay & Western R. R. Co. Supt. F. B. Seymour and Conductor Frank W. Welby were examined and testimony adduced was to the effect that Woloszek boarded the train at Plover, July 30th last, paid a cash fare to Meehan, but did not get off at the latter station. When the conductor came around, Woloszek refused to pay, claiming that he had given him a ticket good to Grand Rapids. The train was then stopped and the conductor and brakeman proceeded to put the man off, and did so a second time before Woloszek concluded to keep away. The plaintiff asks damages in the sum of \$1,000.

Frank Tessner of Caron brought an action against Henry Grashorn of Junction City for damages, alleged to have been sustained when his team ran away on account of being frightened by a dog owned by the defendant. Tessner claims he was injured in the runaway.

On Saturday testimony in two other cases were heard before Judge Murat, the first being that of Geo. Hemiel vs. the town of Buena Vista, with W. F. Owen for the plaintiff and Fisher, Hanna & Cashin for the town. The plaintiff seeks to recover the sum of \$250 for the loss of a horse, alleged to have been injured on a defective bridge.

Mrs. Josephine Garski, a resident of the town of Hull, has sued the town for personal injuries alleged to have been received when a rig in which she was riding dropped into a hole or struck an elevation at one of the approaches to the Plover river bridge, east of this city. A. L. Smongeski appears for the plaintiff and Fisher, Hanna & Cashin for the town.



No Cleanser Like It None So Effective

From the coasts of Malabar, Ceylon, India, the Philippines and the isles of the Sea comes the sweet cocoa butter—from Benim and Lagos, in darkest Africa, come the Palm Kernel oils—from our own Sunny South, refined cotton oil. All these scientifically blended produce



Made from purest vegetable oils only, and will do all the roughest as well as the most delicate wash of the household and laundry with less labor and time than any other soap made, and will not injure the clothes or burn the hands. There is no grayish grease or harmful chemicals used in KIRK'S FLAKE (White) Soap. It is the modern soap.

For Cold or Hot—Hard or Soft Water

KIRK'S FLAKE (White) is equally effective in cold or hot water, with or without boiling. In hard water it lathers freely and breaks and and softens the hardest water instantly.

Order a cake today from your Grocer. A single trial will convince you of its superiority. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Save Flake Wrappers for Valuable Premiums



Those who are inclined to think that we have early frosts in Wisconsin should watch the papers in September and note that year after year frosts occur in many sections far south of Wisconsin before they come here. This year has been no exception to the rule. A fortnight ago there was a snow storm in Colorado and several days ago they had frosts in Kansas and Nebraska—away ahead of Wisconsin. It is sufficient that the Wisconsin growing season is long enough to mature the crops.

One Year in Reformatory.

At the March term of circuit court Geo. Kosmatka, whose parents live on the North Side, was found guilty of the charge of having stolen some furs. Judge Park, however, suspended sentence on condition that Kosmatka, who is 26 years of age, abstain from intoxicating drink and conduct himself in a peaceful, law-abiding manner, and that he report to the district attorney once each month until October 1st. Last Thursday he failed to abide by his obligation and was arrested for being drunk and disorderly. Saturday morning he was again arraigned before Judge Park, and at this time was sentenced to the Green Bay reformatory for a period of one year. He was taken there the same day by Sheriff Guyant.

WISCONSIN TAKES FIRST

Distances Foreign and State Exhibits at the Big Show at Sioux City, Iowa, Last Month.

The Upper Wisconsin exhibit taken to the great livestock show at Sioux City, Sept. 16-21, 1912, was in competition with the Canadian, the Saskatchewan, the Great Northern railway and other exhibits, but took first award. At this show they have a class which includes all exhibits that come from outside the state of Iowa and it was in this class that the Wisconsin exhibit competed.

The upper Wisconsin exhibit scored 910 points out of a possible 1,000 points. It included all the crops common to Wisconsin and won along the line.

An exhibit will be taken to the Illinois state fair, October 4-12. Wisconsin has shown at Springfield during the last three years and has been in a class by itself.

Until this year only the Illinois state fair has been covered. This year both Iowa and Illinois, and Commissioner of Immigration Packer hopes that arrangement can be made next year to reach Indiana and Ohio. Commissioner Packer is prosecuting the work of his office with a vigor that is commendable.

Hundreds of Patients are
Being Cured

DR. LEE,

Experienced Specialist of Thirty
Years Practice, member of
Association Northwestern
UNITED DOCTORS

Coming by Appointment to

STEVENS POINT

Saturday, Oct. 5th

At Jacobs House

Returning Every Sixty Days

One of the most successful and reliable specialists in the profession. Licensed by the state for the treatment of nervous and chronic diseases. Treats with wonderful success all nervous and chronic diseases of men, women and children, because of his experience in hospitals and specialty work.

No more operations for appendicitis, gall-stones, kidney stones tumor, goitre, piles or cancer. These Doctors have perfected treatments for the cure of these dread diseases which are the most reliable and successful yet discovered.

Eczema, eruptions, liver spots, falling of the hair and all chronic diseases of the skin, treated after a plan that knows no fail.

Selected cases of asthma, consumption, bronchitis, and catarrhal diseases, absolutely cured with combination of medicine, diet, hygiene and exercise. This is the most reliable and scientific home treatment known today.

Rheumatism, diabetes, bed-wetting, leg-ulcers, sore eyes, and diseases of the stomach, liver, heart, kidneys and bladder, all treated by their successful methods, developed after years of special practice and experience.

These Doctors are nerve specialists, and treat successfully neuralgia, constant headaches, epilepsy, sciatica, nervous debility and other diseases related to the nervous system.

Patients with cancer, tumor or tubercular glands not larger than one or two inches can be cured with their hypodermic injection method, used in hundreds of cases with entire success.

It will be to your advantage to see Doctor Lee, the experienced specialist. If your case is incurable he will give you valuable advice that will relieve you and stay the disease. These doctors are actually curing the diseases they undertake and you may some day regret it if you don't give them a chance to cure you.

If you have kidney or bladder trouble bring a two ounce bottle of your urine for analysis.

Married ladies must come with their husbands and children with their parents.

Consultation and examination free to those interested.

Hours 9 a. m. until 5 p. m.

The Evening Wisconsin.

We have made arrangements with the Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin whereby we can offer that reliable daily paper in connection with The Gazette, both for \$3.75 for one year, payable in advance. Call and see a copy.

Creaking Shoes.

Creaking shoes can be made noiseless by soaking the soles in linseed oil. Turn a small quantity into a pan or plate and let the soles stand in it for twenty-four hours. This treatment will also render them waterproof.

Often The Kidneys Are

Weakened by Over-Work.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for much sickness and suffering, therefore, if kidney trouble is permitted to continue, serious results are most likely to follow. Your other organs may need attention, but your kidneys most, because they do most and should have attention first. Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. A trial will convince you of its great merit.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest because its remarkable health restoring properties have been proven in thousands of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, and don't let a dealer sell you something in place of Swamp-Root—if you do you will be disappointed.

THE LIST OF AWARDS

Names of Those Who Received First and Second Premiums at the Stevens Point Fair.

Department F. Grains and Grasses.

Class 45.—Half bushel white wheat, Anton Gomstonki, first; Wm. Styke, second. Half bushel of white oats, Mary Carzon, first; Frank Garsamka, second. Half bushel yellow oats, W. F. Webei, first; Frank Garsamka, second. Half bushel barley, Jos. Garsauski, first. Half bushel spring rye, A. Porter, first; John Porter, second. Half bushel winter rye, A. Porter, first; W. F. Webei, first. 1 peck silver gray buckwheat, J. Pascavis, first; Joe Gallon, second. 1 peck timothy, Wm. Czabalski, first; Alex Schuda, second. 1 peck field peas, Joe Gallon first; Mrs. Joe Warosh, second. 1 peck navy beans, W. F. Webei, second; 1 peck any other beans, Tad Schuda, first; Frank Gallon, second. 12 ears husked white dent corn, Aug. Oesterle, Polonia, first; John Wroblewski, Plover, second. 12 ears husked yellow dent corn, J. P. Rasmussen, Almond, first; Aug. Oesterle, second. 12 ears husked white flint corn, Aug. Oesterle, first; Tad Schuda, second. 12 ears husked yellow flint corn, W. F. Webei, first; F. J. Feist, second. 12 ears husked sweet corn, E. W. Sellers, first and second. 12 ears husked pop corn, F. J. Feist, first; Joe Mason, second. 5 pounds hops, Tad Schuda, first. Tobacco in leaf, Joe Gallon, first; Charles Helm, second. Best sheaf of wheat, F. J. Feist, first; Anton Gomstonki, second. Best sheaf of oats, Aug. Oesterle, first; Tad Schuda, second. Best sheaf of barley, Joe Warosh, first. Best sheaf of rye, Wm. Czabalski, first; Joe Warosh, second. Best sheaf of buckwheat, Joe Mason, first; Alex Schuda, second. Best sheaf of timothy hay, Frank Garsamka, first; N. Boyington Co., second. Best sheaf of red clover hay, Joe Warosh, first; N. Boyington Co., second. Best sheaf of alfalfa hay, Wm. Czabalski, first; W. S. Parsons, Plover, second. Best sheaf red top hay, N. Boyington, first; Tad Schuda, second. Best sheaf rye grass, Alex Schuda, first. Best sheaf Japanese millet, N. Boyington Co., first. Best sheaf millet, Joe Garsauski, first. Bundle not less than 15 stalks of white dent corn, John Wroblewski, first; F. L. Hubbert, second. Bundle not less than 15 stalks yellow dent corn, Joe Warosh, first. Bundle not less than 15 stalks of yellow flint corn, F. J. Feist, first. Bundle not less than fifteen stalks white flint corn, Alex Schuda, first. Bundle not less than fifteen stalks ensilage corn, E. W. Sellers, first; Wm. Czabalski, second. Bundle not less than 15 stalks sweet corn, E. W. Sellers, first; F. J. Feist, second. Bundle not less than 15 stalks pop corn, F. J. Feist, first; John Wroblewski, second.

Department G. Vegetables.

Class 46.—Half bushel onions, (white), G. H. Worden, first; Mrs. Joe Warosh, second. Half bushel onions, (red), F. J. Feist, first; Joe Mason, second. Half bushel onions, (yellow Danvers), G. H. Worden, first; Mrs. Joe Warosh, second. Half bushel strap leaf turnips, Mrs. Joe Warosh, first. Half bushel white globe turnips, F. L. Hubbert, first; Wm. Czabalski, second. Half bushel rutabagas, Tad Schuda, first; Mrs. Joe Warosh, second. Half dozen blood beets, (long), Frank Gallon, first; F. J. Feist, second. 1 peck blood beets, (round), Mrs. Joe Warosh, first; Mrs. M. D. Sitzer, second. 1 peck turnip beets, F. J. Feist, first; Joe Gallon, second. 6 mangel wurtzel (red), W. S. Parsons, first and second. 6 mangel wurtzel, (yellow) Joe Gallon, first; Mrs. Joe Warosh, second. 6 sugar beets, Anton Gomstonki, first; Mrs. Joe Warosh, second. 1 peck carrots (short horn), Anton Gomstonki, first; J. Pascavis, second. 1 peck carrots, (long orange) F. J. Feist, first; Joe Gallon, second. 1 peck carrots, (ox heart), F. J. Feist, first; Mrs. Joe Warosh, second. 1 peck carrots (white horse), Mrs. Joe Warosh, first; Joe Warosh, second. 12 parsnips, F. J. Feist, first; Frank Fletcher, second. Sample 3 heads cabbage, (drumhead), F. L. Hubbert, first; J. P. Rasmussen, second. Sample 3 heads cabbage, (winnigstat), F. J. Feist, first; Joe Gallon, second. Sample 3 heads red cabbage, Mrs. Joe Warosh, first; second, Charles Helm. Sample 3 heads kohlrabi, Mrs. Joe Warosh, first; Frank Gallon, second. Sample 3 heads cabbage, largest and heaviest, any variety, W. F. Webei, first; J. Pascavis, second. Sample 3 heads early Snowflake cauliflower, W. F. Webei, first. 3 heads cauliflower, any other variety, Mrs. Joe Warosh, first. Sample 6 winter radish, F. J. Feist, first; Charles Helm, second. Sample tall Scottish kale, Mrs. Joe Warosh, first; Frank Gallon, second. Sample 3 kale, any other variety,

Mrs. Joe Warosh, first; Joe Warosh, second. Sample 4 purple egg plant, Charles Helm, first. Sample 12 head celery, white plume, Charles Helm, first; Sample 12 head bulb celery, Charles Helm, first; Mrs. Mrs. Joe Warosh, second. Sample 12 head celery, golden heart, Charles Helm, first. 1 peck acme tomatoes, Charles Helm, first. 1 peck yellow tomatoes, Frank Gallon, first. One peck tomatoes, any other variety, Olive Norton, first; G. H. Worden, second. Show of peppers, F. L. Hubbert, first; Mrs. E. I. Tozier, second. Sample 3 Hubbard squash, W. F. Webei, first; Joe Gallon, second. Sample 3 field squash, W. F. Webei, first; Aug. Oesterle, second. Sample 3 summer squash, F. Zimmerman, first; Geo. B. Atwell, second. Sample 3 squash, any other variety, Mrs. Joe Warosh, first; W. F. Webei, second. Sample 3 Spanish pie pumpkins, Mrs. Joe Warosh, first; Mrs. W. O'Keefe, second. Sample 3 field pumpkins, Wm. Czabalski, first; L. W. Netzley, second. Sample 3 mammoth pumpkins, Eugene Boyington, first. Sample 3 nutmeg muskmelons, John Wroblewski, first. Sample 3 watermelons, John Wroblewski, first. Sample 3 pie melons, John Wroblewski, first. Sample 3 citrons, Mrs. E. I. Tozier, first; John Wroblewski, second. Sample 6 cucumbers, J. Pascavis, first; E. W. Sellers, second. Sample 3 bunches parsley, Mds. Joe Warosh, first; Frank Gallon, second. Sample Swiss chard, Mrs. Joe Warosh, first. Sample 6 vegetable oysters, Mrs. Jot Warosh, first; Joe Warosh, second. Sample gourds, Mrs. E. I. Tozier, first; Mrs. Joe Warosh, second.

Potatoes, Portage County Only.—Burbanks, J. P. Rasmussen, first; Henry Bergholte, second. Hebrons, Alex Schuda, first; Henry Bergholte, second. Peerless, M. H. Welsh, first; Henry Schleissman, second. Mansur seeding, Alex Schuda, first. Green Mountain, M. H. Welsh, first. Rural New Yorkers, Alex Schuda, first; Joe Mason, second. Early Ohio, J. P. Rasmussen, first; G. H. Worden, second. Stray Beauties, Henry Bergholte, first; Alex Schuda, second. Panner, Aug. Oesterle, first; A. Porter, second. White Triumphs, J. J. Summers, first; Joe Warosh, second. Fourth of July, Frank Garsamka, first; A. Porter, second. Carmon No. 3, A. Porter, first; Joe Warosh, second. Irish Cobblers, Wm. Czabalski, first; M. H. Welsh, second. Red cut rose, Joe Warosh, first; Frank Garsamka, second. Early Rose, F. L. Hubbert, first; Joe Warosh, second. Kings, A. Porter, first; Aug. Oesterle, second. Denmores, Alex Schuda, first; A. Porter, second. Sweet Stakes, best show of potatoes, 7 or more varieties, Mrs. J. Boursier, first; Henry Bergholte, second.

Department H, Dairy.

Class 47.—Tub dairy butter, no less than 15 pounds, J. Pascavis, first.

Senator Clapp Testifies.

Senator Moses E. Clapp, of Minnesota, says: "You will hear it said constantly, with reference to something on which the price has been advanced, 'Oh, that isn't in the tariff at all. That increase has nothing to do with the tariff.' But the fact is that the tariff reaches all along the line. You can't raise the cost of living to a man who is producing something to sell without forcing that man to raise correspondingly the price of what he has to sell."

Divorce the Philippines.

One tremendous expense now being borne by American taxpayers that will be lifted in the event of the election of a Democratic president and Democratic House is the cost of governing the Philippine Islands, which is being done against the desire of 95 per cent. of the Filipino people. Ten years ago Senator Hoar stated in the senate that up to that time the cost had been \$600,000,000. Since then we have kept in those islands an average of 12,277 troops. It cost the government \$1,500 annually to maintain each soldier. The cost alone of maintaining the military forces in the Philippines last year was over \$26,000,000. It is safe to affirm that the sum which would be annually saved, were the United States to relinquish sovereignty over the Philippine Islands, would not fall short of \$50,000,000. Democratic success means the divorcing of the islands and Republican success means their retention.

The Biggest Bell.

The largest bell in the world is the great bell of Moscow, cast in 1733, it being twenty-one feet high, twenty-one feet in diameter and weighing 432,000 pounds.

The Canary's Bath.

If you have difficulty in inducing your canary to take his daily bath, says Good Housekeeping, sprinkle a few seeds upon the water. You will find that this added attraction will make the bath become a habit with the little fellow.

People and Land.

Taking the entire population of the world into consideration, there are almost exactly twenty-eight inhabitants to each square mile.

Hare and Snail.

The hare when running at full speed travels sixty feet a second, while all that a snail can travel in the same time is five one-hundredths of an inch.

Two Letters.
"Dear Joe," she wrote, "I scarcely know if it is kind of me to write this bit of news to you; but, Joe, Jack Brown proposed to me last night. And I said 'yes.' I know this will be quite a shock to you, but, pray, let's still be friends, for I am still, As ever, yours sincerely, MAY."
Perhaps you see the lovelorn Joe Perusing this most cruel note And overwhelmed with grief. But, no; Joe simply took up pen and wrote: "Dear May, so glad! But was not he The clumsiest you've ever seen? He was when he proposed to me. I wish you luck. Yours, JOSEPHINE."
—T. A. Daly in New York Evening Sun.

Our Feathered Friends.

Rose Pastor Phelps Stokes during a recent visit to Philadelphia told at a charity society a country week story. "Under an old apple tree," she said, "I gathered a half dozen little country weekers about me one August afternoon and, holding up a book, I said: 'Now, children, I'm going to read to you. This is the book. It is called "Our Feathered Friends." Who are our feathered friends? Does any one know?' "The urchins on the grass regarded one another doubtfully; then a little chap piped in a shrill key: "Angels!" —New York Tribune.

Time.

Time often seems ubiquitous, No matter where we go, It harries men in Panama And in the arctic snow. It's always with us, east or west, And yet we know, doggone it, It cannot be quite everywhere, For trains are rarely on it. —Kansas City Star.

A Real Philanthropist.

A north side lumber dealer contracted to supply a lot of lumber to a stranger. On looking it over he found it full of knotholes and told his customer about it frankly. "You may not want this lumber," he said.

"Why not?"

"I want to be honest with you. It is full of knotholes."

The stranger only laughed.

"I'll take it," he declared. "This lumber is to go around some baseball grounds. Knotholes won't hurt matters any. I was a kid myself once." —Pittsburgh Post.

Stole Father's Towel.

Mother's in the kitchen, bending o'er the tub, Bobbie's in the back yard, throwing bricks at the cat; Father's in the bathroom—wants to take a scrub, But there isn't any towel—sister nalled it for a hat. —Springfield (Mass.) Union.

The Two Sexes.

Miss Lillian Russell, at a birthday supper in New York, was congratulated on her unfading beauty and on her high spirits.

Miss Russell, laughing gaily, replied: "A woman is as happy, you know, as she looks pretty."

"And a man?" said her interlocutor.

"Oh, a man," she answered, "is as happy as he feels important." —New York Tribune.

Foiling the Foreigners.

Not from Winsted, but from Atchison, comes this story. A Kansas man planted lettuce, but as fast as it came up through the ground the English sparrows ate it off. He finally got a few small flags and stuck them in the lettuce bed, and not an English sparrow or other foreign bird touched that lettuce so long as Old Glory floated over it.—Boston Transcript.

Saving the New One.

"I guess Mabel is actually going into the water this morning." "What makes you think so?" "She's put on her old bathing suit." —Detroit Free Press.

You Know Him.

The man who makes me weary And whom I view with scorn Has a ninety dollar auto And a hundred dollar horn. —Cincinnati Enquirer.

NOW FOR THE SIDESHOW.



—From New York World.

Everything in the sideshow of Roosevelt and Perkins is visible except the Harvester trust and the establishment at Auburn, N. Y., where women and children work under conditions that would disgrace Russia.

Lagniappe.

It is the custom in New Orleans for shopkeepers to present their customers with a gratuity in the shape of a hand full of confectionery or other trifling delicacy. This is termed "lagniappe" (lan-yap). "You've forgotten the lagniappe," one often hears a boy or girl say to shopkeepers when buying family supplies.

Gold Chains.

To clean gold chains put them in a small glass bottle with warm soapsuds and a little prepared chalk. Shake until clean and then rinse thoroughly.

Pert Personals.

Littlest John Jacob Astor has only \$3,000,000 in his own right, but it may suffice to keep him in safety pins for awhile.—Chicago News.

Mr. Rockefeller has given \$250 for a fly swatting campaign. His recollection of the time before he wore a toupee is probably keen.—Chicago Post.

You really can't blame Mr. Carnegie for being enthusiastically in favor of the income tax, considering what a task he has in getting rid of his money.—Indianapolis News.

WE MANUFACTURE and Have the Facilities and Capacity to PROMPTLY FURNISH You with

Lintels Steel "I" Beams
Columns Door Plates Bases
Post Caps Steel Girders
Spreaders Rosettes
Bolts and Rods
Pipe, Brass Goods and Supplies
STEEL, GREY IRON and
BRASS CASTINGS
and Repair All Classes of Machinery

Central City Iron Works

R. A. COOK, Proprietor

A BIG REMNANT SALE OF Wall Paper

Now in full blast at the Wall Paper Store of VICTOR S. PRAIS at 509-511 Main street. This is the opportunity to fix up your home.

1,000 ROLLS of Wall Paper at 3c per Roll

Call early and get the best selection

509-511 Main Street.

V. S. Prais

HAVE A BIG ENROLLMENT

Over Three Hundred Students Are Now Attending the Stevens Point Normal School.

Below are the names and addresses of 307 young men and women who have enrolled as students at the Stevens Point Normal school. The attendance thus far in 1912 approximates about thirty-five more than last year and it is probable that the number will be considerably increased within the next few weeks. It will be noted that several of the students come from distant states:

Alley, Edna, Eland.
Ambrose, Burton, city.
Anderson, Alf, city.
Anderson, Clifford, Scandinavia.
Arndt, Eulalia, Fenwood.
Arneson, Ruth, city.
Ballard, Irene, Merrillan.
Bannach, Marion, Custer.
Barager, Iva, city.
Barker, Joseph, Big Falls.
Beattie, Ruth, city.
Beaudin, Cecilia, Boyd.
Beaudin, Victoria, Boyd.
Bentley, Bernice, city.
Berg, Bessie, Wausau.
Bergholte, Henrietta, city.
Bergum, Bessie, DeForest.
Blakeley, Arline, Fairchild.
Blume, Carl, Marathon.
Bourn, Florence, city.
Boursier, Loretta, Plover.
Boyington, Eugene, city.
Brady, Alice, Bancroft.
Brady, Harold, Timothy.
Breaky, Ruth, Alma Center.
Bremmer, Ada, city.
Britz, Kathryn, city.
Britz, Mayme, city.
Bronson, Emma, city.
Brooks, Pearl, Granton.
Bunin, Sonia, city.
Burbey, Eva, Phillips.
Burce, Jessie, Eau Claire.
Burk, Jessie, Robertsdale, Ala.
Burke, Myrtle, Knowlton.
Burns, Eleanor, city.
Burrow, Alice, Beaver Dam.
Cameron, Jeannette, Chippewa Falls.
Carley, L. E., city.
Carver, Marie, city.
Cauley, Birdie, Custer.
Cauley, Clara, Custer.
Christianson, Margaret, city.
Clark, Willis, Pittsville.
Clark, Irma, Wausau.
Clarkson, Mattie, Neeah.
Collins, Helen, city.
Conant, Nellie, Hancock.
Cook, Bessie, Plainville.
Cook, Nellie, city.
Cook, Ralph, city.
Costello, Elva, Fond du Lac.
Crandall, Madge, city.
Cutright, Prudence, Sunnyside, Wash.
Dahl, Othelia, Marinette.
Daley, M. Lucile, Waterloo.
Danielson, Ruth, Ogdensburg.
Day, Vivian, city.
Dickson, Eda, Two Rivers.
Doolan, Agnes, Grims.
Doolan, Clara, Grims.
Downey, Marcella, Chippewa Falls.
Doxrud, Cora, Nelsonville.
Draeger, Mae, Grand Rapids.
Edes, Earle, Menomonie.
Evans, Clarlette, city.
Fernholz, John, Arcadia.
Finch, Franc, city.
Finnessy, Jessie, city.
Fisher, Violet, city.
Fitzpatrick, Margaret, Eau Claire.
Fonstad, Ethel, city.
Foote, Florence, city.
Fortier, Ruth, Alma Center.
Foxen, Belva, city.
Foxen, Elvina, city.
Frank, Sadie, city.
Freimuth, Emma, Maribel.
Fuller, Gl, Grand Rapids.
Fulton, Chas., city.
Garlock, Fay, city.
Garthwait, Lloyd, city.
Garwick, Olive, city.
Gibson, Leona, Coloma.
Glennon, Kathryn, city.
Glisczinski, Helen, Custer.
Godfrey, Grace, city.
Goldstein, Etta, Wausau.
Gordon, Lancelot, Nelsonville.
Gotchy, Marie, city.
Gould, Archie, Nekoosa.
Glover, Herbert, city.
Glover, Lynn, city.
Grube, Louise, Auburndale.
Grulhke, Helen, Fairchild.
Haase, Lillian, Ladysmith.
Hamilton, Dorothy, city.
Hansen, Gladys, Marshfield.
Hanson, Alma, Medford.
Hanson, Leslie, Iola.
Hanson, Nora, New Lisbon.
Harshaw, Marguerite, city.
Hatch, Elizabeth, Waupaca.
Hayden, Ruth, Grims.
Herrick, Lillian, Sparta.
Hetzel, Ruth, city.
Hill, Florence, city.
Hodges, Virginia, Ashland.
Hoidahl, Agat, Stanley.
Holm, Fay, city.
Houlehan, Agatha, Hurley.
Householder, Leah, Richland Center.
Hull, Ruth, city.
Hyer, Frank, city.
Jensen, Kittie, Waupaca.
Jindra, George, Two Rivers.
Johnson, Earl, Iola.
Johnson, Lilla, city.
Johnson, Mary, Dancy.
Kaiserman, Hilda, Richland Center.
Kelley, Grace, city.
Kenebeck, Lucile, city.
Kennedy, Ellen, Auburndale.
Kittleson, Kyren, Junction City.
Knutzen, Norman, Manitowoc.
Krueger, Elsie, city.
Kuyanski, Lucy, Hurley.
Lambert, Grace, Bayfield.
Lane, Myrtle, Hixton.
Lee, Eleanor, Osseo.
Levenseller, Alice, Hackley.
Levenseller, Gladys, Hackley.
Loan, Sarah, city.
Lombard, Marguerite, Wausau.
Love, Colette, city.
Lukasavitz, Florence, Custer.
McCallin, Christenia, Rothschild.
McCallum, Grace, city.
McCreedy, Janette, city.
McCreedy, Ruth, city.
McDonell, Annie, Medford.
MacKenzie, Maud, Stanley.
McPhail, Irene, city.
Maas, Ruth, city.
Marchel, A. C., city.
Marchel, Mrs. A. C., city.
Macklin, Orelle, city.
May, Doris, city.
Maloney, Elizabeth, city.
Maloney, Rose, Elkhorn.
Marchel, Martha, city.
Marth, Emma, Neillsville.
Mason, Doris, city.
Mater, Mary, Abbottsford.
Matte, Angela, Unity.
May, Elsie, Tomahawk.
Meiz, Dorothy, Glidden.

Menier, Hazel, Staus.
Messer, George, Chicago.
Miller, Olive, Fond du Lac.
Miller, Augusta, city.
Miller, Helen, city.
Miller, Mary, city.
Mitchell, Bertha, Pittsville.
Mohr, Magdalen, Wausau.
Moll, Lulu, Grand Rapids.
Montgomery, Eliza, Camp Douglas.
Moran, Catherine, Grand Rapids.
Morrissey, Agnes, city.
Moxon, Earl, city.
Mullins, Lizzie, Grims.
Murat, Olga, Amherst.
Murat, Sidney, Scandinavia.
Murphy, Arthur, Hayton.
Murphy, Wm., Hayton.
Neale, Jessie, Packwaukee.
Newton, Willard, city.
Nightingale, Agnes, Crandon.
Nightingale, Florence, Crandon.
O'Connell, Wm., city.
O'Connor, Katherine, city.
O'Keefe, Gertrude, city.
O'Keefe, Margaret, city.
Oden, Carl, Sawyer.
Olson, Lillian, Rio.
Olson, Agnes, Scandinavia.
Olson, Mollie, Fond du Lac.
Ostrum, Floril, Hancock.
Ostrum, James, Hancock.
Owen, Elizabeth, city.
Owen, Ruth, city.
Panzer, Edna, Auburndale.
Panzer, Leona, Auburndale.
Pasternacki, Sophia, city.
Patterson, M. Marie, Almond.
Paulson, Ethel, Scandinavia.
Pease, Elva, Lampson.
Pelmar, Joseph, Kewaunee.
Peterson, Alvin, city.
Peterson, Martha, Milladore.
Peterson, Ruth, city.
Pet, Raymond, city.
Piffner, Isabel, city.
Podach, Evelyn, city.
Polebitski, Grace, city.
Porath, Julia, Alma Center.
Porter, Adelaide, Holcombe.
Penny, Alma, Oxford.
Penny, Viola, city.
Reynolds, Elizabeth, Lake Mills.
Reinhart, Stella, city.
Rice, Mabel, city.
Richards, Pearl, Eagle River.
Richer, Ruth, Grand Rapids.
Riesch, Martin, city.
Riler, Amy, Necedah.
Ripley, Lora, Oakfield.
Roberts, Florence, city.
Roberts, Frances, city.
Robertson, Lulu, Endeavor.
Rosenow, Rex, city.
Rothman, Florence, city.
Rothman, Ida, city.
Rossman, Mabel, Greenwood.
Rowe, Katharine, city.
Rowe, Margaret, city.
Ruby, Violet, city.
Ruff, Ruth, city.
Rusch, Margaret, Merrill.
Ryan, Violet, Arnott.
Sager, Helen, city.
Salzwedel, Vera, Madison.
Salter, Elizabeth, Unity.
Sargent, Maymie, Junction City.
Schanen, Paul, city.
Scherer, Margaret, Marinette.
Schilling, Lauretta, Almond.
Schliesmann, Cordelia, Polonia.
Schoeber, Marie, Watertown.
Schreiner, Otto, Fife.
Scribner, Ruth, city.
Seif, Clara, Neillsville.
Shannon, Gladys, city.
Shannon, Neil, city.
Shea, Edward, Whitefish, Mont.
Sheahan, Lottie, Grims.
Shemanski, Anna, city.
Sichler, Ida, Alma Center.
Sicklesteel, Frank, city.
Sitzer, Esther, city.
Skinner, Beth, city.
Smith, H. Marie, Union Grove.
Smith, Inez, city.
Snyder, Bertha, Menomonie.
Springer, Loretta, Bancroft.
Springer, Palma, Curtiss.
Steffeck, Meta, Medford.
Stemen, Helen, city.
Steward, Genevieve, Bancroft.
Stockley, Isla, city.
Sturtevant, Mary, Wausau.
Strand, Clarence, Iola.
Tardiff, Rose, city.
Taylor, Edna, Westfield.
Thompson, Gerhard, Scandinavia.
Thompson, Anna, Curtiss.
Thompson, Ida, Curtiss.
Thorson, Clara, Scandinavia.
Tobin, Ethelyn, city.
Tobin, Grace, city.
Todd, Ellen, city.
Traviecke, Martha, Rosholt.
Trowbridge, Marguerite, city.
Tufte, Clara, city.
Uphagrove, Gladys, city.
Van Tassel, Richard, Whitehall.
Vetter, Bruno, Marathon.
Voigt, Walter, Tisch Mills.
Wagner, Isabelle, Sheboygan.
Waite, Don, Friendship.
Walters, Lillian, Plainfield.
Walters, Helen, city.
Warner, Ada, city.
Warner, Edna, city.
Warner, Margery, city.
Watson, Charlotte, Burlington.
Weed, Clella, Plainfield.
Weltman, Hattie, city.
Weltman, Marion, city.
Werle, Esther, Wausau.
West, Evelyn, city.
Whittingham, Garth, Pittsville.
Wilberscheid, J., Valders.
Wilcox, Adele, New Lisbon.
Wilhelm, Irene, Marshfield.
Williams, Adelaide, city.
Williams, Merce, city.
Williams, Myron, city.
Wilson, Kathryn, city.
Wolt, Jessie, Grand Rapids.
Wright, Anna, city.
Wroblewski, Helen, city.
Wysocki, Anzelm, city.
Young, Harry, city.
Youmans, Helen, Westboro.
Zeney, Emily, Stanley.
Zywert, Walarian, Cleveland.

There are a few self-acknowledged Bull Moosers in this immediate center of the universe, but only very few. The same may or may not be true of other localities, districts and states, but it is difficult to understand why Roosevelt should receive support at the November election from intelligent, broad-minded voters in any party. The same can now be said for Gov. Francis E. McGovern.

That a straw will indicate the direction which the wind blows, is unanimously conceded. If straw votes thus far taken in all parts of the country, among all classes of people—laborers, professional men, mechanics, business men and voters generally—are as sure an indication of whom the next President of the United States will be, Woodrow Wilson can commence preparing his inauguration speech during any of his present spare moments.

SOUTH SIDE AND RAILROAD

Personal and News Items of More or Less Importance to Readers of The Gazette.

Miss Louise Diver of Amherst was a guest of Mrs. C. A. Gardiner last Sunday.
Mrs. F. C. Holman went to Plainfield last Saturday morning for a couple of days' visit among friends.
Mr. and Mrs. L. D. Richards, 202 Dixon street, were presented with a little daughter last Sunday morning.
Mrs. Fred Pitsch came down from Chippewa Falls on Friday and spent a couple of days at the home of her father, G. L. Barrows.
Conductors on the Velvet Special running between this city and Duluth are now granted a lay-off of four days and five nights each month.
Geo. Tardiff, conductor on the Velvet special between this city and Duluth, is taking a vacation of a few days. C. D. Hinckley is taking his place.
Lenore J. Eaton is taking a vacation from his duties as clerk in the Soo railroad yards and has gone to the Canadian Northwest for a couple of weeks.
Philip Peickard, engineer in the Soo yards at Manitowoc, visited over Sunday and Monday at the home of his brother, Gus Peickard, and among other relatives here.
Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Cooney and daughters moved to Amherst last week, where Mr. Cooney is engaged in business. Their son, Emmet, will remain here and continue his duties as seal clerk in the Soo yards.
Chas. F. Hass, who went to Philadelphia a couple of weeks ago to become superintendent of a wall paper mill, concluded not to stay there and is now at Somersdale, a Chicago suburb, where he is in charge of the Audebert Wall Paper Co. plant.

Andrew L. Johnson, foreman at the Soo line repair tracks, is laid up at his home, 608 Shaurette street, with an attack of typhoid fever.
Mrs. W. E. West and Mrs. Louis Barkley entertained the Ladies' Aid of the Baptist church at the West home on Oak street, Tuesday afternoon.
P. J. Walsh, a Soo line engineer who was recently married at Chippewa Falls, now makes his home in this city, and occupies part of the Rice house at 503 Church street.
Frank E. Baker came up from Chicago last week to spend several days visiting at the home of his mother, Mrs. Jas. Ballou, on Church street. Frank was joined today by Mrs. Baker, who returned from an extended trip through the far west.
Ernest Hass, a former Stevens Point, visited last Sunday at the home of his brother, Chas. F. Hass, Ernest and his nephew, Clarence Hass, left for Somersdale, Ill., Monday morning, where they will be employed by the Audebert Wall Paper Co.
C. N. Kalk, a gentleman well known in this city as an official of the Soo line, has been appointed chief engineer of the entire system to succeed Thos. Green, who died some time ago. Mr. Kalk had been making his headquarters at Fond du Lac for several years.
S. G. Pendergast, passenger engineer on the Soo line, running between Milwaukee and Fond du Lac, spent Tuesday visiting his sisters, Mrs. Catherine Savage and Mrs. Julia Whittom, and among friends at his boyhood home. Sam has been a resident of Milwaukee nearly twenty-five years.
The Olsen residence and lots at 687 Water street have been purchased by Rev. T. W. North, recently of this city. Previous to the death of Mrs. Mary Olsen she executed a will bequeathing the property to St. Paul's M. E. church and was later sold to G. S. Stoddard, from whose estate it is now bought by Mr. North.

Saving is Simply Good Sense

He is wise who provides for tomorrow. He is wiser still who provides for day after tomorrow.

Keep a picture of your old age before you. That is your day after tomorrow. Save now while you still have earning power.

Save for the "rainy days" that may come at any time. Save for tomorrow and the day after—but begin to save now.

We pay three per cent. interest on Savings Accounts—one dollar will start you. Call today. Why delay until tomorrow?

Citizens National Bank

OF STEVENS POINT, WIS.

Capital, \$100,000

Surplus, \$30,000



Fall Opening

Cold Weather is Coming

so prepare yourself NOW while the days are still bright and warm.

WINTER UNDERWEAR

Men's thick fleeced garments - - - 40c and 50c

Men's wool underwear - - - \$1.00 to \$2.50

We are agents for Staley Underwear.

Womens' fleeced underwear, all sizes - - - 25c, 35c, 50c

Women's wool underwear, per garment - - - \$1.00

Children's underwear---three different kinds in fleeces, sold according to size - - - 12c and up

A complete line of Union Suits for Men, Women and Children

Our stock of New Fall Dress Goods is complete in every detail. All the Fancy Mixtures, Whipcords, Diagonals, Serges, Velvets, Etc., are to be had in all the popular shades at every price from 50c to \$2.00 per yard

Men's and Boys' Clothing and Overcoats

Come to us. We don't want to see how high priced a suit we can sell you but how good and how cheap. We want you Mr. Workingman to try one of our \$15 or \$18 suits; they're the kind that wear the best.

Ladies' and Children's Coats

Not an Old Coat in the Store

Our styles are different from the ordinary run in other stores. Buy one of our Coats with a personal guarantee on it. None higher than \$50.

"BEST-EVER" CLOTHES

Shoes There are nearly fifty places in Stevens Point to buy Shoes. We are to-day selling more Shoes than when only a few stores existed. What better recommendation can we ask for?

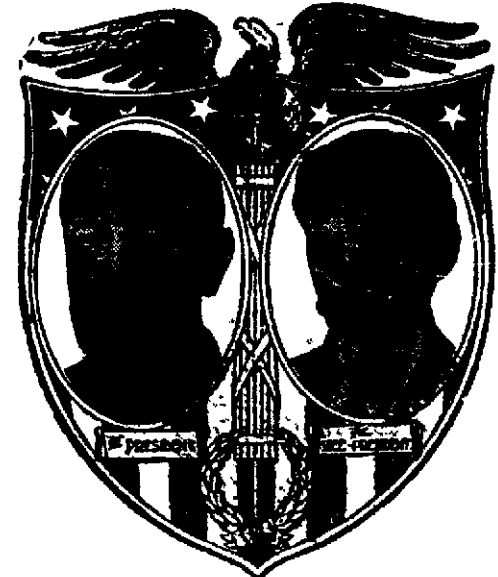
Furs

Whatever you want in furs, we have it. Every set a beauty. Come in and see them.



Philip Rothman & Co.

DRY GOODS ETC.



DEMOCRATIC TICKET

For President—
Gov. WOODROW WILSON
Of New Jersey

For Vice President—
Gov. THOMAS R. MARSHALL
Of Indiana

Electors at-large—
Wendall A. Anderson, La Crosse.
Louis G. Bomrich, Milwaukee.

District Electors—
1st Dist. E. F. Merton, Waukesha.
2nd " Oscar F. Roessler, Jefferson.
3rd " George W. Crawford, Mineral Point.

4th Dist. J. E. Dodge, Milwaukee.
5th " Rollin B. Mallory.
6th " Chas. H. Lambert, Berlin.
7th " W. N. Coffland, Viroqua.
8th " E. C. Zimmerman, Wausau.
9th " John A. Kuypers, DePere.
10th " George C. Cline, Hudson.
11th " John A. Hobe, Superior.

STEVENS POINT, WIS.
WEDNESDAY, OCT. 2, 1912

The Governor's Act.

Democrats will take a complacent view of the act of Gov. McGovern in coming out for the Roosevelt ticket. The widening of the breach in the Republican party in the state can end in only one way—benefit to the Democratic cause, says the Milwaukee News. That because those citizens who are or will become disgusted with the personalities in the present ruling party will turn to the Democratic party for relief, as will those Republicans who feel that they cannot follow either wing of the old party.

Then, too, the division of the old party which has so long ruled in the state will tend to give the Democrats a larger advantage. The Republican pluralities in the state have been large, but not so large that they can be divided and exist. This is so especially in a year whose chief political characteristic is a popular turning to the party of Jefferson, Jackson, Bryan, Wilson, less extravagance, lower expenses, and relief from high cost of living that has been an increasing burden.

Of the political ethics the governor's action brings into discussion—that is a Republican matter. But the effect of his action on Democratic affairs and success is a Democratic matter, one viewed with interest by all Democrats. And while bickering and unbrotherly feeling is never to be desired, Democrats cannot but view with a certain satisfaction this further split in the party which for so long has dominated the state.

Col. Henry Casson, veteran newspaper man and politician, having served as secretary to Gov. Rusk in the 80's, holding other important state and national positions in later years, died at Madison last week, following an operation. Col. Casson was 69 years of age.

Relative to Gov. McGovern's recent letter wherein he declares his loyalty to Roosevelt for President and criticizes the other leading candidates, T. H. Hanne of this city said in an interview with a Milwaukee Journal representative: "Any criticism that Gov. McGovern directed at Gov. Wilson is going to cause Democrats who were inclined to vote the state Republican ticket to return to their own party. If there were Democrats who, following the state primary, were inclined to vote for McGovern, their number is likely to decrease when McGovern turns his fire upon their Progressive national candidate. Being a Bull Moose is a mistake all around, as far as this part of the state is concerned. Bull Moose are too few, and LaFollette Progressives and Wilson Democrats are too numerous.

Most people expected that Gov. McGovern would get off the fence which he had been straddling for several weeks, but very few anticipated that he would jump on the "independent" side, as the Bull Moosers, under all circumstances, cannot be termed Republicans, Col. Roosevelt having seceded from the "regulars" when he organized a convention and party of his own. The attitude of McGovern under all circumstances is surprising and the followers of Taft certainly cannot support him. Neither can the adherents of LaFollette, who has been bitterly opposed to Roosevelt since the latter went back on all promises previously made, as well as indications of friendship, manliness and statesmanship. The result seems to be that Judge Karel cannot fail to be elected as Wisconsin's next governor by a majority even larger than given to Geo. W. Peck in his two elections in the '90's. Wisconsin needs a change and the time is now ripe to make it.

Democrats are progressive; Gov. McGovern claimed to be progressive, but still he attacks Woodrow Wilson, the Democratic candidate for President, and declares he cannot vote for him, preferring Roosevelt, the "only great I am." No Democrat should cast his ballot for either Roosevelt or McGovern.

Gov. McGovern received but 81,899 votes in the recent primary, against 85,213 votes cast for the two Democratic candidates. In a state where the Republican vote has run 3 to 1, McGovern's vote shows his unpopularity, and indicates the election of a Democratic governor in November, says the Rhinelander News, Republican. It was also an evidence of the feeling against the radical legislation favored by the present "Republican" state administration.

If there was a Democrat in Wisconsin who intended to vote for Gov. E. McGovern to succeed himself at the November election, his recent and most surprising action, wherein he announces himself as a supporter of Theodore Roosevelt, the "great and only I am," should change his course. John C. Karel is not only entitled to every vote in his party, but to those of all honest, broad-minded men without regard to their political affiliations, progressive and stalwart, and the indications are that he will receive a safe majority of them.

The Journal congratulates the Portage county Republican committee upon the passage of resolutions endorsing the administration of President Taft. The resolutions were just and timely and their passage by a unanimous vote of the committee, the membership of which is composed of men who hold different views on state politics, is one of the gratifying features of the action taken.—Journal.

The word "unanimous" in the above quotation is not entitled to the prominence it receives with the balance of the paragraph. While it is not known definitely that there were either Wilson or Roosevelt men in the convention, several, if not a majority of the delegates were conspicuous for their silence when the vote was taken.

In his celebrated announcement, given to the people a few days ago, Francis E. McGovern said: "Nor can I support the Democratic ticket." This admission brings no relief, as no one expected he would, and Democrats can get along pretty well without him. The governor, however, says that "Wilson is a clean, wholesome, gifted and patriotic American." He could not speak otherwise and tell the truth, but when he declares that Wilson is a free-trade Democrat, he opens a channel for discussion. Democrats do not believe in or advocate absolute free trade, but want the present excessive tariff on the necessities of life reduced, or wiped out entirely in some instances, to the benefit of ninety-nine one-hundredths of the people of this country, and not for the benefit of a diminutive faction that grows richer and more powerful with each passing day.

Tuesday Morning Wedding.

Anton Schultz and Miss Helen Stolcz, both of this city, were married at St. Peter's church at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning, Rev. S. A. Elbert officiating. The attendants were Leo Shultz and Miss Beana Golla. A reception followed at the home of the groom's sister, Mrs. John Polebitski, near St. Joseph's Academy. Leo and his bride will go to housekeeping at 412 N. Second street. He is a butcher by trade and is employed on the North Side.

BACK TO HIS FIRST LOVE

John H. Brennan, Who a Number of Years Ago Left the Democratic Party, Now for Wilson.

The following, taken from a recent issue of the Oklahoman, published at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, will be read with pleasure by Democratic friends of John H. Brennan among readers of The Gazette, and possibly by some who have not heretofore been Democrats:

Judge John H. Brennan of Bartlesville, for years one of the most powerful republican leaders of eastern Oklahoma, gave his reasons to The Oklahoman Monday evening for becoming a democrat, and explained why he will give his vote and support to Woodrow Wilson for president and to the democratic national and state tickets from top to bottom.

"I am a progressive," said Judge Brennan. "The only place for a progressive is in the democratic party. That's why I changed my politics after fighting republican battles for years." Judge Brennan years ago lived in Wisconsin. He fought side by side with Senator Bob LaFollette and saw that fiery person win victory after victory in the name of progressivism. Then he realized that fighting for progressivism under republican colors was like conducting evangelical services on a slave boat, and when President Big Bill Taft broke steam roller records at Chicago, he gave it up.

"When I read the democratic platform, learned of the democratic nominees of the Baltimore convention and again carefully sized up what was becoming to me an intolerable, revolting condition I realized that my course was to give up the republican party that for so long I had striven to see right in, and become a democrat."

Judge Brennan admitted that it had occurred to him to be a bull moose, but said he had not taken the notion very seriously. "It's for those who like it," he said pointing to the flaring badges and ensigns of the bull moosers congregated in the Skirvin lobby. "Publicity gained by sensational tactics and decorations flaunted to the skies do not make up the requirements of the political party that will serve the people as they should be served."

The new democratic convert is in Oklahoma City representing the great concern in which he is largely interested, both as a stockholder and attorney, the Indian Territory Illuminating Oil company, in a suit now being heard before Federal Judge John Cotter of the western Oklahoma district. Judge Brennan is one of the wealthiest men in the eastern part of the state and is a controlling power in politics.

TWENTY-FIVE YEARS AGO

Articles and Items of News that Appeared in the Columns of The Gazette, Quarter of a Century Ago Today.

John M. Keefe, a former resident of this city, is now living at Wausau.

A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. John Knauf at their home on Elk street last week.

Mrs. Garret Cleary and little son have returned home after a visit of several weeks at Neenah, Oshkosh and other cities below.

Felix Kamrowski, proprietor of a general store in the Johnsons block, is now in Europe, where he expects to remain a couple of months on business and pleasure.

Rt. Rev. Katzer of Green Bay confirmed nearly 200 boys and girls at St. Stephen's church last Sunday morning, and in the afternoon about the same number were confirmed by him at St. Peter's church.

John Benham of Flushing, Mich., has been in the city for a few days visiting with his son, Arthur, and in company with Anthony Cunneen went up the Plover river yesterday to show the boys how they kill deer in Michigan.

A. R. White, who has been in the hardware business here for a number of years, is closing out his stock, expecting to retire from active pursuits for a time at least, and may decide to move to Milwaukee with his family to spend the coming winter.

Pat O'Connor and wife left yesterday morning for Prentice, where Pat has spent most of the past summer building logging shanties and making preparations for the winter campaign for Knox Bros. He will now have a small crew there engaged in cutting roads, and Mrs. O'Connor will remain until spring.

After an illness of over a year's duration with consumption, Miss Mabel Winslow died at the home of her mother, Mrs. C. Winslow, on Plover street, last Sunday night, aged 18 years. Her death was doubly sad owing to the recent deaths of her father, a brother and sister, all of whom passed away within a few years.

Among those from this city who are in Chicago this week and will see President Cleveland and his party, who are making a tour of the country, are J. R. McDonald, Mr. and Mrs. V. Betlach, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. O. Parmeter and daughter, Miss Etta, Mr. and Mrs. R. A. Cook, A. R. Week, R. H. Butterfield, Misses Eva Week, Alice Kollock and Fannie and Blanche Catlin.

Buys Main Street Property.

Benj. Hutchinson, for several years a resident near Milladore, but who recently sold his farm, has concluded to become a Stevens Pointer and with his wife will occupy the Leo Wiesner house at 810 Main street. He purchased the property last week for a consideration of \$2,500. The lot has a frontage of 50 feet and is 132 ft. in depth. Mrs. Wiesner and son, Emanuel, left for Milwaukee last night to join their husband and father, who has been employed there a few weeks.

AMHERST.

Lambert Nelson was up from Wau-paca Sunday.

C. H. Van Cott visited relatives in Oshkosh this week.

A. C. Wilson spent Sunday with his family in this village.

Miss Nellie Gustin of Plainfield spent Sunday with relatives here.

Miss Grace Jordan of Auroraville is a guest of her brother, G. E. Jordan.

Miss Emily Phillips is spending some time with relatives at Libertyville, Ill.

Miss Kittie Lynch and her mother are occupying the Meeks home on Mill street.

Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Lea, Sr., returned from Oshkosh and Omro last Friday.

Mrs. Andrew P. Een visited among Winneconne friends a couple of days last week.

The Juvenile band, which has recently sprung into existence, is making some noise.

Mr. and Mrs. John Droske and family were in Oshkosh last week attending the fair.

Mrs. G. E. Dusenberry and Mrs. J. H. Delaney were visitors at Stevens Point last Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. B. Nelson were here from Stevens Point to spend Sunday with his parents.

Ed. F. Cooney of Stevens Point has moved his family into the Carpenter home on Wilson street.

Mr. and Mrs. S. J. Sebora of Junction City are the parents of a 10 pound boy, born at their home last week.

Miss Sarah Wilson returned to her duties at the postoffice, Friday, after a week spent with Wau-paca friends.

Mrs. Relief Atwell entertained about 16 of her Lady Maccabee friends from Stevens Point at a dinner at the old Grover homestead, Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Czeskleba returned from an extended visit with relatives at Montello, Lyndon Station and North Freedom, Saturday.

P. N. Peterson returned home Saturday morning from a business trip to St. Paul and Minneapolis. Besides his numerous other stations, Mr. Peterson will buy potatoes at Colby this season and is erecting a warehouse there.

Benj. Fleming, whose declining condition has been reported throughout the summer, died very suddenly at the home of his son, Marion A. Fleming, Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Funeral services at the home Tuesday at 2 p. m.

While operating a potato digging machine on his farm north of town, last Monday, Martin Gilbertson caught his left hand in the gearing and the index finger was cut off at the second joint. The accident is a very painful one and will put Martin out of commission a few weeks.

Miss Ella Rollefson, who moved to Chicago in the spring with her mother to make their home with Ella's sister, Mrs. Nella Fisher, died in that city Wednesday morning and was brought here Saturday morning. The body was taken from the train to Oakwood cemetery, where she was laid to rest in the family lot, and was accompanied by Mr. Fisher and Miss Lottie Tollefs-kowen of Stevens Point.

Entertained at Grover Farm.

Sixteen members of Willard Hive No. 65, Ladies of the Maccabees, made their annual pilgrimage to Amherst last Saturday, where they were entertained by Mrs. W. F. Atwell at the Grover farm home. They returned on the evening train, well satisfied with their day's outing. Incidentally it may be remarked that the ladies secured a corner on the Amherst egg market. Mrs. Atwell went to Amherst Friday morning to prepare for her expected guests, who included Mesdames Ira Barker, M. L. Alban, Lou Sawyer, Jas. Altenburg, Robt. Wilson, Eunice Smith, E. M. Rogers, T. E. Cauley, W. F. Parker, G. E. Morrill, P. J. Kellar, John Ryan, David Whitney, Max Neuwald, Geo. E. Vaughn and Carl Haase.

Won the President's Cup.

W. A. Gething returned from La Crosse, Saturday morning, where he spent the week in attendance at the fair and dog show. The fair was well attended, the weather being excellent, and on Thursday the attendance was estimated at 30,000. There were 300 dogs entered at the dog show, and Mr. Gething brought home the president's cup, valued at \$25, which he received for having the best dog of any breed exhibited. This was for his Airedale, Clipstone Voucher, which was mentioned as first limit, first open and first winner. Another Airedale and a beagle also took first limit, first novice, first open and winners' prizes, and dogs that he had entered for other parties were also awarded prizes.

We are Open for Business

Our New Department
is finished and stocked
with reliable Baldwin
Pianos and Players,
Columbia Grapha-
phones and every-
thing for the home.

G. B. Dodge

The House Furnisher

918 Normal Ave

STEVENS POINT, WIS.

Miss Daniels Married.

Married, at the Methodist church in Barnett, Missouri, on the evening of September 23d, Miss Mary Daniels of Stevens Point to J. A. Riffle of Barnett. This announcement comes in the nature of a surprise to many of the friends of the bride. Miss Daniels has been a popular nurse here for a number of years, living for some time with her mother on Center street. Since her mother's death in 1908 she has made her home with her aunt, Mrs. W. L. Arnett, 932 Clark street. Last November she went to Georgia to spend the winter, going from there to Missouri to visit her brother. Mr. Riffle is a well-to-do farmer and is to be congratulated on his success in being able to win this estimable lady, whose friends are only numbered by the list of her acquaintances.

Bad Cask in Wrist.

While at Waupaca last Thursday night, A. W. White of this city, better known as "Dell," met with a peculiar accident. He and his brother, Jesse, registered at Hotel Delevan, the former retiring early, and a little later arose to put down a window, the night being quite cold. In doing so his hand slipped from the casing and went through the glass, cutting a gash in his wrist, from which the blood spurted. This caused Mr. White to faint and as he fell back across the bed, he tipped over a pitcher of water. The dripping of the water through the ceiling caused the employees in the office below to make an investigation, Mr. White still being unconscious when they called at his room. Medical aid was summoned at once and Dell has about fully recovered.



A GOOD FENCE

Put it up before the snow flies.
Good fence is an investment, not an expense.

We sell fence made of large, stiff wires, galvanized heavily---a fabric flexible and wear-resisting. It has weight, strength and durability---three needs in farm fences.

We are now selling our fence at lowest prices. It will pay you to see us.

Gross & Jacobs Co.

Coal and Hardware Merchants

GRAND OPPORTUNITY

For the next 30 days we offer
the following lines at COST
to close them out:

Men's, Boys' and Children's Shoes,
Men's and Boys' heavy Gloves and
Mittens, Men's "Staley" Under-
wear, (no better made) and Men's
Sweaters and Overshirts.

Call Early and Lay
in a Supply . . .

G. F. Andrae Co.

Will The REAL FREEMEN Uphold Wilson's Hands?

Woodrow Wilson has refused emphatically to accept contributions to his Campaign Fund from the Interests, from corrupting influences, from any questionable sources.

He has given us, the Democratic National Committee, to understand that he will go into the White House with clean hands or not at all.

Who Is Getting The Money of The Trusts?

So sure has been Wilson's stand, so well known his incorruptible purpose, that no private interests have dared to approach either our candidate or his committee.

We have not been offered a penny by the trusts, and we neither have not solicited a penny from them. The money of the Interests is being spent against Wilson. No matter for whom—we need not discuss that here—it is now common gossip that the money power of the nation is being used in an attempt to defeat Woodrow Wilson.

What Is a "People's Campaign?"

We are addressing ourselves to the real freemen of America, the upright, Progressive Voters of the country who are doing the work of the nation and not the work of trusts and bosses.

We realize that the salvation of every righteous cause rests with you.

Often this cry of a People's Party or a People's President is raised by the very forces we seek to defeat and whom we must and will defeat. But look to our standard and our standard bearer and decide yourself as to which is the People's Campaign and must, therefore, be fought with the People's money.

Woodrow Wilson Has Clean Hands

Woodrow Wilson is the cleanest man in national politics. He came of illustrious forefathers, who laid by blood and heredity the foundation of a future President through generation after generation of upright record.

If Wilson is to be elected it must be by clean money and there is only one source of such money—from the voters of the country who realize the importance of having a government uninfluenced by the almighty dollar.

Wilson's hands are clean.

Will you uphold them?

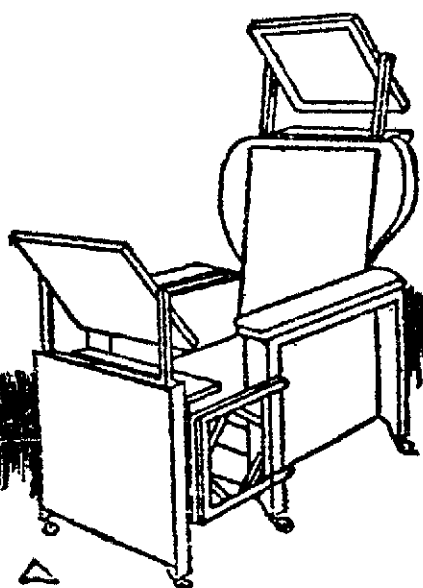
How Much Money Will You Give? How Much Can You Raise?

There are big campaign expenses to be met if we are to win on Election Day in November. We must tell the voters of the country about Wilson, what he is, what he has done. We must show them his record. We must show them his platform. We must point out to them the features of his platform which mean so much to this nation. This great work will cost a lot of money. We must meet the usual heavy toll necessary to present a platform and a candidate to a hundred million.

Your dollar, your \$5, your \$10, your \$20 is needed. And don't mistake—we want the man who can only afford the one dollar. We need him. We need the woman who can

HINTS FOR THE BUSY HOUSEWIFE

A Handy Mirror Chair For the Use of Invalids.



A Tennessee man has designed the chair here illustrated for the use of invalids. A mirror is hinged on a sort of footboard in front, and another mirror swings on arms rising above the back. These mirrors can be so arranged that anything reflected in one is seen in the other, and the occupant can see a person approaching from practically any point without turning his head, wherefore it would seem that the chair was designed chiefly for paralytics. The chair is on rollers, so that it can be moved about easily.

Baked Stuffed Peppers.

Wash six large green peppers, put them in boiling water five minutes, cut off the stems, remove the seeds and stuff with one cupful of cold meat minced fine and an equal amount of stale breadcrumbs. Add salt, pepper and onion juice, with water or stock to moisten. Replace the stems, set the peppers in a deep dish, pour in as much cold gravy as the dish will hold and bake in a moderate oven for half an hour. They may be stuffed with sausage meat and bread.

Red Vegetable Salad.

Take about a pint of beets, boiled and cut in fine pieces, add to these an equal quantity of cold boiled potatoes, also cut in small pieces. Let stand for an hour or more on the ice until the potatoes become red. Fill a salad bowl with sliced onion, put into it some red cabbage shredded and then add the potatoes and beets. Over all pour a French dressing and let it stand on the ice for half an hour before serving.



The Customer—Is that a real ostrich feather?
The Salesman—What, for tenpence? Oh, no, madam; "ostrich" is merely its nom de plume!—London Sketch.

Paradoxical.

Bacon—There's one thing I can't understand.
Egbert—Tell it to me.
Bacon—When a couple get married it is said they become one; but, again, they say it takes two to make a quarrel.—Satire.

His Anxiety.

She—You must see papa, dear, about our marriage. But don't be anxious about the outcome.
He—What I'm anxious about is the income.—Boston Transcript.

Twin Misfortunes.

"Here I have an electric runabout on my hands."
"I'll match you. I've got a shocking run around on my finger."—Baltimore American.

Aviation.

A school of aviation for women only has been established in Berlin.

During the last year one aviator was killed in every 6,200 miles flown.

Twenty squadrons of 120 aeroplanes will take part in the fall maneuvers of the French army.

Masts used by the British army for anchoring dirigible balloons carry at their tops cones into which the noses of the balloons fit.

Fruits and Flowers.

The peach blossoms before the leaves appear.

The apple, pear and cherry put out their leaves before blossoming.

It takes a year or two for raspberries to reach their best bearing condition.

Plants wanted especially for flowering should never be allowed to produce seed. To prevent this cut off all the old flowers as soon as they wither.

Penzance is the westernmost seaport and watering place in England.

Roasting Meat.

Always lower the temperature of the oven somewhat fifteen or twenty minutes after a roast has been placed in it. This will insure that the juices be retained.

Alligators.

Alligators not only supply valuable leather, but there are a number of by-products. The skin scrapings can be used for making glue; the teeth, a perfectly white ivory of medium hardness, can be worked into an endless variety of small articles; the grease gives a fine yellow oil, which is used by the natives for lung diseases, while the flesh and bones can be used for fertilizer.

Maltese Cats.

The Maltese cat does not exist in Malta. At least not one has been seen there of the color called Maltese in the United States.

Births in Holland.

In some parts of Holland a birth is announced by fastening a silk pin-cushion on the doorknob. If the pin-cushion is red the baby is a boy and if white a girl.

Prices in Seville.

Roses are 18 cents a dozen in mid-winter in Seville. The cost of theater tickets is not usually more than 42 cents. But railway travel for short distances costs nearly 4 cents a mile.

Snake Bite.

Snake bite as a cure for consumption is mentioned in Sanskrit writings as having been practiced for five or six thousand years.

Danish Postage Stamps.

Denmark has used postage stamps for sixty years. Early alterations were caused by changes of currency. It was not till 1904 that the portrait of the Danish king was introduced.

Hop Over.

This is a game that most children under thirty seem to get very much fun out of. All the players stand in a ring about two feet apart from each other, except one, who takes the place in the middle, holding a long stout string, to the end of which is firmly tied a small book wrapped in paper. Some other small object, not too heavy, would answer as well.

The person in the center then whirls the book around near the floor, holding by the string and each time coming closer to the feet of those standing in the circle, who as it nears them must jump up and let it pass under their feet. As the book is whirled more and more rapidly the jumping becomes quite lively, for if it touches the foot of any one that person must take his or her turn in the middle and try to hit the feet of some one else who is not sufficiently alert or active.

PARTY'S LEADERS ON GOV. WILSON

In Line With Trend of Thought Which Has Taken Hold of People.—John Sharp Williams.

IS WISE, CLEAN AND BRAVE

New Jersey's Executive "Was Made to Order for the Next Democratic Nomination," Says U. S. Senator Hoke Smith.

Men high in the councils of the Democratic party have declared that Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey is the logical nominee for the presidency at the Baltimore convention next June. Following are some of their estimates of the man:

U. S. Senator John Sharp Williams of Mississippi—Governor Wilson is in line with the trend of political thought which has taken hold of the people, and I believe he would be the strongest candidate the Democrats could name. He would get thousands of votes from progressive Republicans.

Thomas P. Gore, U. S. senator from Oklahoma—Governor Wilson embodies the hopes and aspirations of the people. His fitness is above challenge, his availability is superior to any other candidate. More minds unite in the support of Wilson than any other candidate.

Josephus Daniels, editor Raleigh News and Observer and Democratic national committeeman from North Carolina—No man in this decade has appealed to the popular imagination or so won the public confidence as Woodrow Wilson, and everywhere those who are looking for an end of government by bosses for their own benefit and the enrichment of what is called "the interests" or "big business" look to Governor Wilson, ideally fitted, as the man for the big job America wishes to have done. Wilson has shown that he knows how to do it by the unparalleled record of the New Jersey legislature under his leadership.

Richard Olney, secretary of state under President Cleveland—Woodrow Wilson has proved his possession of the inestimable gift of leadership, and is of the type of men in whom lies the best hope of the country's future. I may add that he has a capacity and propensity for telling the truth which is not always to the advantage and satisfaction of those who ask for it.

U. S. Senator Geo. E. Chamberlain, Oregon—Why do I favor Woodrow Wilson? Because first of all he is a progressive man. I am tired of stand-patters, and I believe the rest of the people in my locality are as tired of them as I am.

U. S. Senator Obadiah Gardner of Maine—Woodrow Wilson would help the Democracy in carrying Maine.

Former Governor C. S. Thomas of Colorado—Woodrow Wilson comes nearer being the type of Democrat who will appeal to the citizenship of Colorado than any other possibility mentioned.

Louis Wylie, business manager of the New York Times—The growing popularity and strength of Governor Woodrow Wilson of New Jersey are due to the conviction in the public mind that he is sincere and devoted to the public welfare.

A. A. Quinn of New Jersey, first vice president of the United Carpenters of America—We have the most progressive governor in the country. He will be our next president.

Charles G. Helfner, chairman state Democratic committee of Washington—Woodrow Wilson stands for genuine representative government—the actual rule of the people.

Captain Richmond Pearson Hobson, member of congress from Alabama—It is very clear from wide observation that Wilson's strength has so grown and so overshadows other candidates, that the part of all loyal Democrats, it seems to me, is to prepare the way for his nomination as nearly as possible by acclamation.

Judge A. Van Wagenen, Sioux City, Ia.—Woodrow Wilson is more progressive than Roosevelt ever was in his most excited moments, but he has the determination of an Andrew Jackson, and the faith in the common people of a Jefferson, and with these he has a clear perception of conditions as they exist and of methods by which wrong can be effectively and peaceably righted.

Hoke Smith, United States senator from Georgia—Woodrow Wilson was made to order for the next Democratic nomination.

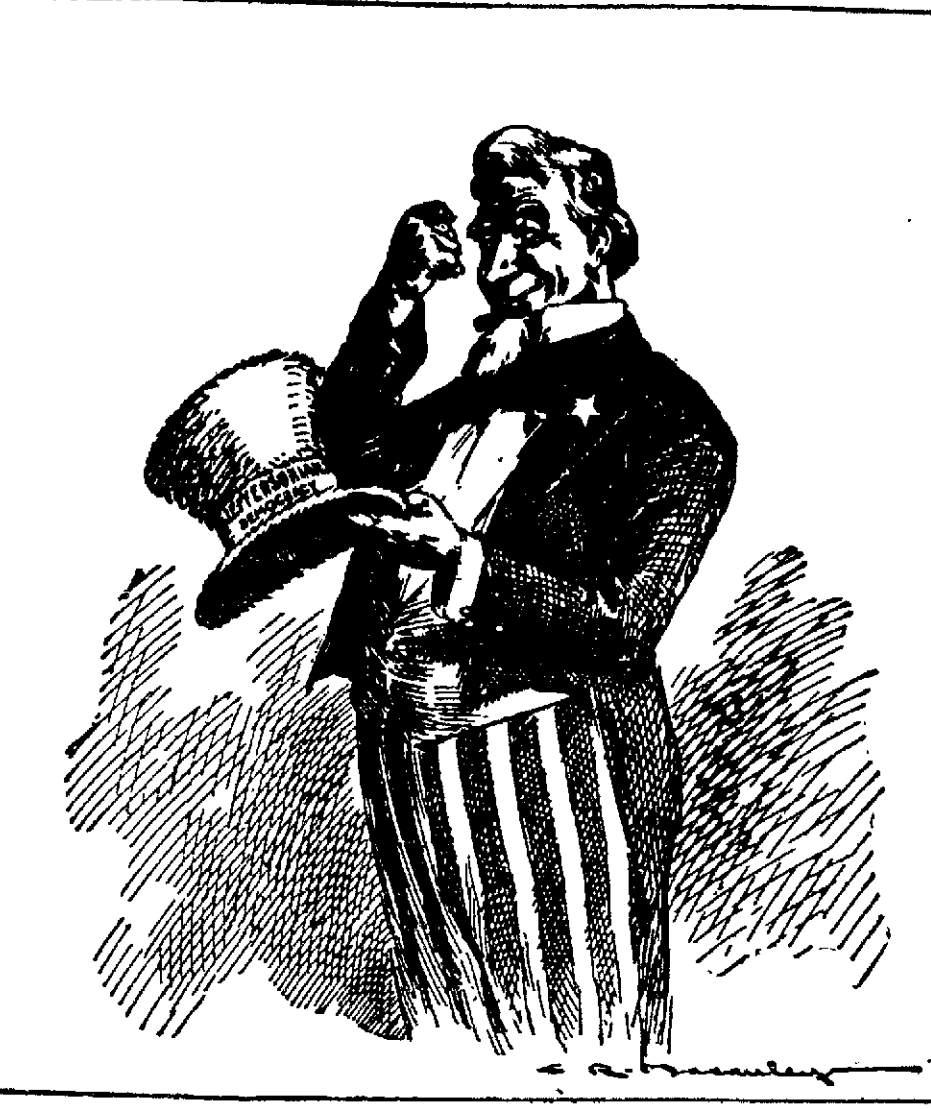
U. S. Senator Francis G. Newlands of Nevada—Woodrow Wilson has become a national voice.

Eugene A. Reed, Democratic committeeman from New Hampshire—Woodrow Wilson represents everything that a good Democrat should represent.

A. S. Burleson, member of congress from Texas and chairman of the Democratic caucus of the house of representatives—It would amount almost to treachery for the Democratic national convention not to seize the opportunity of success that would come to it if it nominated Woodrow Wilson.

Willard Saulsbury, national Democratic committeeman from Delaware—I am getting a little tired of continual defeat and I want a candidate who can win. In Woodrow Wilson I believe we have such a candidate, and I predict his nomination on the second ballot.

BRUSHING UP THE OLD 'HAT.



—From New York World.

FOR THE CHILDREN

Soldiers and Sailors Game.

The players clasp hands, forming two rings about fifteen feet apart. One ring is composed of soldiers, while the other is made up of sailors. In the center of the soldiers' ring there are three sailors standing as prisoners, while in the middle of the sailors' ring there are three soldier captives. A soldier in the soldiers' ring throws a soft rubber ball over to one of the imprisoned soldiers in the sailors' ring. If a captive soldier catches it he returns it by throwing it back to the soldiers' ring. Then the soldiers try to catch it rather than let one of the imprisoned sailors get the ball, for that keeps the power of the game in the hands of the soldiers, who throw it back to one of their men in the sailors' ring. If an imprisoned man of either side catches the ball three times during the game he is considered captured by his men, so may join their ranks in their circle. This catching the ball three times is very hard, as the players in the ring into which the ball is thrown all try to get possession of the ball. They may drop hands and break circle as soon as they see the ball leave the pitcher's hand. If, however, they do not protect the boundaries of their circle or allow a prisoner to escape, he may join his own men and be safe. The first circle capturing its men wins the game.

The French Tricolor.

The well known tricolor of France dates from the revolution of 1789.

Long Courtships.

In no country in the world are courtships so abnormally long as in Bohemia, where engagements commonly last from fifteen to twenty years. In fact, there recently died there, at the age of ninety-nine, an old man who had been courting for seventy-five years and who was married on his deathbed.

Whalebone.

The whalebone is not bone, strictly speaking, but bristles found in the mouth of the whale by which the animals are enabled to entrap small fish for food.

Aunt Dorcas' Rag Carpet.

The children stand in a ring, holding hands, with one in the center, who begins the game by giving the name of a different color to each player and then says: "My Aunt Dorcas is making a rag carpet. First she sewed a red stripe and a brown stripe together."

At this the two children to whom the colors "red" and "brown" were given leave their places and try to run around the outside of the circle and regain their places before the one inside can break through and catch either of them. If they both succeed in getting back the one inside the ring goes on with her story, saying, for instance, "Next she sewed a green and orange stripe together." Without regard for color effects, instantly "green" and "orange" leave their places and make the same attempt as did the first two runners. So the game goes on until one is caught and takes the place in the center.

Shoes For Geese.

To protect their feet geese reared at Bulpham, Essex, England, when driven to the various markets are made to walk through sand and tar, thus forming "shoes."

Creamed Oysters.

Mix one tablespoonful of flour very smoothly with a little cold milk or cream, stir into one pint of boiling cream and allow it to cook ten minutes, but take care not to let it burn. Let the oysters come to a boil in their own liquor, strain and add the oysters to the cream. Salt and pepper to taste. A flavoring of onion and mace may be added to the cream if desired.

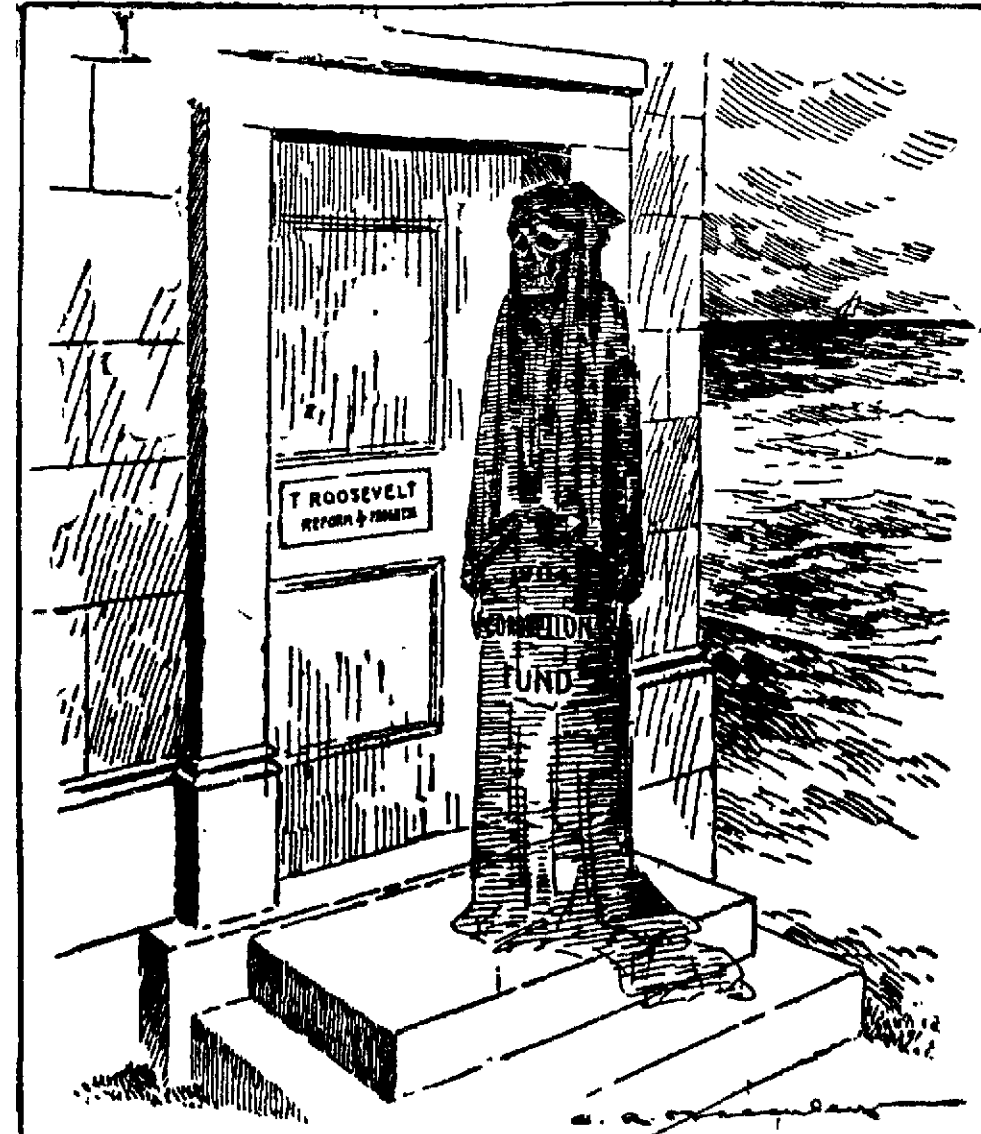
The Only Way.

If he comes to borrow ten
I am out.
Tell him, office boy, again
I am out.
It's the only way to win
Or to save my hard earned tin.
For if he should find me in
I am out.
—Lippincott's Magazine.

Some Distance.

"They tell me that the Swedes are very thrifty," said Dawson. "They make a little money go a great way." "You bet they do!" said Dubbleigh. "They send pretty nearly all they get back to Sweden. That's a good 6,000 miles, isn't it?"—Judge's Library.

HIS PAST.



—From New York World.

It will be remembered that it was in 1904 that Roosevelt wrote the celebrated "My Dear Mr. Harriman" letter, saying "you and I are practical men" and asking the millionaire magnate to the White House, and after a conference that Mr. Harriman raised \$240,000, which was used in the campaign; and that it was also in this campaign Perkins contributed toward Roosevelt's campaign insurance company money belonging to women and children.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted at once. Good wages paid. Call upon or write to A. M. Christman, 424 W. 1st street, city.

DRIVING HORSE for sale, together with buggy, cutter and harness. Enquire at this office.

FOR RENT—The Riverside Hotel, all furnished. Enquire of T. Olsen, or telephone 54.

FOR SALE—House, barn and 2 lots; a nice home and location; beautiful large elm shade trees and best of all, a first-class neighborhood. M. H. Ward, 806 Clark street.

FOR SALE OR RENT, 7 room house, barn and 2 lots, 316 Mathilda and Warner streets. M. H. Ward, 806 Clark street.

FOR SALE—Seven room house, 222 North Division street, corner Briggs. Two blocks from Normal. If interested inquire of or write Carl T. Gunderson, 803 Clark street.

FOR SALE—Residence property at 502 Franklin street can be bought at a bargain. Call at once or telephone 54.

FOR RENT—My store building on N. Second street, or will sell the entire property at a bargain. See me at once or address me at Neenah, Wis. Jas. Quinn.

WANTED—Competent girl for kitchen work. Good wages. Apply to Mrs. E. D. Glennon, 518 Normal avenue.

FOR SALE—160 acre farm, 2 miles southeast of Plover, 140 acres clear, balance wood land; house, stone cellar. Very large barn, granary and other buildings; wind mill. Farm all fenced in 20 acre lots. Fine potato and stock farm. For price and other information see or address J. J. Heffron, 313 Clark street, Stevens Point, Wis.

T. Olsen, phone 54, is prepared to deliver green mill wood.

Philip Savitsky was a business visitor at Waupaca this week.

Chas. H. Cashin transacted legal business at Ironwood, Mich., this week.

John M. Smart, the Plainfield capitalist, was a visitor to this city last week.

Girl wanted for general housework. Best of wages. Call at 624 Main street.

Mr. and Mrs. Pardee King of Abbotsford visited relatives in this city last Saturday.

Miss Mabel Reading was up from Neenah, where she is teaching, to spend Saturday and Sunday at home.

The Ladies' Aid of St. Stephen's church made \$23.75 at the coffee given at the home of Miss Mary Cassidy a couple of weeks ago.

John Kluck, Jr., of Ironwood, Mich., is spending a few days in the city, a guest of his sister, Mrs. Jos. Prodzinski, on Normal avenue.

Geo. Fishleigh of Chicago spent the latter part of the week visiting at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Fishleigh, in the town of Carson.

Would you like to learn telegraphy? If so, join the class at the Stevens Point Business College night school and learn it as it is taught in a real office.

The McAuley farm of 90 acres near Custer station is offered for rent on good terms. Between 50 and 60 acres under plow. Call at 1024 Main street.

Sigmund Green boarded Sunday morning's train for Tripoli, Iowa, to spend a week or more in that vicinity, buying horses for Green Bros.' sales tables.

Rev. and Mrs. Montague and little daughter, Florence, spent Tuesday at the Veterans' Home near Waupaca, visiting an old soldier friend of the reverend gentleman.

Mrs. Jas. E. Phillips of Medford and E. E. Burns of Stanley came down last Sunday and drove to Almond to attend the funeral of their niece, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Burns.

Why work for \$5.00 per week when a little time spent at the Stevens Point Business College will fit you for an \$8.00 or \$10.00 per week position? It will cost you nothing to investigate.

Beware of imitators. If you want to order wood or coal, ring up telephone 54; when ordering wood or coal from a teamster on the street be sure that Olsen's name is on the wagon box.

Jas. W. Boyle, who owns a large farm in the town of Dewey, was here from Milwaukee last Sunday. He was accompanied by John Kaemerling, who may conclude to purchase the property.

Mr. and Mrs. Newman Hoag and Mrs. Allen Behrendt went to Amherst Tuesday morning to attend the funeral of Benj. Fleming. Mr. Hoag had known the deceased for over half a century.

Julius Sonnenberg of this city went to Park Falls last Sunday afternoon to accept a position as bookkeeper and stenographer for the Suttill Lumber Co. The young man is a graduate of the Stevens Point business college.

Regular services will be held at St. Paul's M. E. church next Sunday at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., with sermons by the new pastor, Rev. Montague. The Sunday school will meet at 9:45 in the morning and the Epworth League session is at 6:30 p. m.

The stock of Reton Bros. & Co., jewelers, was sold at auction last Thursday, as per notice previously given, and was sold to Nels Reton, the highest bidder, for \$6,500. The firm name will remain the same and the business will be continued at the old stand.

The Papermakers and All Star football teams played at the fair grounds Sunday afternoon, the former winning with a score of 6 to 0. The Normal and High school teams played on Saturday, the former with the Grand Rapids High in this city, and the latter at Tomahawk, accounts of which are given by our school correspondents.

A sixteen foot addition is being built onto Wm. Atkins' grocery store on Main street, opposite the Normal school. All of the new part will be used for business purposes but a portion of the original store will be made into living rooms for his family.

The roof will also be raised and two rooms added on the second floor. Wm. Martin is the contractor.

Mrs. D. J. Leahy visited with Waupaca friends last Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Young were Oshkosh visitors the last of the week.

D. I. Sickelsteel transacted legal business at Oshkosh Tuesday afternoon.

Chester Rogers went to Manitowoc last Saturday on a couple of days' business trip.

G. W. Andrae is spending a few days in Milwaukee, going down to see the automobile races.

Mr. and Mrs. O. C. Moe went to Milwaukee last Sunday on a few days' business and pleasure trip.

Mrs. H. O. Halverson is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. C. A. Evanson, at Austin, Minn.

W. E. Uie and James Glennon came up from Biron last Saturday afternoon and spent Sunday in the city.

Geo. Julier spent a couple of days fishing at Gills Landing this week, meeting with his usual good luck.

Miss Evelyn Hall of Ripon, district president of the Rebekahs, is visiting here a few days with Mrs. F. E. Noble.

E. B. Robertson, president of Wisconsin State bank, has erected a garage just to the rear of his home on Division and Pine streets.

Mrs. John Clark of St. Paul has been a guest at the home of her husband's mother, Mrs. G. B. Clark, since last Thursday morning.

Mrs. Wm. Seeger of Abbotsford and Mrs. W. H. Trestrail of Eau Claire visited here this week with the first named lady's son, L. J. Seeger.

M. H. Aitenburg, a leading merchant and good citizen of Daney, visited here for a day last week with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. H. Altenburg.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Ray of Chicago spent Sunday and a part of Monday in the city, guests of the latter's sister, Mrs. Rose McCallum, on Ellis street.

Mrs. J. R. Means spent part of last week at Wausau, going up to visit her daughter, Miss Florence, who is engaged as a trained nurse in that city.

Mrs. Frank Maddy and Mrs. Agnes O'Connor left for Bayfield last week to visit with the first named lady's cousin, Mrs. Geo. A. Packard, for a few days.

The Odd Fellows of district No. 15 will meet at Stumpf Lodge hall in this city on Friday, the 11th inst. Several of the Grand Lodge officers are expected to be present.

Geo. L. Glennon and Geo. Heil left for Milwaukee, Monday morning, the latter to resume his commercial studies and the former to take up pharmacy at Marquette University.

Frank Campbell of Mechanicsville, Iowa, is visiting in the city at the home of his sister, Mrs. A. E. Larson, having recently leased his farm and is now a gentleman of leisure.

Shepard F. Kollock, who owns a farm in the town of Almond which is recognized as being equal to the best in Portage county, was a business visitor to this city last Monday.

It is reported that A. W. Prehn of Wausau may be brought out as a Bull Moose candidate for member of congress in this district. Mr. Prehn is a prominent attorney in our neighboring city.

Anton C. Krembs returned from a visit in Chicago and at Champaign, Ill., Monday morning, where he had been visiting relatives, and Mrs. Krembs and little daughter remained for a longer visit.

R. G. Sherwood of Virginia City, Minn., will not be a candidate on the Democratic ticket for representative in his district in November, having been defeated at the primary last week by a vote of 149 to 132.

Miss Jessie Marshall came up from Chicago last Friday and remained in the city visiting her sister, Mrs. W. W. Bakens, and brother, J. M. Marshall, until Monday night. She came up especially to attend the funeral of Miss Bessie Bakens.

Eric Johnson, who was a resident of Stevens Point for a time about thirty years ago, died in a Merrill hospital last week, as a result of heart disease. He leaves a widow, one son and three stepchildren. The family recently moved from Iowa to Merrill.

Information received from Kerinen, S. D., is to the effect that Martin Griffin, formerly of this city, lost his entire crop of grain recently during a hail storm. The other former Stevens Pointers, so far as heard from, were not in the path of the storm.

Mrs. S. E. Karner has purchased the Wiswall property on Clark street, one of the finest residence sites in the city. Mr. and Mrs. Karner will occupy a part of the house, while Mrs. Irene Crowley will live in the other, Mrs. Wm. Walton having taken rooms at the Prentice residence.

John P. Hume, a former resident of Marshfield and well known in this city, has resigned as manager of the Wisconsin Advancement Association and is succeeded by A. D. Campbell. Mr. Hume has opened a sales agency for northern Wisconsin lands, with headquarters in Milwaukee.

The October term of circuit court will convene in this city on Monday next, Judge B. E. Park presiding. There are 7 criminal cases on the docket, the first being that of Aug. Krueger, charged with murder, besides 33 issues of fact for jury, 21 issues of fact for court and 1 issue of law for court.

Mr. and Mrs. M. W. Rice returned Monday evening from a visit of ten days with friends in Buena Vista, Almond and Bancroft. In his trip through the southern part of the county, Mr. Rice found the potato crop fair in some places and very poor in others, the blight having struck a number of fields.

Mrs. Mary Warshak, who had been living in Chicago for the past couple of years, has returned to the city, and together with her daughter, Miss Ella, and son, John, occupies the second floor of her home at the corner of Jefferson street and Center avenue. Her two other daughters, Misses Tena and Ella, will remain in Chicago.

Mrs. Katherine Moffit, who has been representing an educational work in Southern Michigan, was at home in this city over Sunday, coming for a visit with her son, John, who had been here for several weeks recuperating from an injury to his leg, and who has so far recovered as to be able to return to his work at Duluth this week.

Mrs. Sarah Perkins and daughter, Mrs. M. A. Hadcock entertained at one o'clock luncheon today at their home on Ellis street. Those who assisted in serving are Mesdames C. C. Conlisk, R. A. Cook, G. E. McDill, C. von Neupert, C. G. Macnish, R. B. Johnson, Louis Sawyer and Misses Anna Park and Ruth Cate.

A bay horse weighing 1,200 pounds is offered for sale. Call at 451 Main street.

Atty. H. B. Rogers of Portage transacted legal business in this city yesterday.

Miss Emily Berens returned last evening from an extended visit with Mrs. Jos. Koblelek at Algoma.

Mrs. Grant White went to Fond du Lac Tuesday afternoon and will visit friends there until Saturday.

Lawrence Park left this morning for the Northwestern Dental College in Chicago to resume his studies.

Miss Zita Whitney, who has been spending several weeks among relatives in this city, expects to return to Portland, Ore., next Wednesday.

Rev. S. A. Elbert is at Junction City today, going up to assist at special services in honor of St. Michael, the patron saint of the local Catholic church.

D. E. Frost will leave next Friday for a visit with his brother, F. J. at Boston, and will incidentally run over to Washington to hobnob with President Taft.

A fine picture of T. W. Brahany, private secretary to President Taft, and a brother-in-law of J. W. Dunegan of this city, appears in the last issue of Leslie's Illustrated Weekly.

Fred Walters, a successful rancher near Miles City, Mont., spent Tuesday in the city visiting his brother, Mayor F. A. Walters, having come east with a train of twenty-two car loads of sheep.

Mrs. E. A. Arenberg left on this morning's west bound Soo train for an extended visit at Portland, Ore., and other places along the Pacific coast. Mrs. Arenberg's daughter, Mrs. Wm. Mulvey, lives at Portland.

A first grade or clerical examination for employment in the custom house service, internal revenue service or for deputy marshal will be held in this city Feb. 1st. Full particulars may be learned at the local postoffice.

Wm. Dowsett and daughter, Miss Gertrude, expect to spend the coming winter at Portland, Oregon, where two sons of Mr. Dowsett have made their homes for several years. The Stevens Pointers will go west about Nov. 1st.

Jas. B. Sullivan went to Auburndale this morning to supervise plumbing work at J. C. Kiefer's farm home near that village. Sullivan & Co. are also at work on a big job of plumbing and heating in the country some nine miles south of Spencer.

Mrs. Wm. Borkenhagen of Eau Claire was a passenger on this morning's train for Oshkosh to visit her daughter, Mrs. Louis Retski of this city, who is being treated at St. Mary's hospital for enlarged spleen. The patient is improving slowly.

Any information as to the present whereabouts of Anton and Ludwig Slodowi, both of whom were residents of this city in 1884 or 1885, coming here from Romorshof, Czarnkorn, Germany, will be greatly appreciated by relatives. Kindly address or call at this office.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. T. Andrews of Chicago visited over Sunday with the lady's sister, Mrs. Lucy Hubbard, on Strongs avenue. They also spent a day or two at Grand Rapids with Will's mother and sister, Mrs. N. D. and Miss Mina Andrews. W. T. is a machinist with the Illinois Central railroad.

Rev. and Mrs. C. R. Montague arrived from Lake Mills last Saturday and are getting nicely located in the M. E. parsonage. Mr. Montague conducting services at the church on Sunday. Previous to their departure from Lake Mills, friends there tendered them an enjoyable surprise, the evening being spent with music, readings, addresses, etc.

Julke's Good Luck oleomargarine for sale at A. F. Behrendt's. Telephone red 331.

Mrs. A. H. Flaig of Abbotsford was an over Sunday guest at Geo. C. Stockley's home on Clark street.

E. J. N. Murat is confined to his home on Division street with a very sore foot. He stepped on a nail a day or two ago, which penetrated the foot. Remedies were promptly applied and no serious results are looked for.

Train dispatchers at the local offices of the Soo company have been given an increase of \$10 in their monthly wages and will in future receive checks for \$140. Several valuable concessions have also been granted them in working conditions.

The La Rose Brothers in vaudeville will be seen at the Grand on Thursday and Friday evenings of this week. There will also be three thousand feet of moving pictures, and entertainments of rare interest are promised. Special prices, 10, 15 and 20 cents.

Alois Gross has purchased a seventy-five foot frontage on Mill street, adjoining his home on the east, from Mrs. Ella Blake, the consideration being \$1,000. Mr. Gross will build a dwelling on the property for his own use, and after its completion his present home will be for sale or rent.

Horace E. Whittaker of Fond du Lac, a nephew of J. R. Whittaker of this city, was married at Manitowoc last Wednesday to Miss Anita Jeanette Richards. The ceremony took place at the bride's home. One of the bridesmaids was Miss Myra Peickard, a former resident of Stevens Point. Horace has many local friends who extend best wishes.

Chris. Hauff, a former resident of Amherst and this city, visited here last Saturday and Sunday at the home of his father-in-law, A. M. Nelson. Mr. Hauff has been located at Tacoma, Wash., for the past nine years, where he was employed as clerk in a big department store, but he recently resigned this position to go into the dry goods business for himself. He has gone to Chicago and New York on a buying trip.

J. W. Wade of Paris, Texas, was a visitor to this city Tuesday and this morning, coming north especially to buy a big line of goods from the Coye Furniture Co. He placed an order for between \$25,000 and \$30,000. This is Mr. Wade's first visit to Stevens Point and he was well impressed with our city, especially so with the Coye plant, which is running to full capacity and has orders ahead which will approximate about \$100,000.

There was a large gathering of Rebekahs at their lodge rooms in Odd Fellows' block last evening and besides conducting their regular work a farewell reception was tendered one of their esteemed members, Mrs. Leo Wiesner, who left for her new home in Milwaukee on the early train this morning. A souvenir spoon was presented Mrs. Wiesner in behalf of the order and refreshments of ice cream and cake were served.

Will Have Good Program.

The program for next Saturday afternoon's meeting of the Woman's Club promises to be an exceptionally entertaining and instructive one. Mrs. Geo. A. Whitney will preside as chairman. Current topics will be discussed under the leadership of Mrs. C. D. McFarland and Mrs. Geo. E. Vaughn and a reading given by Miss Myrna Jensen. Several musical numbers are also promised, including a solo, "The Evening Star," by Claude Eagleburger. All members are urgently asked to come, as business of much importance will be attended to before the literary features are taken up.

Are You Capable

really capable of starting and building a bank account of your own? If you really wanted to start and build an account, could you do it?

It's a question of some importance to you—a matter of vital importance to your future welfare.

Certainly you could—then why not do it? Why not begin at once? You appreciate the fact that a growing bank account has many advantages other than accumulating just the amount you are able to save. You cannot get rich on small savings alone, but you can get rich by using your accumulated savings to make good investments.

No matter how small your start, we shall be glad to have you open an account with us; be glad to help you in any way we can, consistent with safe, sound banking. We pay three per cent. on savings. You can start a savings account in this big bank with one dollar or more. All business confidential.

First National Bank

OF STEVENS POINT, WIS.

CAPITAL - - - \$100,000

Established in 1883 U. S. Depository



Yes, You Can Refinish a Piece Of Your Furniture at Our Expense

Call at our Store for Materials Free

WE WANT to prove to you, how simple—how easy it is to make an old piece of furniture like new—what beautiful, lasting results you can get from Johnson's Materials.

Here is what we give.

A bottle of Johnson's Electric Solvo to instantly remove the old finish. A

bottle of Johnson's Wood Dye—choose your shade from list below—to beautifully color the wood.

A package of Johnson's Prepared Wax to impart that rich, dim lustre—protect the finish against heel marks and scratches. It will not catch or hold dirt or dust.

Johnson's Wood Dye

is not a mere stain—not simply a surface dressing. It is a real, deep-seated dye, that goes to the very heart of the wood—and stays there—fixing a rich and permanent color. Johnson's Wood Dye is made in 14 standard shades:

No. 126 Light Oak
No. 127 Dark Oak
No. 128 Mission Oak
No. 110 Bog Oak

No. 122 Forest Green
No. 172 Flemish Oak
No. 178 Brown Flemish
No. 123 Light Mahogany

No. 130 Weathered Oak
No. 131 Brown Weathered
No. 132 Green Weathered
No. 140 Manila Oak or Early English

Let them demonstrate what Johnson's Materials will do in your home.

Free Samples and Literature at our Store

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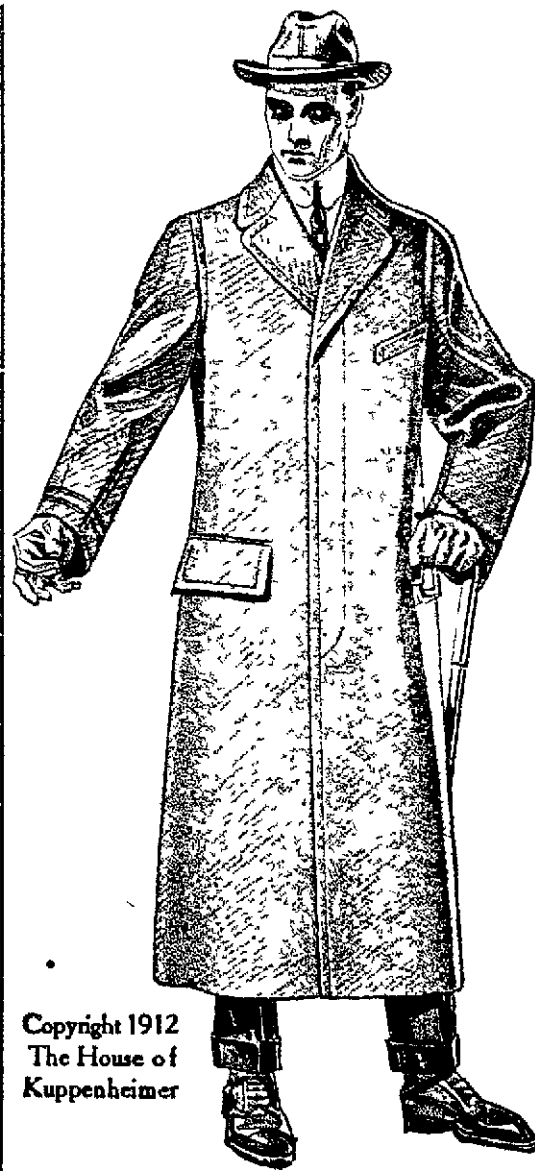
509-511 Main Street

Styleplus Clothes

\$17.00

The same price the world over

Are equal to the best \$20 and \$25 suits and overcoats you can buy anywhere from anybody. Why not keep in your own pocket that \$3.00 to \$8.00 difference in cold cash and still be as well dressed? Styleplus fabrics are all pure wool or wool and silk. These with the canvas, haircloth and the tape, which make up the framework of the garment, are thoroughly shrunk, insuring fit, style and self-retaining shape. Should any Styleplus garment fail to give satisfactory wear, bring it back and we will exchange it for a new Styleplus garment without any extra cost.



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We also carry a full line of Suits and Overcoats from \$8.50 to \$15.

All garments pressed free of charge.

A full line of Hats, Caps and Furnishings.

401-403 Main St.

Kuhl Bros.

Nature's Warning

Stevens Point People Must Recognize and Heed It.

Kidney ills come mysteriously. But nature always warns you. Notice the kidney secretions. See if the color is unhealthy. If there are settlements and sediment. Passages frequent, scanty, painful. It's time to use Doan's Kidney Pills. To ward off serious diseases. Doan's have done great work in Stevens Point.

Charles H. Curtis, 128 Center street, Stevens Point, Wis., says: "I was almost disabled by a pain in the small of my back and often I was in such great misery that I could hardly dress. Finally I came to the conclusion that my kidneys were causing all my suffering and I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, which were procured at Taylor's drug store. They acted promptly and improved my condition in every way. I publicly endorsed this remedy in 1908 and at the present time I am willing to confirm my former testimonial."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cts. Mailed by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agent for the U. S.

Remember the name—DOANS—and take no other.

IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

Zimmerman of Cubs Has Tie Hobby.



Photo by American Press Association.

One of the leading hitting sensations of the season, Heine Zimmerman, is an odd fellow off the field. His biggest hobby is neckties. He carries at least 100 ties on every trip the Chicago Cubs take and keeps adding to the collection. Zim changes three times a day. Every time he sees some one wearing a necktie he likes he finds out where he can get one like it.

Zim does not carry many clothes outside of neckties. He never has a collar laundered. He wears a collar once, throws it away and buys more—generally of a different pattern. He has worn every style of collar on the market.

Outside of baseball Zim likes to play "rum," a new game among ball players, and pinochle.

Baseball House at Cornell.

With the big job of grading the fifty-five acres on the new Cornell alumni field tract practically completed at last, plans for the first of the group of buildings to be constructed there are in the hands of contractors, and the final stage in the construction of Cornell's splendid new home for athletics has begun.

The first building to go up is the baseball house—the first building devoted to baseball to be built by any college, the committee believes.

The baseball building is to be a shell shaped structure of steel trusses and terra cotta, about thirty-five feet high, giving a clear playing space of 16,000 square feet.

The second of the buildings that will be erected, the training house, will house all the members of the athletic teams who may be in training at any time. The house will provide living quarters, studies, sleeping rooms and training table for the athletes.

The completion of the whole alumni field project depends on the amount of money collected from the alumni. Eventually the university is expected to build a gymnasium on the tract, and when this is completed the full project will have involved the expenditure of about a million dollars.

Pitcher Willis Lost Great Game.

Vic Willis, for thirteen years one of the star pitchers in the National league, showed his old time form the other day when, pitching for the Tri-county league, he let Port Deposit down without a hit and then lost the game, 1 to 0.

Two errors gave Port Deposit the winning run in the ninth inning. Willis had his famous drop ball, which was a terror for years to the best batters in the country, working to perfection. His control was also perfect, as he did not give a walk during the nine innings and fanned eight men. Taylor, a former Amherst college twirler, also pitched a great game for Port Deposit. He allowed but six hits scattered through as many innings, struck out ten and did not issue a pass.

Berna to Quit Running.

Anxiety to show his ability in business has compelled Tell Berna of Cornell, American two mile record holder, to hang up his running shoes for all time. He was graduated before he made the Olympic trip.

Though he didn't figure much in the distance events, he helped America win the team race. Cornell will miss Berna in future intercollegiate championships, but they have Jones for another year.

Berna assisted Jones in winning the big meet for Jack Monkey two years ago. He is a natural runner, and it's mighty bad for the game that he has made up his mind to quit at a time when he was showing his best form.

1916 Olympic Games in Germany.

Now that Germany has been awarded the 1916 Olympic games the American athletes can look to the 1915 Panama-Pacific exposition carnival of sports to be held in San Francisco as a good preliminary tryout. These will be the annual Amateur Athletic union contests.



Multitudes of People

take SCOTT'S EMULSION regularly to repair wasted vitality and enrich the blood to withstand winter colds and exposure.

It contains the highest grade of cod liver oil, medically perfected; it is a cream-like food-medicine, scrupulously pure and healthful without drug or stimulant. Endorsed and advocated by medical authorities everywhere.

SCOTT'S EMULSION drives out colds—nourishes the membranes of the throat and lungs and keeps them healthy.

Nothing equals SCOTT'S EMULSION for lung and bronchial weakness—sore, tight chests and all pulmonary troubles.

Equally good for infants, children or adults, but you must have SCOTT'S.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Bloomfield, N. J. 12-56

CUT RATE SHIPPING.

Cut rates on household goods to Pacific coast and other points. Superior service at reduced rates. The Boyd Transfer Co., Minneapolis, Minn. If

An inventor has completed a machine for making cheap cigarettes at the rate of 15 a minute, and now all that is required is a cheap, noncorrosive machine to consume them.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Man is a queer animal. He arises in righteous indignation at the thought of a woman wearing socks, and yet risks an eye when one climbs on a street car.

A Great Offer.

Special arrangements have been made whereby we can send you The Gazette and Chicago's greatest paper, The Daily Tribune, both for one year for \$4.25. Take advantage of this liberal offer if you want your home paper and the best metropolitan paper published. Cash in advance. If

In the midst of new sensations and startling developments the unloaded pistol is still killing its victims in the good old-fashioned way.

A Price Reduction.

The Milwaukee Journal, Wisconsin's big daily newspaper, on June 1st reduced its subscription price so that it can be sent with The Gazette, both for one year for only \$3.50, payable in advance. At this price this is the biggest newspaper bargain in the country. Subscribe now, and take advantage of this great offer. If

Ohio women have formed an anti-gossip league. Such charity ought to cover even the fashionable sins of the hobble skirt and the cigarette.

Buggies and Wagons.

I wish to announce that I am now receiving my line of buggies, carriages and wagons. They are all of the best make and I am selling them at rock bottom prices. Call and look the line over. Peter Trierweiler, 308 310 Clark street.

Another actress has obtained a divorce from her husband, but will not, we fear, cause the press agents to cease complaining about the popularity of the moving picture shows.

Dr. H. S. Card, M. D.
—grower of—
GINSENG AND GOLDEN SEAL PLANTS
Seed for sale at all times. Finest of American Ginseng, northern grown stock. Main gardens, 1100 Black, Ellis St. STEVENS POINT, WISCONSIN



200 Cartoons Tell More Than 200 Columns

The World's Best Each Month. Cartoons from dailies and weeklies published in this country, London, Dublin, Paris, Berlin, Munich, Vienna, Warsaw, Budapest, St. Petersburg, Amsterdam, Stuttgart, Turin, Rome, Lisbon, Zurich, Tokyo, Shanghai, Sydney, Canada, and South America, and all the great cities of the world. Only the 200 best out of 9,000 cartoons each month, are selected.

A Picture History of World's Events Each Month. CAMPAIGN CARTOONS—Follow the campaign in "CARTOONS" and watch the opposing parties caricature each other.

YEARLY SUBSCRIPTION \$1.50; SINGLE COPY 15c. One free sample copy will be mailed by addressing the publisher, H. H. WILSON, 316 W. Washington Street, CHICAGO.

ASK YOUR NEWSDEALER



A YANKEE LOVER'S SHREWD TRICK

How Jonathan Won His Beloved Katrina.

The colonies of North America, having been composed of different nationalities, were diverse. New York was Dutch, while the adjacent colony on the east, Connecticut, was English, and the two no more mingled than oil and water. Indeed, the border line was the scene of a continuous quarrel.

On one side of this line lived Jonathan Pym, a young Yankee, while on the other lived Katrina Bleeker, a young Dutch girl. Pym used to stray across the boundary line to hunt and fish in the Dutchmen's territory, which only tended to increase the hostility between the two peoples, especially among the sluggish Dutchmen against the sharp witted New Englander. But when it was learned that Jonathan's incursions were for very different game than fish or fowl, indeed that he was courting Katrina Bleeker, all the Dutchmen on the border laid down their clay pipes, set their schnapps on the table and vowed that no Dutch girl should marry with the hated Yankees. The result was that Katrina was shut up in one of those little forts built along the eastern edge of the Dutch colony.

When Jonathan next stole over the border to the trusting place he did not find his love, but a note scribbled in a mixture of Dutch and English telling that she expected to be shut up in the fort. Jonathan went back to his people and told them of his misfortune. They listened to him with occasional interruptions such as "Dew tell!" and "Waut t' goot," and when he had finished and asked them to help him out of the difficulty they volunteered to a man.

The next day all the Yankees living near Jonathan's home collected, with pikes, matchlocks, scythes and pitch-forks, and set out for the fort where Katrina was a prisoner. The approach was over an open field, and the Dutchmen on guard in the fort happened to be awake. He raised the alarm, and presently a little six pounder sent a shot over the heads of the advancing Yankees. Jonathan called a halt.

Now, Jonathan did not wish to sacrifice the lives of his friends simply to gain a wife for himself, so he invested the fort, hoping to starve out the garrison. But, whether it was that fear had taken away the Dutchmen's appetite or that the fort was well stored with provisions, the starvation process was a failure. Still there must be a dearth of fresh food, for the Yankees had kept the vendors of perishable property away. Jonathan, true to his Yankee blood, preferred stratagem to bloodshed and concluded to try to reduce the fort by the former method. He withdrew his forces from one of the approaches, a swampy piece of ground, leaving the Dutchmen to suppose he had been driven off by mosquitoes.

The next morning the Dutchmen saw a number of women with baskets on their arms making their way across the swamp. They came on, chatting among themselves, and when a short distance from the fort sat down their baskets and themselves for a rest. The baskets contained butter and eggs, and the women kept up a clatter, discussing the merits of their produce and what prices they would get for it when they reached the settlement. The sight of the rolls of fresh butter and the white eggs tickled the stomachs of the Dutchmen, gazing at them over the parapet of the fort, and it was not long before they were hailed to know if they would sell and why so many of them were together. They replied that they would sell if they could get as much for their wares as at the settlement and that they were going together for the protection from the Indians, whereupon they were invited into the fort.

Now, all this was a part of Jonathan's Yankee trick. He had dressed himself and a dozen of his adherents like Dutchwomen, and each had arms concealed under his feminine apparel. He alone replied to the hail from the fort, for he alone had learned enough Dutch from Katrina to reply and could sufficiently conceal the Yankee nasal twang to prevent being discovered for what he was, though the Dutchmen were not quick at seeing through stratagem and he might well have strained a point. Be this as it may, the gates of the fort were thrown open, and the butter and egg vendors entered.

They had scarcely got inside and set down their baskets when the main Yankee force concealed behind the barn made a rush upon the gates. The Dutchmen were about to run to the assistance of those who were shutting their when they were set upon by the women and either held or driven back, while those coming from without overcame the gatekeepers and in a few minutes the whole Yankee army was in the fort. A Dutchman is no hand to defend himself against surprise, and those defending the fort surrendered at discretion. Jonathan told them that his only requirement was that Katrina should be permitted to choose between going with him or remaining with them. Katrina was brought forth and chose to go with her Connecticut lover.

Then there was a wedding at which much Holland gin was consumed and a peace arranged. Before leaving the Yankees had sold all the butter and eggs they had with them to the Dutchmen for a good price, but when the latter came to break the eggs they found them to be of white stone, while the butter was painted wood.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this.

All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The South Jersey peach crop is said to be the greatest ever known. A peach of a crop, as it were.

Fortunes in Faces.

There's often much truth in the saying "her face is her fortune," but its never said where pimples, skin eruptions, blotches or other blemishes disfigure it. Impure blood is back of them all, and shows the need of Dr. King's New Life Pills. They promote health and beauty. Try them. 25 cents at H. D. McCulloch Co.'s.

A lobster may suffer when it is being cooked, but think of the agony of the lobster who foots the bill.

When you have a bad cold you want the best medicine obtainable so as to cure it with as little delay as possible. Here is a druggist's opinion: "I have sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for fifteen years," says Enos Lollar, Saratoga, Ind., "and consider it the best on the market." For sale by all dealers.

It has been established that the ancient Egyptians had the hookworm. And despite all their wisdom they apparently lacked thymol and epsom salts.

Saved Leg of Boy.

"It seems that my 14 year old boy would have to lose his leg, on account of an ugly ulcer, caused by a bad bruise," wrote D. F. Howard, Aquone, N. C. "All remedies and doctors treatment failed till we tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and cured him with one box." Cures burns, boils, skin eruptions, pimples. 25 cents at H. D. McCulloch Co.'s.

According to one estimate, it costs \$10,000 a year to keep a hydroplane in commission. One could keep a white elephant for that sum, and not have half the trouble.

Here is a woman who speaks from personal knowledge and long experience, viz., Mrs. P. H. Brogan, of Wilson, Pa., who says, "I know from experience that Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is far superior to any other. For cough there is nothing that excels it." For sale by all dealers.

After a Brooklyn woman had run the house thirty-five weeks on \$55 her husband left her, saying that she was no wife for a poor man. Evidently she overfed the brute!

A Log on the Track

Of the fast express means serious trouble ahead if not removed, and so does loss of appetite. It means lack of vitality, loss of strength and nerve weakness. If appetite fails, take Electric Bitters quickly to overcome the cause by toning up the stomach and curing the indigestion. Michael Hesseheimer of Lincoln, Neb., had been sick over three years, but six bottles of Electric Bitters put him right on his feet again. They have helped thousands. They give pure blood, strong nerves, good digestion. Only 50 cents at H. D. McCulloch Co.'s.

A woman in New Jersey, whose husband refused to take her to a moving picture show, deftly hit him on the head with an ax. Ax and you shall receive, as it were.

J. W. Copeland, of Dayton, Ohio, purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for his boy who had a cold, and before the bottle was used the boy's cold was gone. Is that not better than to pay a five dollar doctor's bill? For sale by all dealers.

During the past fourteen years an organization of St. Louis business and professional men, now numbering twenty thousand, has been actively engaged in promoting the welfare of the public schools of that city. Many of the best features of the St. Louis public school system have been brought about by the disinterested labors of this alliance of patrons.

LUNG DISEASE

"After four in our family had died of consumption I was taken with a frightful cough and lung trouble, but my life was saved and I gained 87 pounds through using

DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

W. R. Patterson, Wellington, Tex. PRICE 50c and \$1.00 A. ALL DRUGGISTS.

[1st pub. Sept. 25—Ins. 3]

COUNTY COURT NOTICE—State of Wisconsin—Portage County—In County Court. In the matter of the will of Matthew V. Gross, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that at a special term of the county court, to be held in and for said county at the court house in the city of Stevens Point in said county on the fourth Tuesday (being the 22nd day) of October, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock a. m. or as soon thereafter as such matter can be reached, the following matter will be heard and considered.

The application of George L. Gross, to admit to probate the last will and testament of Matthew V. Gross, late of the city of Stevens Point in said county, deceased, and for letters testamentary thereon to be issued to George L. Gross.

Dated this 20th day of September, A. D. 1912. By Order of the Court. F. A. NEUBERGER, Register in Probate. D. I. Sickelsteel, Atty. for the petitioner.

[1st pub. Sept. 18—Ins. 4]

ORDER FOR ADJUSTMENT OF CLAIMS AND NOTICE TO CREDITORS. In Probate—Portage County Court. In the matter of the estate of Mary Timlin, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of Mary Timlin, deceased, having been issued to Sarah McCallum, it is Ordered, that the time until and including the first Tuesday of April, A. D. 1913, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be and is hereby allowed and limited the creditors of said Mary Timlin, deceased, to present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is Further Ordered, that all claims and demands against the said Mary Timlin, deceased, be received, examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time hereby limited for the creditors to present their claims, seven by publication of this order and notice for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in The Gazette, a weekly newspaper published in the city of Stevens Point, in said county, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof.

Dated this 10th day of September, 1912. By the Court. JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge. D. I. Sickelsteel, Atty. for the Administratrix.

[1st pub. Aug. 21—Ins. 7]

SUMMONS—STATE OF WISCONSIN—In Circuit Court—Portage County. John Sellers, plaintiff, vs. E. W. Sellers and Ellen L. Sellers, his wife, George A. Anderson, Robert M. Riley and Edna Riley, his wife, E. W. Phelps, trustee, Electric and Water Supply Company, the Nellieville Bank, (a corporation) and W. L. Hemphill, defendants.

The State of Wisconsin, To said defendants and each of them: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served on you.

FISHER, HANNA & CASHIN, Attorneys for Plaintiff's Attorneys. P. O. Address: Stevens Point, Portage county, Wisconsin.

[1st pub. Sept. 11—Ins. 4]

ORDER FOR ADJUSTMENT OF CLAIMS AND NOTICE TO CREDITORS. In Probate—Portage County Court. In the matter of the will of Anna Groshek, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the will of Anna Groshek, deceased, having been issued to Mary Lepore, it is Ordered, that the time until and including the first Tuesday of April, A. D. 1913, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be and is hereby allowed and limited for the creditors of said Anna Groshek, deceased, to present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is Further Ordered, that all claims and demands against the said Anna Groshek, deceased, be received, examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time hereby limited for creditors to present their claims, be given by publication of this order and notice for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in The Gazette, a weekly newspaper published in the city of Stevens Point, in said county, the first publication to be within fifteen days from the date hereof. Dated this 6th day of September, 1912. JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge. D. I. Sickelsteel, Attorney for the Executrix.

Whitecomb Riley, occurs on the 10th of October, next week will be observed as Riley week. A portrait of Mr. Riley, photographs of his birthplace and his home, a facsimile reproduction of the original manuscript of "Out to Old Aunt Mary's," and a list of his most popular poems, with the names of the books in which they may be found, will be on display at the library.

October 26—Foreman of horse breeding (male). For further particulars apply to R. C. Porter, local secretary, at the post-office.

OUR MARKETS.

Rosebud.....	5 20
Patent Flour.....	6 40
Graham Flour.....	4 50
Rye Flour.....	4 20
Wheat.....	90-100
Eye, 50 pounds.....	64-66
Oats.....	32
Middlings.....	1 35
Feed.....	1 50
Brass.....	1 20
Corn.....	1 55
Corn Meal.....	1 60
Butter.....	25-27
Eggs.....	24-26
Chickens, old.....	12-13
Chickens, spring.....	14-15
Turkeys.....	18-19
Lard.....	15
Hams.....	20
Mess Pork.....	24 00
Mess Beef.....	15 00
Hogs, live.....	8 00-8 50
Hogs, dressed.....	9 50-10 00
Beef, live.....	8 50-9 00
Beef, dressed.....	14 00-15 00
Potatoes.....	40

Civil Service Examinations.

The following civil service examinations will take place in this city on the dates mentioned:
October 9—Teacher of metal work and mechanical drawing, (male); chief of training school (female); government hospital for the insane; stenographer, typewriter, translator, (female).
October 11—Assistant experimental therapeutics (male), Philippine service.
October 16 and 17—Engineer and draftsman (male) supervising architect's office.
October 19—Mate, coast and ge-

Public Library Notes.

The new book, Harold Bell Wright's "Their Yesterdays," has been put in the rental collection.
The library is indebted to Rev. E. M. Thompson for the generous gift of about one hundred books.
As the birthday of the poet, James

Bishop Fox Gives Rite of Confirmation to Large Numbers in This City and at Belmont.

Three hundred and forty young people received the rite of confirmation at St. Peter's church last Sunday afternoon, the impressive ceremonies being conducted by Bishop J. J. Fox of Green Bay, who also took occasion to deliver a very impressive address. The exercises were preceded by a parade in the vicinity of the church, headed by the Harmonia band. Besides the confirmation class, the marchers included the young ladies' sodality, St. Rose's, St. Joseph's, the Sacred Heart and St. Peter's societies. Bishop Fox, Father Elbert and other members of the clergy met the procession at the church door.

The pastor was assisted during the day by Rev. Boc, S. J., of Milwaukee, who preached in the morning and again in the afternoon. Other clergymen present at the confirmation were Revs. Rice and Ehr of this city, M. Klossowski of Plover, W. B. Polaczky of Junction City, John Pochiecha of Rosholt and Rutowski of St. Joseph's Academy.
A class of 80 was confirmed at the Polish Catholic church in Belmont, Monday morning, Bishop Fox being taken there by J. J. Heffron in his auto. Accompanying them were Revs. Elbert, Klossowski, Polaczky and Pescinski, the latter of Fancher. The sermon on this occasion was delivered by Father Elbert.

STEVENS POINT NORMAL

Personal and Other Notes Gathered by The Gazette's Special Correspondent.

Louise Diver, '11, assistant at Almond; Grace Cassalis, '12, Waupaca; Rose Weltman, Wautoma; and Guy Pierce, a former student here and at present an engineer in the west, have been recent callers at the school.
Mr. Phelan, director of the rural school course, visited country schools on Monday and Tuesday afternoons. On Thursday night he will attend a meeting at Arnot in connection with the Normal school extension work, and on Friday night he will attend a school picnic at Junction City, where the attempt will be made to raise funds for the use of the school.
The football team will meet the team of the River Falls Normal school at the latter place next Saturday. The game here last Saturday was well fought and highly interesting throughout, the score, 19 to 0 in favor of the Rapids, hardly indicating the closeness of the game. Only now and then did our defense weaken, but the visitors took advantage of these moments to score, while our boys, gaining practically as much ground as their opponents, seemed to make their consistent attacks only in the middle of the field, and consequently their good work was not productive of touchdowns. The Normal backfield played well, but the work in the line was decidedly loose much of the time. Capt. Moxon played the best game of any individual on either team.

High School Notes.

Mr. Kawabe, a state university student, was in charge of an exhibition of Japanese art the latter part of last week. All of his beautiful pieces were on sale and were sold at very reasonable prices.
At a meeting of the Junior class last Thursday the following officers were elected:
President—Grace Glennon.
Vice Pres.—Jason Maunders.
Secretary—Michael Rybicki.
Treasurer—Emil Hafsoos.
Serg. of Arms—Florine Bannach.
Our football team went up to Tomahawk last Friday evening and the next day played the second game of the season with the High school team of that city. Most of the members of the latter team played together last year and so on account of their experience it is not strange that they defeated our boys by a score of 15 to 0.
The annual fair and supper will be held in the High school building on the 25th of October. The supper will not be conducted along the same lines as it has been heretofore. It will be served on the cafeteria plan, that is refreshments will be sold at the booths. The several classes will have charge of the booths. Among the attractions to be seen this year will be a farce, a vaudeville and flower beds. The High school orchestra will furnish the music.

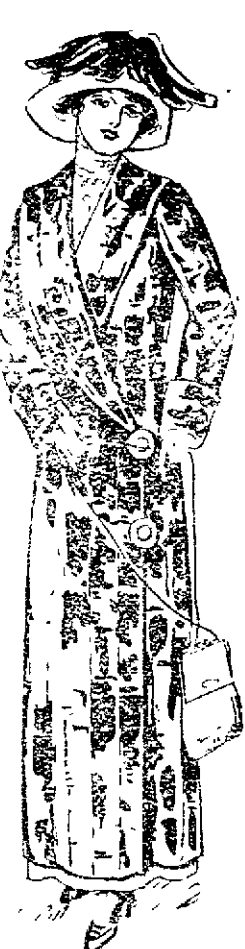
Wm. A. Welch passed away very suddenly at his home, 112 Plover street, at 7:45 o'clock last Saturday evening, death being due to heart trouble and hardening of the veins. He had not felt well for several months, but continued at his work as manager of the Soo lunch counter at the South Side until the middle of the week, when he decided to take a rest, and was about and down town as late as Thursday evening. Friday he became worse and on Saturday morning there was a consultation of physicians. Rev. W. J. Rice was also called during the day, finding the patient cheerful and retaining a good pulse, but that evening, while the last rites of the Catholic church were being administered, Mr. Welch suddenly expired without a struggle, as if dropping asleep.
The deceased was born at Wausau and was 52 years of age, Sept. 6th. When about twelve years of age, after the death of his mother, he came to Stevens Point and had lived here ever since. He attended school for a few years, but for the past twenty-six years had been in charge of the lunch counter, which position he held up to the time of his death. He was married here twenty-four years ago to Miss Josephine Dayo, who survives him, together with one son, Raymond, express messenger on the Soo between Menasha and Manitowoc. He is also survived by his father and step-mother, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Welch, five step-sisters and two step-brothers. Miss Katherine Welch of this city; Mrs. W. A. Craig, Rochester, N. Y.; Mrs. J. R. Augustine, Mrs. Charles Behnken and Carl Welch, New York city; Mrs. Earl Humlong of Minneapolis, and John Welch of this city.
The announcement of the sudden passing away of Mr. Welch brought sadness to the hearts of many among whom he had lived since boyhood, and he was especially well known to railroad men and the traveling public who have occasion to visit the Soo lunch rooms. He was strictly honest and honorable at all times, an upright citizen, a good husband, father, son and brother. His death is much regretted.
The funeral took place from St. Stephen's church at 9 o'clock this morning, Rev. W. J. Rice officiating, followed by interment in St. Peter's cemetery. The pallbearers were Jas. Welch, M. Cassidy, P. Curran, A. J. Cunneen, Bradley Wheelock and H. P. Stewart.

BENJAMIN FLEMING.
Many old friends throughout the county will be pained to learn of the death of Benj. Fleming, which occurred at his farm home just below Amherst village at 8 o'clock last Saturday evening. Mr. Fleming had been in poor health since last spring, but of late he appeared some better and there were hopes that he would again get about and greet his friends with old time heartiness. He retired at about 7 o'clock and an hour later fell into that sleep which knows no awakening this side the grave.
Benj. Fleming and his brother, the late Wm. V. Fleming, came to Amherst township when both were mere boys and located on homesteads about a mile below the business part of town. For a number of years Benj. performed the duties of a deputy game warden and was a faithful public servant. He also filled numerous offices of trust and responsibility in his town. Of a genial, social disposition, he made friends easily and was highly esteemed by his intimates.
The only surviving member of his immediate family is one son, Marion A. Fleming, who has operated the home farm a number of years. Funeral services were held Tuesday afternoon, with interment in the village cemetery.

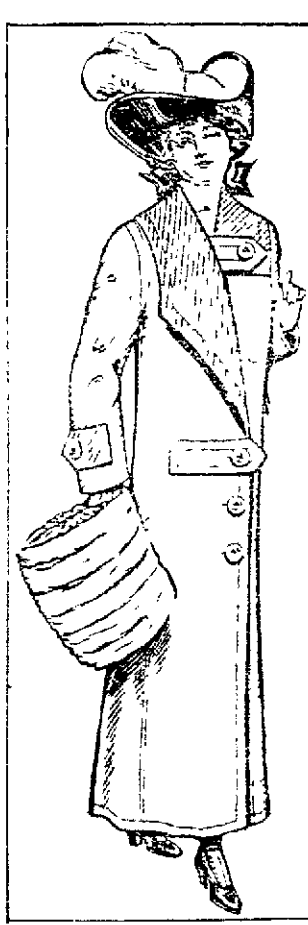
RUDOLPH.
John Joostin is building a new silo.
Mrs. M. Wier of Junction City was here between trains Monday.
Dr. Jackson made several professional visits to Junction City last week.
Selmer Hassel is taking a vacation from Kujawa's store and Dame Rumor has it that Selmer will take unto himself a wife.
A Greek missionary priest will give a lecture here at the Catholic church on the evening of Oct. 20th, illustrated with stereopticon views.
Mrs. G. Elliott and Mrs. E. Crotteau, who have been visiting relatives in Washington and Oregon, are expected home next week.
James Case and family departed Monday to make their future home just below Grand Rapids, where Mr. Case will take charge of the Wood county poor farm.
Miss Hannah Jacobson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Jacobson of the town of Carson, and John Hassel, formerly of Rudolph, were married recently and are living down in Alabama.
Miss Ila Noel, who has been teaching near Almond, is having a three weeks' vacation on account of potato digging. She visited her many friends here a few days this week before going to her home at Merrill, where she will spend the remainder of her vacation.
Frank Root and Miss Celia Hubing of Neillsville were married last week Tuesday, Sept. 24th, at the Catholic church at Neillsville. They returned here Monday night after having spent their honeymoon at Milwaukee and Chicago. A wedding dance was held the same evening in honor of the event and was largely attended. They will live in the new residence near the creamery. Mr. Root is the popular buttermaker for the Rudolph Creamery Co. and his bride was an esteemed young lady of Neillsville. The well wishes of the community are extended them for a long and happy wedded life.

County Treasurer's Report.
Report of moneys received and disbursed during the past month:
Cash in treasury Sept. 1, 1912..... \$ 42,210.76
Received during the month..... 1,203.80
Total..... \$ 43,414.56
DISBURSEMENTS:
Road fund orders..... \$ 1,408.21
County orders..... 840.05
P. O. Department..... 1.00
Postage Co. Dranage Co..... 2,270.25
Reports on vital statistics..... 29.65
County Supt. Salary..... 75.00
Soldiers' Relief orders..... 70.00
Telephone rent..... 8.50
Court certificates..... 115.26
Total..... \$ 4,778.22
In Bank..... \$34,211.61
Cash on hand..... 291.73
Balance in treasury Oct. 1, 1912..... \$38,636.34

Moll-Glennon Co.



SUITS and COATS
We promise to deliver fully as much as you can possibly expect in the matter of Style, Service and Careful Tailoring, and you can depend on our values too.
Suppose you come in and try on a few our New Coats and Suits--we'll be glad to show you.



Ladies' and Children's Underwear



ATHENA UNDERWEAR

Athena has set a new standard in women's underwear. It is proving to particular womankind that the uncomfortable features of ordinary knit underwear—the lack of fit, the imperfect conformation to the body lines—are no longer necessary (see illustrations below).

Athena is truly tailored and fashioned to fit

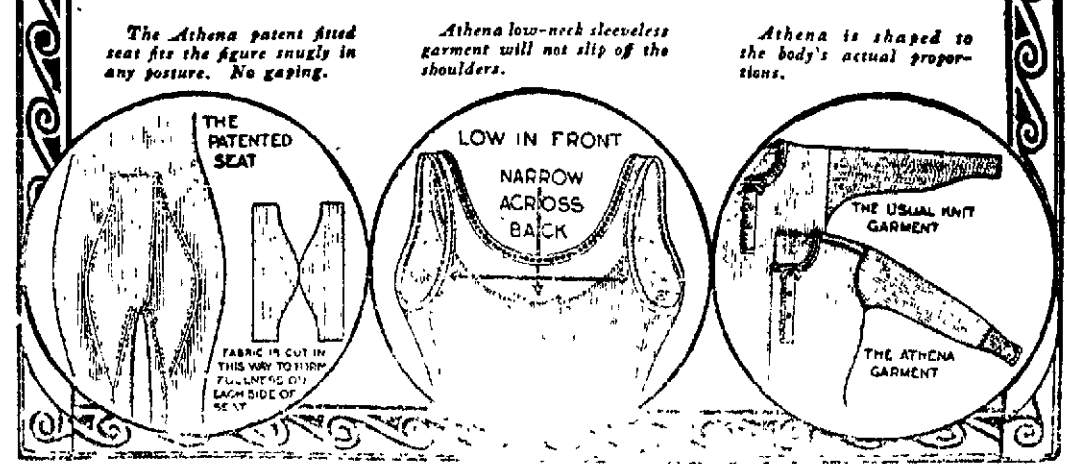
The shaping—the tailoring—is not confined to any one part. It reaches everywhere.

The Athena patent fitted seat is the most remarkable advancement ever made in underwear designing.

Athena is sold in all fabrics at no higher prices than you pay for ordinary knit underwear. In all the new shapes demanded by fashion's requirements.

See advertisements in The Saturday Evening Post and The Ladies' Home Journal

MOLL-GLENNON CO.



SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

OCTOBER 5th, FROM 9 A. M. TO 12 M.

We will place on sale all Dress Skirts formerly priced at \$5.00, \$5.50 and \$6.00; your choice at

\$3.95 Each

Silk Petticoats during this sale at

\$2.45 Each

SPECIAL VALUES—Ladies' Kid Gloves, \$1.00

401-403 Main Street **Kuhl Bros.**

JAPANESE HOME LIFE



CLEANING the ROOM

THE duties and functions of the many departments of life in Japan are clearly defined and the general acquiescence in such definitions is a mark of order, instinct rather than servility that it is ever ready to recognize its own inferiority. That the duties of women have been clearly indicated, that they show no disposition to overstep the boundaries assigned to them is simply a manifestation of the spirit that pervades all classes. It is hardly a question of higher or lower superior or inferior, it is a matter of duty—of bushido.

Certainly the Japanese woman is not regarded as a handmaid. She has never been without her honorable position in the body politic, nor has the value of her peculiar duties ever been slighted. The duties of bushido are considered to be binding upon the woman as upon the man, and inasmuch as bushido means loyalty, so the woman must be loyal to her husband, as the man must be to the emperor and to the country. It is only those who are led by a false independence to revolt against all ideas of service who will criticize a ready acceptance by the women of Japan of a domestic sphere which is as important in its way as the larger service to the empire.

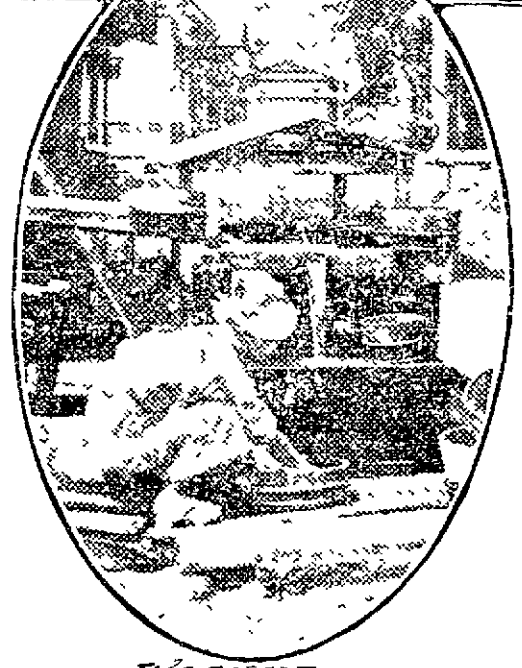
But the Samurai woman was not confined wholly to the household. She was even taught the use of arms, that she might help her father or her husband if the need should arise, and also that she might defend her own honor. Japanese history has many examples of women who became governors, who led military expeditions and who were famous in literature, art, education and religion. Indeed, the path to public honor has always been open to the Japanese woman, but it could be attained only by public service. There was only one standard of human value, and that was adherence to the national interest. The woman who performed her whole duty to the home was as worthy of veneration as the man who performed his whole duty to the army and to the country.

There have been distinct feminine periods in the history of Japan. Such a period followed closely upon the introduction of Buddhism, which, with its incitements to charity, did much to stimulate what may be called a feminist movement. Such literary stars as Murasaki Shikibu and Sei Shonagon not only were the most famous authors of their time, but their works are still classics. The education of women was zealously fostered, and we hear of meetings at which women competed with one another in poetry, music and art. Works of charity became honorable duties, and we hear much of the Empress Komei, who distinguished herself by personal service to lepers.

But the feminist movement in Japan has attained its main successes since the restoration and the fall of the Shogunate. Many Japanese women have visited foreign countries, received a foreign education and returned to their own country to play the part of propagandists. The popular education of girls has made great strides, and even the extension of political suffrage to women finds its advocates not only among women themselves, but among politicians and leaders of thought. But progress in this direction is likely to be slow. A society that has lately emerged from feudalism and that is accustomed to assign fixed duties to its various grades is not usually tolerant of innovations or efforts to enlarge the boundaries of particular classes. Buddhism, moreover, is likely to play some part in retarding the political advance of women, and in confining her activity



FEEDING CHICKENS



WASHING

ties to the household, to practical charities and to religion. Among the public institutions now managed by women may be mentioned the Nurse association, the Red Cross society, the Patriotic association, Fukuden-Kwai and Jhei—a hospital. Women are also interested in many productive industries and in art activities. There are also women doctors, and the department of communications employs women officials. Physical culture for women is also being adopted with energy and this is a fitting sequel to the Samurai injunction that required women to regulate their emotions and suppress all those weaknesses that their western sisters usually attribute to nerves.

The Woman's university of Japan may be taken as an expression of Japanese ideas upon the question of education for women. It was founded by Mr. Maruse, who began his work thirty-six years ago and who has been unrelenting in its advancement. The object of the university is to educate women to fulfill their duties toward the state and society and to become an influence in the life of the nation. The university contains 52 buildings, including a library of 11,500 volumes, a chemical laboratory and a lecture hall.

The curriculum begins with a kindergarten and there are departments for household science, literature, English and education, the first of these including mathematics, physics, chemistry and physiology. The university has 865 regular members, 141 associate members, 37 advisory members, 151 junior members and 11 honorary members. The following exhortation given to the students by Mr. Maruse leaves nothing to be desired for its amplitude and intent: "The students are enjoined to learn, ineffaceably impressed upon their minds, that they are to make it their chief aim and duty to cultivate and develop to the fullest extent all their faculties as well as their womanly virtues, and to remain faithful to the university, never forgetting to be and do good, study and to learn."

Much, of course, remains to be done for the advancement of women of Japan, but much has already been done. Japan has at least broken away from the ancient traditions of the east and has set her foot on the path that leads to the entire emancipation of women. In 1878 Japan had a debt of \$38,886,

931. Thirty years later the debt had risen to \$1,120,000,000. This immense increase was due mainly to the Chinese and Russian war, and a continuing expenditure on a large scale is necessitated by the national defense. In the year 1908 the army and navy cost \$141,891,183. Between April 1, 1895, and March 1, 1900, the army cost \$376,085,088 and the navy \$312,443,440. The national defense has cost a total of \$689,123,523 within fourteen years and this without counting the cost of the Russian war, Korea, Formosa and Manchuria have demanded heavy expenditures. A merchant marine has been established, many extensive public works undertaken, including rail ways, telegraphs and telephones, and all these things have been done by a country that contains only 26,000 square miles of arable soil.

Under such conditions it is easy to believe that taxation is the question of the day in Japan and has been so for many years. Since the outbreak of the Russian war the land tax has ranged from 3 per cent. to 17.5 per cent. The tax on liquors ranges from 35 per 40 gallons up to 17.40% per 40 gallons, according to the percentage of alcohol.

Then comes the income tax, which is arranged upon a sort of graduated scale. Before the war the tax paid by "juridical" persons was 2½ per cent, but after the war an additional tax was levied equal to 80 per cent up to 400 per cent of the ordinary rate. An income tax of 2 per cent was also levied on public loan funds and company debentures. All other persons not already assessed as above pay a rate in proportion to their income. Before the war those with an income of 300 yen (\$150) per annum paid 1 per cent, and this increased according to the income up to 54 per cent. Now the lowest income pays 10 per cent and the highest 20.35 per cent. There are various exceptions, such as army and navy officers while engaged in war, widows, orphans, pensioners, etc. There is also a tax on textiles, an excise duty on sugar, and a substantial revenue from the post office. The customs tariff also is responsible for a substantial income amounting to about \$22,000,000 a year. Mention should also be made of the state monopolies of tobacco, salt and camphor, worth about \$25,000,000 a year.

Adachi Kinnosuke describes the will ingness of the Japanese people to be taxed and their uncomplaining response to demands that are necessitated by the good of the country. His statement is so remarkable that it is worthy of quotation. He says:

"In 1895 we went to war with China. Our government wanted money, and wanted it badly. It let our people know about its needs in terms of war loans. To the first call the people answered by putting up \$25,000,000. The government wanted more, and on the second call it succeeded in getting from the people \$15,000,000—in all \$40,000,000. The people gave this amount very willingly. That fact was very plain on the very face of it. It was widely advertised also. The thing that was not so well known, especially outside of the country, however, was that this was all that the people could do at the time—and a little more. Nine

years later came the Russian war. Once more the government talked to the people in the unpleasant language of government loans. The people of Japan, however, apparently enjoyed this bitter talk. Indeed they became enthusiastic about it. Five times the government talked to the people and five times the people replied by giving up altogether \$300,000,000 in addition to this amount we raised about \$600,000,000 from foreign loans. As in the time of the Chinese war, the willingness of the people, their enthusiasm, their appreciation of the honor of ennobling their pocketbooks for the state was the same. Ours is the Spartan ideal—no consideration for the individual, everything for the state. What was not exactly the same was that our people had a very much harder time in putting up the \$40,000,000 at the time of the Chinese war than in putting up \$300,000,000 at the time of the Russian war."

The Japanese government is now carrying out a scheme for paying off the principal of the national debt. Prime Minister Katouya decided that the tax must raise at least \$5,000,000. The government maintained Japan will not find the task an easy one. She will have to call again upon patriotism that has never failed her, and that cannot perform the task. It may be doubted if the tax can be pushed any higher than they are now and even the most willing taxpayers cannot pay when they do not possess. The annual taxation now amounts to almost 16 yen (\$5) and this is a very large sum indeed when we remember that the average earnings are very small. In 1904 an estimate was made of the monthly expenses of the average Japanese family of four, and it is probably fairly correct at the present time. It is as follows:

House rent	Yen 9.75
Rice	2.25
Fuel and light	0.41
Vegetables	0.60
Fish	0.60
Soy and miso	0.23
Tobacco	0.23
Bath	0.18
Pin money	0.20
All other things	0.50
Hair cutting, etc.	0.18
Sundries	2.37

The monthly income of this same family was estimated at 8.22 yen, leaving a deficit of 1.16 yen. Wages may have increased somewhat since the war, but there can be no doubt that the cost of living also has increased. An official report since the war gives the following as the mean wages of workmen in Japan:

Yen per day (1 Yen equal to 50 cents gold)	Yen
Bricklayers	0.60
Printers	0.53
Silver smiths	0.45
Masons	0.50
Carpenters	0.70
Shoemakers	0.55
Blacksmiths	0.45
Weavers	0.38

Monthly wages in Tokyo are approximately as follows:

Sake distillers	Yen 7.00
Men servants	3.32
Maid servants	2.92
Silk worm breeders	9.99
Raw silk weavers	6.55
Arm laborers	3.33

Millard says in his "Far Eastern Question" that several persons whom he has questioned estimate the average earnings of the average Japanese family of four in the lower classes at 160 yen (\$80) annually, assuming that the children are old enough to work. None placed the figure higher than 200 yen annual income. Out of this amount the average Japanese pays 40 per cent. in taxes. That is a very high proportion, but the fiscal authorities seem to have no doubt that it can be maintained, and probably even raised.

It seems impossible to economize except by a reduction of the expenditure for armaments, and there seems to be little chance for that. Armaments on their present scale are considered to be absolutely necessary to the preservation of the national life, and as a Japanese writer recently remarked: "Of what use is it to economize the nation's finances at the cost of national destruction?"

In 1907 there were 2,238 banks in Japan, with a total capitalization of 579,628,220 yen and which showed a balance in deposits of 1,830,693,270 yen. Their earnings in 1906 were 208,445,599 yen and they paid dividends at the rate of 9.6 per cent.

Superfluous Question.
"Is your wife superstitious?"
"My dear sir, my wife is a woman."

FOR LOVERS OF CHOCOLATE

No Better Dessert Than This Form of Frozen Pudding Can Be Put on the Table.

Beat the yolks of three eggs and one-half cupful of sugar together until very light, add slowly one cupful of scalded milk. Then gradually pour this over one and one-half ounces of unsweetened chocolate. Put the mixture in a double boiler and stir until it thickens, and coats the spoon. When cold, add one cupful of whipped cream, one teaspoonful of vanilla extract, and freeze. Prepare and have ready one cupful of candied fruits, figs and seeded raisins. Cut the candied fruits and figs into small pieces; cut the raisins in halves. Make a syrup of a quarter of a cupful each of sugar and water, add the fruit, cook until it is tender and plump, then drain. Add the fruit to the frozen mixture when it is almost done, and finish freezing. When done put in a quart melon mold and let stand for an hour or more, packed in ice and salt. Serve with flavored whipped cream.

HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONS

Decorated china plates should be put away with round pieces of cotton flannel between them.

Porcelain-lined sinks and tubs can be cleaned by rubbing with a flannel wet with kerosene.

Hot chocolate, unsweetened wafers and crystallized prunes form a dainty course for luncheon or supper.

To enrich the coloring, it is advisable sometimes to brown the flour before making a spice or fruit cake.

It is a good plan to have individual markings for bath towels. The initials may be embroidered in chain stitch.

Rice Omelet Squares

These squares are nice for luncheon. To make this novel dish, beat three eggs whites and yolks together until very light, season to taste with salt and pepper and fold in lightly a scant cupful of cold boiled rice. The rice must first be well broken up with a fork so that each grain is loose. Pour into a hot buttered omelet pan and cook, setting it in the oven for a moment to brown on top. With a sharp knife, cut it into squares and transfer these quickly to a hot platter. Garnish with crisp lettuce leaves and squares of tart currant jelly and serve immediately or it will lose its crispness.

Corn Oysters.

The corn absolutely must be scored and scraped, and the natural starch of the corn and the eggs are sufficient to hold the fritters in shape. To one pint of scraped pulp add two well beaten eggs and if the corn is not juicy add two teaspoons of milk. If corn is very juicy no milk will be required. Season with a good half-teaspoon of salt and a saltspoon of finely ground white pepper. Beat all well together and fry by the spoonful on a hot griddle greased with butter. Use a pancake turner to handle them and serve as soon as baked on a hot platter. If overcooked or kept waiting they become hard and lose flavor.

Madras Omelet.

Boil a tablespoonful of rice in milk until soft, add to this a tablespoonful of butter, salt, pepper and a very little nutmeg. While the rice is cooling prepare a filling of vegetables. Any vegetables will do, but there must be three or four kinds, and all in small pieces. Sauté these slightly in butter and with a little curry paste. Melt a tablespoonful of butter in an omelet pan and add rice into which have been stirred the beaten whites and yolks of two eggs. When cooked turn it on a hot platter and add vegetables.

For Cleaning Steel.

To clean articles made of steel rub with a piece of raw potato, unslaked lime or powdered pumice. Skates, sled runners, etc., may be prevented from rusting when they are stored away for the summer by coating them with a mixture of lard, pulverized black lead and camphor.

To remove rust from steel rub with salt wet with hot vinegar. Dry with a clean flannel and polish with sweet oil.

To Stone Raisins Easily.

Most housewives agree that raisins which are stoned at home have a much better taste than which are bought already seeded, but dislike to seed them because it is "such a sticky job." This can be done very easily if the raisins are first soaked for five minutes in boiling water and then plunged into ice water. The seeds can be removed easily with a wooden toothpick.

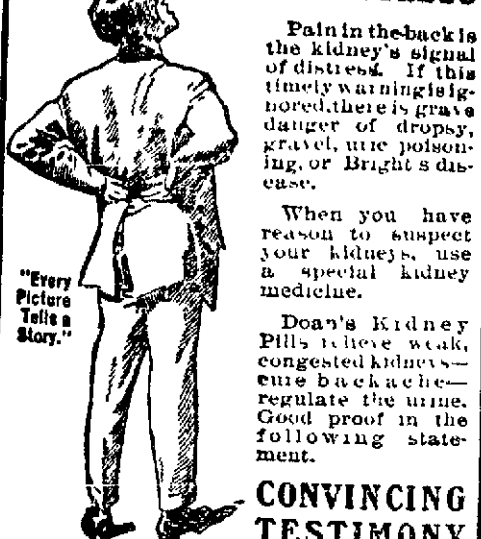
Delicious Raspberry Jam.

Pick the fruit over carefully, weigh equal quantities of fruit and sugar, put the washed fruit into the preserving pan, let it boil quickly four or five minutes, then add the sugar and simmer slowly a little while. If you wish to add currants, take fresh, ripe ones, one quart to three quarts raspberries.

Florentine Toast.

Toast round slices of bread. On each piece put a slice of tomato. Cover this with a paste of sardines; spread on the top grated cheese, with a drop of tabasco sauce. Put in the oven long enough to melt the cheese. Serve after the soup in place of a fish course. It is very appetizing for a card party luncheon.

BACKACHE A SIGNAL OF DISTRESS



Pain in the back is the kidney's signal of distress. If this timely warning is neglected, there is grave danger of dropsy, gravel, uremia, or Bright's disease.

When you have reason to suspect your kidneys, use a special kidney medicine.

Doan's Kidney Pills have taken congested kidneys—cure backache—regulate the urine. Good proof in the following statement.

CONVINCING TESTIMONY

James E. Poyner, Thompson Ave., Roselle, Ill., says: "I was laid up with kidney trouble. The pain in my back was so bad that I couldn't move. The kidney secretions were in a terrible condition. A acquaintance advised me to try Doan's Kidney Pills and I did so. They made me well and during the next four years I have had no further trouble."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box. **DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**

FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York



SMILING MARTYRDOM.



Although the iceman brings to you a lump exceedingly small, You don't complain, for if you do He may not come at all.

Potteries Prospering.

The output of the pottery industries of the United States had a value of \$34,518,560 in 1911, according to the United States geological survey chart of clay products production by states, compiled by Jefferson Middletown, the pottery production for 1911 was greater than for 1910, when the output was valued at \$23,784,678, the increase being \$10,733,882. Of the total production, Ohio was first, with an output valued at \$14,774,265; New Jersey second, with \$8,401,941; West Virginia third, with \$2,880,202; New York fourth, with \$2,156,317; and Indiana sixth, with \$1,004,737. The output of no other state had a value in excess of a million dollars.

HARD TO SEE. Even When the Facts About Coffee are Plain.

It is curious how people will refuse to believe what one can clearly see. Tell the average man or woman that the slow but cumulative poisonous effect of caffeine—the alkaloid in tea and coffee—tends to weaken the heart, upset the nervous system and cause indigestion, and they may laugh at you if they don't know the facts.

Prove it by science or by practical demonstration in the recovery of coffee drinkers from the above conditions, and a large per cent of the human family will shrug their shoulders, take some drugs and—keep on drinking coffee or tea.

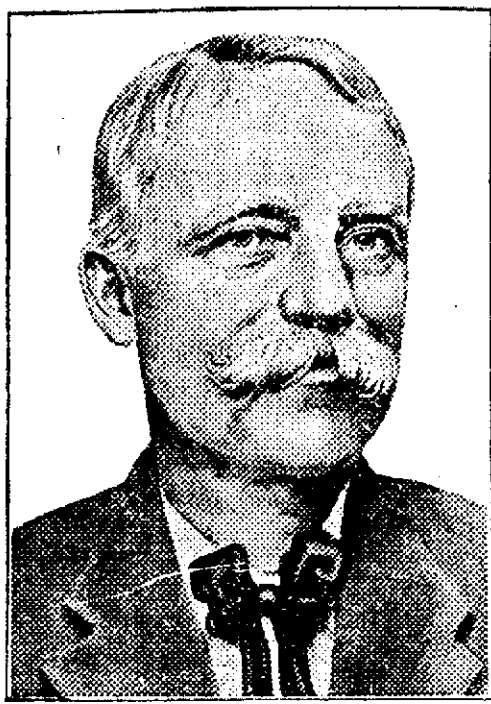
"Coffee never agreed with me nor with several members of our household," writes a lady. "It enervates, depresses and creates a feeling of languor and heaviness. It was only by leaving off coffee and using Postum that we discovered the cause and way out of these ills."

"The only reason, I am sure, why Postum is not used altogether to the exclusion of ordinary coffee is, many persons do not know and do not seem willing to learn the facts and how to prepare this nutritious beverage. There's only one way—according to directions—boil it fully 15 minutes. Then it is delicious." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest. Adv.

IN THE LIMELIGHT

NEW SCHEME FOR CO-OPERATIVE COLONIES



After seventy years of more or less profound slumber the co-operative colony idea has reawakened in this country. Groups of men and women, believers in the mission of co-operation to help solve the economic and social problems of our time, have been established in the suburbs of New York, Boston, Reading, Penn., and Los Angeles, and other groups are being established elsewhere. One of the colonies, at Westwood, Mass., is six years old and thriving mightily. The others have been in existence for two years or less, and might be considered still in the experimental stage. The New York enterprise was launched quite recently, and is obtaining a site in New Jersey within commuting distance of the metropolis. All these groups are organized on the same general principles and by a band of enthusiasts who call themselves the Fellowship Farms Founders' Association. The president of the association is George Elmer Littlefield, a small, ruddy faced, snowy haired man, with a poetic temperament, much energy and a talking style that is extremely magnetic. He is the founder of the Westwood colony, is a Harvard graduate, a practical printer and farmer, and was a minister of the gospel for fourteen years.

SENATOR GEORGE C. PERKINS TO RETIRE

The announcement a few days ago by Senator George C. Perkins that he will retire from public life brings to its close a remarkable career. Born on a little farm near Kennebunkport, Me., Mr. Perkins ran away from home when he was about 13 years old. He took to the sea, as a Maine boy naturally would, shipping as cabin boy on a ship at New Orleans and sailed the seas. In 1855 he shipped before the mast on the good ship Galatea, and sailing round the Horn, eventually landed in San Francisco. Here the gold fever seized him and he abandoned the sea for the mining camps. Fortune frowned for many a year, and he was glad to find work of any kind to earn his bread. He was a teamster, a miner, a storekeeper in rough mining camps, anything indeed that came to hand. At last he accumulated enough money to own his own team and he became a boss freighter.



Then fortune, tired of frowning, smiled and soon Mr. Perkins became a rich man, even as rich men were rated in California. The former cabin boy began to own steamship lines of his own; the miner began to own mines; the teamster became the head of great transportation companies on land and on sea. His education was self-taught, but it became thorough. Finally he entered politics, and in 1879 he was elected governor of his state. Then in 1893 he was appointed to the United States senate to fill out the unexpired term of Leland Stanford, and since then his state has kept him in the senate. Today he is regarded as one of the ablest members of that body. He is chairman of the naval committee and a member of almost every other important committee. He is not one of the orators, but the senate always listens attentively to what he says in his direct, terse, business-like way of explaining a matter. Mr. Perkins' health has been gradually failing, and he retired from public life solely for that reason.

ITALIAN DIPLOMAT LAUDS OWN COUNTRY



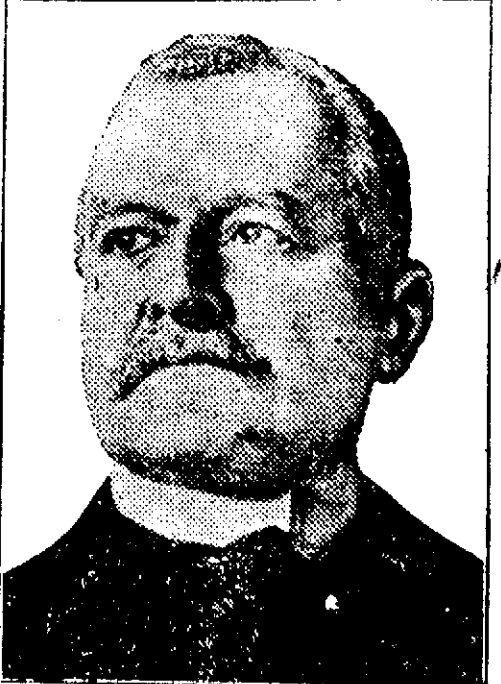
Signor Gaston Del Frate, diplomat and noted member of the Italian bar, who recently spent a few days in America, being on a visit to his wife's relatives at Madison, Wis., told of the progress of the Italian war, of American influence in his country, and spoke of Italian art and literature and music. Old Italy has beaten the Turk, he said, and soon will come the settlement. Italian influence will increase. Italy and the United States will grow closer together. The art of Italy and increasing American appreciation of art will bring it about.

Signor Del Frate is legal adviser to the United States embassy in Rome. He has been legal adviser to the French and Russian legations. When J. Pierpont Morgan bought the site in Rome on which the American academy is now erecting a beautiful home and presented it to that organization, Signor Del Frate had charge of the matter.

The Italian-Turkish war, which has been so well censured as to battle reports, will not last much longer. Signor Del Frate believes, but its end will come, he said, not until questions that involve not only Italy, but also Montenegro, Bulgaria, Albania and other Balkan states have been considered. "We have financed the Italian war without levying special taxes or increasing existing taxes, which, for a Latin people who are naturally philanthropists and artists, but not fundamentally financiers, is doing well," he said. "We sold some bonds, but they went at 4 per cent."

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN AMBASSADOR RETIRES

Baron Hengelmüller von Hengerwar, the Austrian ambassador to the United States, formally announced the other day that he has been granted leave to return to Austria. It is his intention not to return, but settle permanently in his own country, after being in the diplomatic service 44 years, 20 of which have been spent in the United States. He has made no plans further than to occupy his seat in the House of Lords. Baron Hengelmüller said he had informed his own government and the American state department of his intention, adding that both he and his family are leaving the United States with feelings of the deepest regret. Baron Hengelmüller has been the dean of the diplomatic corps at Washington. He was born in Pressburg, Hungary, about 55 years ago, and was educated in Vienna especially for the diplomatic service. A man of strong personality, the Baron has, during his long residence in Washington, gained recognition among all American officials with whom he has come in contact as a conscientious, painstaking diplomatist, who is much more of a plodder in his work than many of his not necessarily more brilliant colleagues.



BEST TOMATO CATSUP

BALTIMORE BOASTS OF RECIPE THAT IS SUPERIOR.

Ingredients of Favorite Condiment Much the Same as Those Familiar to Every Housewife—East Indian Mixture is New.

One peck of ripe tomatoes, wash and cut in half and cook in a porcelain kettle until the pulp is softened and the juice extracted. Strain and press through a colander and then through a fine sieve.

Return to the fire and add one ounce of salt, one-half ounce of mace, ground, one tablespoon of black pepper, one teaspoon of cayenne pepper, one tablespoon of ground cloves, one-half tablespoon of ground allspice, six tablespoons of ground mustard and one tablespoon of crushed celery seeds tied in a bag.

Boil at least five hours, stirring constantly the last hour and frequently throughout the whole operation. Let stand over night in a cool place. In the morning add a pint of strong vinegar. Take out the bag of celery seed and bottle and keep in a dark place.

A recipe from Baltimore, Maryland, that has been pronounced by competent judges to be superior to all others is the following:

One bushel of firm, ripe tomatoes. Wash and cut out the cores and put in a porcelain kettle with three pints of water. Add ten small onions cut fine, boil until the tomatoes are done, which will be about two hours. Strain as directed above, then return to the fire with a half gallon of strong vinegar.

Mix the dry ground spices and sugar together; one ounce of cloves, one ounce cinnamon, two ounces black pepper, two grated nutmegs, one pint salt, two pounds of light brown sugar.

This mixture will make the catsup dark in color but rich in flavor. If you like it "hot" add cayenne to suit your taste.

Boil two hours longer, stirring to prevent scorching, and when cool fill the bottles and cork and cover corks with paraffin.

An East Indian tomato sauce that is very pungent, and excellent to serve with fish, macaroni and cold meats, is found in an old book called "Domestic Economy of India."

It calls for three dozen fine, very ripe tomatoes, skinned and seeded. Work these through a sieve and boil until the water is evaporated and the whole reduced about one-half. Add three ounces of powdered ginger, five cloves of garlic or six small silver onions crushed; two wine glasses of best vinegar, two ounces of salt, a quarter of an ounce of paprika, one-half ounce of white pepper or strong curry powder.

Let the whole boil twenty minutes, stirring often; cool and bottle.—Henrietta D. Grauel.

Lamb Croquettes.

One quart chopped lamb, saltspoon pepper, one teaspoon salt, one tablespoon grated onion, one pint of the left-over lamb gravy, two rounding tablespoons of butter, four rounding tablespoons of flour, one egg and breadcrumbs; mix lamb with onion, salt and pepper; heat gravy very hot, rub butter and flour together and add to hot gravy; add the seasoned meat and turn out to cool; when cold form into pyramid-shaped croquettes; roll in beaten egg, then in breadcrumbs, and sprinkle with a mixture of sugar and nutmeg; bake till edges of bread are slightly brown and apples are tender; serve at once.

Checkerboard Cake.

Light part, one-half cup sugar, whites of two eggs, two-thirds cup cream, one-fourth cup water, one teaspoon flavoring, flour to make a medium stiff batter. Dark part, one-half cup sugar, yolks of two eggs, two-thirds cup of cream, one-fourth cup water, two tablespoons chocolate and flour to make a stiff batter. Bake in round cake tins, first a strip of the dark batter around pan at out edge, then a light ring, then dark, etc., until pan is covered. The next pan start with light batter. This, when cake is put together brings light and dark together, forming square checks.

Tin Scrub Bucket.

The most convenient scrub bucket is a light one made of galvanized tin, with a wide, flaring top. The bucket should be fitted with a wire soap tray at one side, for often the soap is wasted when left floating in the water, or there is no convenient place to put it while scrubbing. Holes can be punctured in the bucket and the wire tray fastened with wire or heavy cord. Again, the soap may be kept in the tray and always be convenient when needed.

Potato Apples.

Two cupfuls of hot mashed potatoes, two tablespoonfuls of butter, one-third cupful of grated cheese, one-half teaspoonful of salt, a few grains of cayenne, a little grated nutmeg, two tablespoonfuls of thick cream and yolks of two eggs. Mix ingredients in order given and beat thoroughly. Shape as small apples. Roll in flour, egg and crumbs. Fry in deep fat and drain on brown paper. Insert a clove at both stem and blossom end.

New Relish.

Grate an apple into your horse radish, and you will have as fine a relish as you could possibly wish.

EXHAUSTION OF THE SOIL

Prof. E. H. Farrington of Wisconsin Agricultural College, in speaking of Soil Exhaustion, made a very interesting statement regarding the selling of dairy products from the farm as compared with selling the grain productions directly off the farm. Here is what he says:

"There is a great difference in the amount of soil fertility removed from the farm by selling crops as compared with the selling of cream and butter. The constituents of the soil that become most easily exhausted by farming operations are the nitrogen, the phosphoric acid and the potash. These each have a market value per pound and can be bought in commercial fertilizers. They are also contained in farm manure.

"An analysis of different crops and of milk, butter and cheese will show how much of these various constituents are removed from the farm when a certain quantity of these products are sold. For instance, by using the same prices per pound for the following crops, etc., we find that the fertilizing constituents taken from the soil when one ton of hay is sold from the farm have a value of \$4.34, one ton of corn \$5.36, one ton of wheat \$6.63, one ton of milk \$2.17, one ton of skim-milk \$2.31, one ton of butter 49 cents, one ton of whey \$4 cents, and one ton of cheese \$14.19. The value of each ton of these different products is well known. For instance, the ton of hay may be sold for \$20.00, while the ton of butter is worth \$600.00, and a ton of cheese \$200.00. These figures show, however, that if the crops raised on the farm are fed to the cows and either cream or butter only is sold, then for every \$600.00 worth of butter only 50 cents worth of fertility is drawn from the farm."

In encouraging the farmers to engage in dairying, Prof. Farrington says:

"Dairying keeps up the fertility of the soil as already explained.

"Skim-milk is very valuable to the farmer not only for the reasons given, but because it is profitable for a farmer to become a stock raiser—that is, raise calves, pigs, poultry, etc., rather than a crop producer and a seller of grain.

"Dairy products, butter and cheese, are not bulky to market, being much more concentrated and the cost of transportation less than it is for hay, grain, etc.

"Dairying utilizes waste land, such as stony pastures, timber and swamp land, which may be used for pasturing the cows if these are kept, but which otherwise would give no returns.

"Dairying gives profitable employment during the entire year and idleness is not good for either man or beast."

A visit to the National Dairy Show at Chicago, October 24th to November 2nd next, will give every one a short course in dairying that cannot be equalled anywhere in the world, and all such matters as here discussed by Prof. Farrington will be illustrated by the world's experts in every branch of the dairy industry. Opportunities to view the best representatives on American soil of the leading dairy cattle, and meet the men who are devoting their lives to the advancement of the dairy industry is here afforded.

Everything will be shown in a big, broad, educational way that all may be enabled to keep abreast of the most modern methods in appliances and the best results in breeding and feeding dairy cattle, and preparing for market and the marketing of all dairy products. Adv.

Point for Sherlock Holmes.

Somebody wondered how long a certain woman who had just left the room had been married.

"About 15 years," said the jeweler. "How do you know?" asked the jeweler's wife. "You never saw her until tonight."

"I can tell by the size of her wedding ring," he replied. "The width of wedding rings change about every five years. The kind she wears was in style 15 years ago."

Important to Mothers

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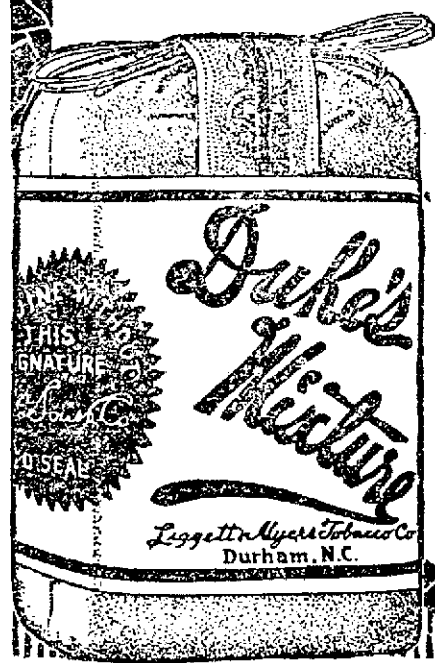
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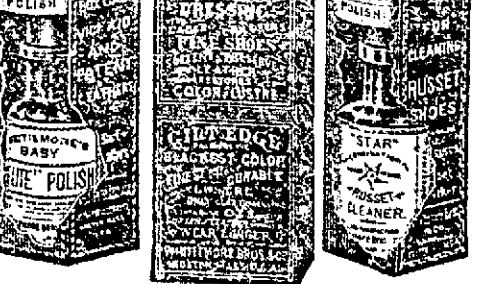
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MY LADY OF DOUBT

BY RANDALL PARRISH

Author of "Love Under Fire," "My Lady of the North," etc.

Illustrations by HENRY THIEDE

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SYNOPSIS.

Main: Lawrence, son of Judge Lawrence, of Virginia, whose wife was a lady, is sent on a perilous mission by Gen. Washington, just after the winter at Valley Forge. Disguised in a British uniform, Lawrence arrives within the enemy's lines. The Major attacks a great foe and saves the "Lady of the Blended Rose" from mob. He later meets the girl at a brilliant ball. Trouble is started over a waltz, and Lawrence is urged by his partner, Misses Mortimer (The Lady of the Blended Rose), to make his escape. Lawrence is devoted as a spy to Captain Grant of the British Army, who agrees to a duel.

CHAPTER VI.

The One Hope.

As he stopped and faced about, I as instantly halted.

"Perhaps this spot may satisfy your requirements," he said sarcastically. "This far enough away at least, and the light is not so bad."

"It will do," I replied, and threw my scarlet jacket on the grass. "Strip to the white, sir, and then we can see fairly well where to strike. That's better. On guard!"

He came at me fiercely enough, confident of his mastery of the weapon, and, no doubt, expecting me to prove an easy victim of his skill. His first onslaught, a trick thrust under my guard, caused me to give back a step or two, and this small success yielded him the over-confidence I always prefer that an opponent have. I was young, agile, cool-headed, instructed since early boyhood by my father, a rather famous swordsman, in the mysteries of the game, yet I preferred that Grant should deem me a novice. With this in mind, and in order that I might better study the man's style, I remained strictly on defense, giving way slightly before the confident play of his steel, content with barely turning aside the gleaming point before it pricked me. At first he mistook this for weakness, sneering at my parries, as he bore in with increasing recklessness.

"A club would be more in your line, I take it, Mr. Lieutenant Fortesque," he commented sarcastically, "but I'll play with you a while for practice—ah! that was a lucky turn of the wrist! So you do know a trick or two? Perhaps you have a parry for that thrust as well! Ah! an inch more and I'd have pricked you—your defense is not bad for a boy! By all the gods, I tasted blood then—now I'll give you a harder nut to crack!"

I was fighting silently, with lips closed, husbanding my breath, scarcely hearing his comments. Every stroke, every thrust, gave me insight of his school, and instinctively my blade leaped forth to turn aside his point. He was a swordsman, stronger than I, and of longer reach, yet his tricks were old, and he relied more on strength than subtlety of fence. He countered with skill, laughing and



I Had Gained a Hundred Feet Before Those Behind Me Had Grasped the Meaning of My Unexpected Flight.

taunting me, until his jeers made me fight grimly, with fresh determination to end the affair.

"By God! you have a right pretty thrust from the shoulder," he exclaimed. "Been out before, I take it. But I'll show you something you never learned. Odds, I'll call your boy's play!"

"Better hold your breath, for you'll need it now," I replied shortly. "The boy's play is over with."

Step by step I began sternly to force the fighting, driving my point against him so relentlessly as to hush his speech. Twice we circled, striking, countering, fighting, our blades glit-

terling ominously in the starlight, our breathing labored with the fierceness of the fighting. Both our swords tasted blood, he slicing my forearm, I piercing his shoulder, yet neither wound sufficed to bring any cessation of effort. We were mad now with the fever of it, and struggling to kill, panting fiercely, our faces flushed, the perspiration dripping from our bodies, our swords darting swiftly back and forth. He was my match, and more, and, had we been permitted to go on to the end, would have worn me down by sheer strength. Suddenly, above the clash of steel, came the sound of voices; our blades were struck up, and the dark forms of men pressed in between us.

"Stop it, you hotheads!" some one commanded gruffly. "Hold your man, Tolston, until I get at the reason for this fighting. Who are you? Oh, Grant! What's the trouble now? The old thing, eh?"

I had no desire to wait his answer, confident that Grant was sufficiently angry to blurt out everything he knew. They were all facing his way, actuated by the recognition. Breathless still, yet quick to seize the one and only chance left, I grabbed up my jacket from the grass, and sprang into the darkness. I had gained a hundred feet before those behind grasped the meaning of my unexpected flight, and then the tumult of voices only sent me flying faster, realizing the pursuit. The only open passage led directly toward the river, and I raced through the black night down the slope as though all the fiends of hell were after me. I heard shouts, oaths, but there was no firing, and was far enough ahead to be invisible by the time I attained the bank. An open barge lay there, a mere black smudge, and I stumbled blindly across this, dropping silently over its side into the water. It was not thought, but breathless inability to attempt more, which kept me there, clinging to a slat on the side of the barge, so completely submerged in the river, as to be invisible from above. Swearing fiercely, my pursuers stormed over the barge, swinging their swords along the edges to be sure I was not there. One blade pricked me slightly, but I held on, sinking yet deeper into the stream. I could see the dim outline of heads peering over, but was not discovered. The same gruff voice which had interrupted the duel broke through the noise:

"I tell you he turned to the left; I saw him plainly enough. What did you say the fellow's name was, Grant?"

"How do I know? He called himself Fortesque."

"Sure; the same one Carter was sent out hunting after. Well, he dodged down there among those coal sheds. This is the only way he could have disappeared so suddenly. Come on, all of you, except Moore and Cartaret, and we'll beat the shore."

I heard them scramble across to the bank, but there were sounds also proving the guards left behind were still on the deck above me. Then one of the fellows sat down on the edge of the barge, his feet dangling within a few inches of my head.

"Might as well take it easy, Bill," he said lazily. "They're like to be an hour layin' hands on the lad, an' all we got to do is see he don't fox back this way. Got any tobacco, mate?"

The other must have produced the necessary weed, for there was a scraping of flint and steel, a gleam of fire glinting on the water, and then the pungent odor waited to me in puff of smoke. With one hand, I unbuckled my sword belt, letting it, sword and all, sink silently into the river. I must cross to the opposite bank somehow, and would have to dispense with the weapon. Inch by inch, my fingers gripping the narrow slat to which I clung, I worked slowly toward the stern of the barge, making not so much as a ripple in the water, and keeping well hidden below the bulge of the side. The voices above droned along in conversation, of which I caught a few words.

"Who was he? You mean the lad they're after down yonder? Oh, I mind now, you came up later after we'd started the chase. Holy Mother, I don't know much myself, now I come to think of it. He looked like a Britisher, what I saw of him, an' he was fightin' with a Captain of Rangers—Grant was the name; maybe you know the man?—behind one of the stands." "They'll never get him," returned the other solemnly.

"Because it's my motion he swum

for it. I was closest down the bank, an' somethin' hit the water."

"But them's the Jerseys over yonder; if he was a spy he'd be headin' the other way."

"It's little he'd think of the way with the gang of us yelpin' at his heels. Besides, there's plenty of his kind over in those Jerseys who'd take good care of the likes of him."

"But there's a guard stationed across yonder."

"Pish, a corporal's squad, just about opposite at the ferry landin', an' a company of Yagers down at Gloucester. There's plenty room between for a bold lad to find free passage."

The two fell silent, staring out over the water. They had set me thinking, however, and this knowledge of where the British pickets were stationed was exactly the information I most required. I had no desire to cross the Delaware, yet apparently in that direction lay the only remaining avenue of escape.

At the lower end of the float I managed to silently remove my boots, and then waited, listening to the movements of the men above. I must have clung there ten minutes, expecting every moment the party scouring the shore would return, yet not daring to make the venture with those fellows slitting there, and silently gazing out across the water. At last I heard them get to their feet, and tramp about on the flat deck of the barge, the low murmur of their voices reaching me, although words were indistinguishable. I could hope for no better time. Filling my lungs with air, I sank below the surface of the river, and then, rising, struck boldly out into the full sweep of the current.

CHAPTER VII.

The Blacksmith.

I had come up gasping for breath, well out in the stream, either shore a mere darker shadow showing above the water. How far I had been swept below the barge could not be guessed, as I could distinguish no outlines clearly, excepting the bare spars of a vessel, tied up to the west shore. As this ship had not been in sight previously I concluded the drift had been greater than anticipated, and I struck out quickly toward the opposite bank, fearful lest I be borne down as far as Gloucester before I could finally make land. It was a hard swim across the swift current, and I was nearly exhausted when I finally crept up the low bank, and lay dripping and panting in the shelter of some low bushes. Except for the bark of a distant dog there was no sound more disturbing than the rustle of leaves, and the lapping of water. As my breath came back I sat up, wrung out my clothes as best I could, and, with difficulty, drew on the boots I had borne across, slung to my shoulder.

I possessed but a dim conception of where I was, yet knew I must make a wide detour to the east so as to escape British foraging parties.

I must have plodded doggedly along through the darkness for fully five miles, without perceiving the first sign of habitation, or even a wood into which I could crawl for concealment, when I suddenly came upon a long, one-story stone building standing at the left of the road, a grim, silent, apparently deserted structure, one end of the roof caved in, and several of the windows smashed. I tried the doors, but they appeared firmly fastened. Far in the east there was a faint lightening of the sky promising the approach of dawn, and thus aroused to a knowledge that I must immediately attain shelter, I clambered through one of the broken windows, and dropped to the earthen floor within. I could see nothing, not even a hand held before my eyes, yet carefully felt my way forward through a tangle of rubbish, wheels, scraps of iron, some casks, a number of plough handles, and a rafter of stuff I could not make out. The place had evidently been used as a repair shop, but must have been closed for months, as I could feel the grit of dust everywhere, and cobwebs brushed against my face as I moved about. Finally I felt the outlines of a large box half filled with paper, and, for want of something better, crept in and snuggled down, intending to rest there until daylight should reveal my surroundings.

I was warm enough now, my clothing practically dry, but thoroughly tired from the long tramp over the dark road, and exhausted by the excitement through which I had passed. Even my mind seemed dulled, and it

appeared useless to think or plan. I had not intended to sleep, yet drowsiness came, and I lost consciousness.

I know not what aroused me, but it was already daylight, a gleam of sun through the windows turning the festooned cobwebs into golden tapestry. One side of the box in which I lay had been broken out, and I could see the full length of the shop, which appeared littered from end to end with all manner of implements of husbandry, and woodworking and blacksmith's tools. All this I perceived with my first glance, but it was the distant sound of a voice which as instantly held my attention. At first I could not locate the speaker, nor comprehend the peculiar slingsong of the utterance. But as I lifted my head, listening intently, I knew the man to be beyond the wooden partition at my right, and that he was praying fervently. Somehow heartened by this discovery I crept out from the bed of papers, and stole silently forward to the narrow door which apparently led into this second apartment. The voice never ceased in its monotonous appeal, and I ventured to lift the latch, and take cautious glance through the slight opening.

It was a blacksmith shop of fair size, fully equipped with all the tools of the trade. The man was facing me, but with eyes closed, and uplifted, as his lips poured forth the fervent words of prayer. I was not a religious man in those days, yet the faith of my mother was not forgotten, and there was something of sincerity about that solitary kneeling figure I could not but respect. The words uttered, the deep resonant voice, and above all, the expression of that upturned face, held me silent, motionless. He was a man of short, sturdy limb, but great bulk, massive chest, and immense shoulders evidencing remarkable strength. What was this man, this praying blacksmith? A patriot surely, from his words of petition; one who had suffered much, but was willing to suffer more. The strength chiselled in that upturned face, those deeply marked features, revealed no common mental equipment. Here was a real man, with convictions, one who would die for an ideal; without doubt a radical, ready to go to any extreme where conscience blazed the way.

As he finally paused, his head bowed low, I stepped forward into the light, confident of welcome, utterly forgetful of the uniform I wore. At the first faint sound of my approach on the floor he was upon his feet fronting me, the shortness of his limbs yielding him a certain grotesque appearance, his deep-set eyes regarding me suspiciously. Before I could realize the man's intent he sprang between me and the outer door, his hand gripping an iron bar.

"A son of Baal!" came the roar from his lips. "How came ye here in that uniform? Are you alone?"

"Alone, yes," and I hurled the scar-

"Only my word of honor. I had a pass from Hamilton, but destroyed that before entering the British lines. If I tell the whole story, perhaps you will understand its truth."

The expression of his face did not change, yet I thought the deep-set eyes were not altogether unkind.

"You are hungry, no doubt?"

"Being human, yes."

"Then we'll eat and talk at the same time. You're only one man, an' I'm not afraid of you, an' if ye are a Britisher I wouldn't starve you to death. There's little enough, the good Lord knows, but you're welcome to the half of it. Make yourself comfortable there on the bench."

He threw open a cupboard in one corner, and brought forth a variety of food, placing this upon a wide shelf near at hand.

"Help yourself," he began gravely. "It is rough camp fare, but doubtless you are used to that. Do you know me?"

I scanned his face again intently, surprised by the question, yet recognized no familiar features.

"No," I replied, with some hesitation. "Have we ever met before?"

"Not to my remembrance," and the man's language and accent evidenced education above his apparent station. "But I have won some repute in this part of the Jerseys, an' thought my name might be known to you. You would recognize the signature of George Washington?"

"I have seen it often."

He drew a flat leather case from a pocket inside his shirt, extracting therefrom a folded paper, which he opened, and extended to me across the table. With a glance I mastered the few lines written thereon, recognizing its genuineness.

"Hamilton penned that," I said in quick surprise, "and it is signed by Washington's own hand."

The deep-set eyes twinkled.

"Right," he said shortly, "that bit of paper may save me from hangin' some day. There are those who would like well to see me swing if they only laid hands on me at the right time and place. You know what the paper is?"

"A commission as Captain," and I bent over it again, "issued to Daniel Farrell, giving him independent command of scouts—by heavens! are you 'Bull' Farrell?"

He was eating quietly, but found time to answer.

"There are those who call me by that nickname; others give me even a worse handle. 'T is my nature to make enemies faster than friends. You know me then?"

"I was with Maxwell at Germantown," the remembrance of the scene coming vividly to mind, "when you came up with your ragged fellows. You have certainly taught them how to fight."

"There was no teaching necessary; all the trouble I ever have is in hold-

Appointed Day of Judgment.
A horse dealer in an English town had lent a horse to a solicitor, who killed the animal through bad usage. The dealer insisted on payment, and the lawyer, refusing cash, said he would give a bill for the amount, but it must be at a long date. The lawyer drew a promissory note, making it payable on the day of judgment. An action was raised, and the lawyer asked the sheriff to look at the bill. Having done so, the sheriff replied: "This is the day of judgment. I decree you to pay tomorrow."

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"Finally a friend suggested Cuticura Remedies, so I sent for a sample to see what they would do, when to my surprise after a few applications I could see an improvement, and he would rest better. I bought a box of Cuticura Ointment and a cake of Cuticura Soap and before I had them half used my baby was cured. His head is now covered with a luxuriant growth of hair and his complexion is admired by everybody and has no disfigurements." (Signed) Mrs. Annie Saunders, Sept. 29, 1911.

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The Language.

"I'm going to whip that child." "No, you're not! It's my child. Now, beat it!"

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FOR COUGHS AND COLDS



"How Came Ye Here?"

let jacket into the dirt with a gesture of disgust. "I had even forgotten I wore it. Wait a moment. I heard your prayer, and know you must be with us. I am Major Lawrence of the Maryland Line."

He stared at me motionless.

"Then how come ye here?"

"I was sent into Philadelphia by Washington himself, but my identity was discovered, and there was no way to escape except across the Delaware. I reached here during the night, and crept into your shop to hide. The sound of your voice awoke me from sleep, and I knew from your words that it was safe for me to come forth."

"You may know it, young man, but I don't," he replied gruffly. "We're a bit suspicious of strangers here in the Jerseys these days. The minions of Satan encompass us about. What have ye to show to prove your story?" I shook my head, extending my

ing them back," his face darkening. "Every man who rides with me knows what war means here in the Jerseys; they have seen their homes in flames, their women and children driven out by Hessian hirelings. We fight for life as well as liberty, and when we strike we strike hard. But enough of that. We have sufficient confidence in each other by now to talk freely. What did you discover in Philadelphia? No more than I could tell you myself, I'll warrant."

I told the story, while he listened silently, his eyes alone expressing interest. As I ended, he slowly lit his pipe, and sat there smoking, apparently thinking over what I had said.

"Have I learned anything of importance?" I asked finally.

"For Washington, yes; but very little unknown to me. So you met Mistress Claire, eh? The little miss! 'T is a month since I heard of her."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)